GOLDMAN SACHS PARAPLUFONDS 2 N.V.

Semi-annual Report 2024

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1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Manager/Executive Board

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. Prinses Beatrixlaan 35 2595 AK The Hague, the Netherlands Internet: https://am.gs.com

Board members of the Executive Board of Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

P. den Besten M.C.M. Canisius G.E.M. Cartigny B.G.J. van Overbeek E.J. Siermann

Depositary

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam Branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

Fund Agent

ING Bank N.V. Bijlmerplein 888 1102 MG Amsterdam The Netherlands

Banker

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV Boulevard Anspachlaan 1 1000 B-Brussels Belgium

Transfer Agent

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam Branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

2.1 General information

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. ('the Fund') is an investment fund with variable capital. The Fund has its head office in The Hague, has its registered office in Amsterdam and is listed in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.

The Fund does not have any employees. The Fund is managed by Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V ('GSAM BV'), which is licensed by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets ('Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten', also referred to as 'AFM') under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV. All shares in GSAM BV are held by Goldman Sachs Asset Management International Holdings B.V. Both entities are part of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as 'Goldman Sachs').

Goldman Sachs is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and qualifies as a bank holding company under US law. Goldman Sachs is a globally operating financial institution which – by means of a substantial variety of leading companies and subsidiaries – offers (integrated) financial services to private individuals, companies and institutions.

The AFM and the central bank of the Netherlands (De Nederlandsche Bank N.V. also referred to as 'DNB') act as supervisors. The AFM is charged with conduct supervision on the grounds of the Wft. Prudential supervision is performed by DNB.

The reporting structure of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. and its included Sub-funds is organized as follows:

- This report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. contains aggregate information of all the Sub-funds included in Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.
- The more detailed information regarding the investment portfolios and individual share classes is included in the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds. The semi-annual reports of the individual Sub-funds are provided in the appendix.
- In addition, the semi-annual reports are published at the level of the individual Sub-funds. The semi-annual reports of the respective Sub-funds are available on the website of the manager.

The semi-annual report for the year 2024 of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. consists of the semi-annual report of the umbrella fund, as included in this report, as well as the separate semi-annual reports for each Sub-fund, as included in the appendix of this report. The semi-annual report of the umbrella fund contains specific references to the individual semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, that are part of the semi-annual report of the umbrella fund.

2.2 Key figures

For an overview of the key figures per share class per Sub-fund, we refer to the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

2.3 Fund information

For Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V., both an annual report and a semi-annual report are prepared. Additionally, a monthly update is published for each Sub-fund, providing current information including performance figures, portfolio allocations, and the largest investments within the Sub-fund.

A prospectus is available with comprehensive information about the structure, profile, and investment policy of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. and its Sub-funds.

For each Share Class, a Key Investor Document (Essentiële Informatiedocument) has been prepared, providing information on the Share Class(es) of the Fund, ongoing costs, and risks. Please read it before purchasing shares in a Share Class of the Fund. Do not take unnecessary risks; read the Key Investor Document.

Financial information, prospectus, Key Investor Document, and other important information are published on the website of the manager.

2.4 Objective

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. aims to provide investors with an investment opportunity in an actively and professionally managed portfolio of financial instruments. The investment policy of the Sub-funds is designed to achieve the highest possible total return over the long term, based on diversification and within the objectives and established risk profiles. For the specific objectives of each Sub-fund, please refer to the semi-annual report of the respective Sub-fund, as included in the appendix.

2.5 Investment policy

Each Sub-fund may invest in parties affiliated with the Fund's manager, as well as (directly and indirectly) in other UCITS and investment funds. The Sub-funds will invest their assets to achieve the best possible results. Additionally, a portion of the assets may be held in liquid funds.

The specific investment policy of each Sub-fund is included in the Sub-funds' annual report, as provided in the appendix.

The manager applies Sub-fund-specific criteria for responsible investing. These criteria reflect the manager's investment beliefs and values, relevant legislation, and internationally recognized standards. The manager aims, where legally possible, not to invest in issuers involved in activities including, but not limited to, the development, production, maintenance, or trade of controversial weapons, tobacco production, coal mining for electricity production, and oil sands extraction. Additionally, further restrictions may apply to Sub-funds with sustainable investment objectives.

With respect to investments in third-party UCITS and/or investment funds (including ETFs and index funds), the aforementioned investment restrictions cannot be imposed on these UCITS and/or investment funds.

2.6 Risk profile

Investing in Sub-funds of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. involves financial opportunities as well as financial risks. The value of the investments can both increase and decrease, and shareholders of Sub-funds may potentially receive back less than they initially invested. Diversification of investments is expected to have a mitigating effect on these risks. For more insight in the fund specific risks in 2024, we refer to the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

2.7 Outsourcing

Where a Sub-fund has outsourced management activities, this is detailed in the semi-annual report of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

Outsourcing of fund accounting

The manager of the Fund has outsourced the accounting function to The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV. This outsourcing relates to, among others, the calculation of the net asset value, maintaining accounting records and processing of and executing payments. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of these services.

Outsourcing of financial reporting

The manager of the Fund, has outsourced the preparation of multiple financial reports, including the (semi-)annual reports of the Dutch GSAM funds, to DM Financial Netherlands B.V. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of all financial reports.

2.8 Structure

The Fund is an open-end investment company with variable capital as described in Article 76a of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Except in special circumstances, the Fund may in principle issue or redeem shares on any business day.

The Fund is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ("UCITS") within the meaning of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). GSAM BV acts as manager of the Fund as defined in Section 1:1 of the Wft and in that capacity holds a license as defined in Section 2:69b(1), preamble and part (a) of the Wft from the AFM.

The Fund has an umbrella structure, which means that the ordinary shares are divided into various series of shares, with each series of shares corresponding to a separate Sub-fund. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets held by the individual Sub-funds.

A Sub-fund is a segregated part of the capital of the Fund for which a separate investment policy is pursued. The Wft states that all standards directed in whole or in part towards the Fund are also applicable to the Sub-funds. The part of the assets of the Sub-fund to be paid into, or allocated to, each Fund is invested separately in accordance with a specific investment policy. Both gains and losses in the investment portfolio of a Sub-fund are credited or charged to the relevant Sub-fund.

The capital of a Sub-fund is segregated and subject to a statutory priority arrangement. Consequently, the assets of a Sub-fund may only be used to pay liabilities connected to the management and safe-keeping of the Sub-fund and the shares in that Sub-fund.

A Sub-fund is divided into one or more Share Classes. The Share Classes within the Sub-fund may differ in terms of cost and fee structure, the minimum amount of initial investment, demands on the quality of the investors, the currency in which the net asset value is expressed, etc.

The following share classes are present within the Sub-funds during the reporting period :

- Share Class P: A listed share class intended for private (non-professional) investors.
- Share Class U: A share class intended for insurers approved by the manager for the purpose of capital accumulation.

We refer to the notes to the balance sheet under 'Net asset value' for the distribution of the authorised capital and issued capital per share class in the Sub-funds.

2.9 Tax aspects

The Fund has the status of a fiscal investment institution (FBI) as defined in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. The Fund is established to meet the conditions of a fiscal investment institution as referred to in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. A fiscal investment institution is subject to a special corporate income tax rate of 0%. If the Fund does not meet the conditions, the status of fiscal investment institution will generally be revoked retroactively to the beginning of the year, and the Fund will be subject to normal corporate income tax. The manager ensures, to the extent possible, that the Fund always complies with the conditions set forth in the law and in the Investment Institution Decree.

One of the key conditions is that the Fund must distribute the distributable result to the shareholders within eight months after the end of the financial year (distribution obligation). A positive balance of price gains on securities and a positive balance related to the disposal of other investments (both realized and unrealized), after deducting a proportional share of the costs associated with the management of the investments, is added to the so-called reinvestment reserve and does not fall under the distribution obligation. Additionally, under certain conditions, the Fund can form a rounding reserve of up to 1% of the paid-up capital, which can partially suspend the distribution obligation

The Fund generally withholds 15% dividend tax on dividend distributions. Under certain circumstances, a distribution from the reinvestment reserve may also take place without withholding dividend tax. It may occur that the Fund needs to subject share repurchases to dividend tax. Additionally, under certain circumstances, the Fund may choose to withhold dividend tax on the repurchase of shares from its shareholders.

When the Fund is required to withhold dividend tax, it may, under certain circumstances, apply a reduction to the portion that actually needs to be remitted to the tax authorities (reduction of remittance). The amount of the reduction of remittance is determined by the Dutch dividend tax and foreign withholding tax withheld from the Fund (up to a maximum of 15%). Regarding the reclaimable reduction of remittance related to the withheld foreign withholding tax, there is a limitation for Dutch legal entities exempt from corporate income tax participating in the Fund, or for foreign entities participating in the Fund that are entitled to a refund of Dutch dividend tax under Dutch law or a treaty or agreement for the avoidance of double taxation.

2.10 Depositary of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.

The assets of the Fund are in the safe-keeping of The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch, as the depositary of the Fund (the 'depositary').

The shareholders' equity of the depositary amounts to at least € 730,000.

The manager and depositary of the Fund have entered into a written agreement relating to management and depositary services. The main elements of this agreement are the following:

- The depositary ensures that the cash flows of the Fund are properly controlled and in particular that all payments by or on behalf of investors during the subscription for shares have been received and that all cash of the Fund has been recorded in cash accounts in the name of the Fund or in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the Fund, opened with (in principle) an entity as described in Article 18(1)(a), (b) and (c) of European Directive 2006/73/EC (a credit institution or a bank authorised in a third country).
- The assets of the Fund consisting of financial instruments are entrusted to the depositary. The depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be registered on a financial instruments account in the books of the depositary, on separate accounts in the name of the Fund. In addition, the depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the depositary.
- For the other assets of the Fund, the depositary determines whether the Fund is the owner of these assets based on information or documents provided by the manager or based on other external evidence. The depositary keeps a register for these other assets.
- The depositary ensures that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares in the Fund take place in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary ensures that the value of the shares in the Fund is calculated in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary carries out the instructions of the manager, unless they conflict with Dutch law or the Articles of Association of the Fund.
- The depositary ensures that the equivalent value of the transactions involving the assets of the Fund is transferred to the Fund by the usual deadlines.
- The depositary ensures that the income of the Fund is allocated in accordance with Dutch law and the Articles of Association of the Fund.

In the context of depositary services, the depositary acts in the interest of the Fund as well as the investors in the Fund.

2.11 Developments during the reporting period

For insights into the developments in 2024, we refer to the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

2.12 Other aspects

For more insight in the fund specific developments in 2024, we refer to the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

3. SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2024

(For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024)

3.1 Balance sheet

Before appropriation of the result

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Investments			
Bonds and other fixed income securities	3.5.1	105,644	115,195
Investment funds	3.5.2	692,144	665,164
Equity futures	3.5.3	832	935
Interest futures	3.5.5	1,294	2,796
Total investments		799,914	784,090
Receivables	3.5.8		
Receivable for investment transactions		4,238	-
Interest receivable		954	1,206
Receivable from shareholders		197	-
Other receivables		2,526	1,417
Total receivables		7,915	2,623
Other assets	3.5.9		
Cash and cash equivalents		6,463	3,150
Total other assets		6,463	3,150
Total assets		814,292	789,863
Net asset value	3.5.10		
Issued capital		3,801	3,970
Share premium		285,528	319,296
Other reserves		453,849	374,436
Undistributed result		59,929	89,949
Total net asset value		803,107	787,651
Investments with negative market value	ue		
Equity futures	3.5.4	25	-
Interest futures	3.5.5	282	42
Total investments with negative mark	et value	307	42
Short term liabilities	3.5.11		
Payable to shareholders		102	1,553
Other short term liabilities		10,776	617
Total short term liabilities		10,878	2,170
Total liabilities		814,292	789,863

3.2 Profit and loss statement

For the period 1 January to 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
OPERATING INCOME			
Income of investments	3.6.1		
Dividend		6,241	7,896
Interest from investments		1,252	1,374
Revaluation of investments			
Realized revaluation of investments		13,731	7,352
Unrealized revaluation of investments		40,760	34,745
Other results	3.6.2		
Foreign currency translation		33	-234
Interest other		149	14
Subscription and redemption fee		19	20
Other income		461	440
Total operating income		62,646	51,607
OPERATING EXPENSES	3.6.3		
Operating costs		2,715	2,627
Interest other		2	-
Total operating expenses		2,717	2,627
Net result		59,929	48,980

3.3 Cash flow statement

For the period 1 January to 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000 Reference	2024	2023
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of investments	-92,602	-164,827
Sales of investments	127,296	173,812
Dividend received	6,241	7,896
Interest on investments received	1,504	1,736
Other results	-499	-660
Other interest paid	-2	-
Operating cost paid	-2,758	-2,601
Total cash flow from investment activities	39,180	15,356
KASSTROOM UIT FINANCIERINGSACTIVITEITEN		
Proceeds from subscriptions of shares	12,363	19,309
Payments for redemptions of shares	-47,948	-29,550
Subscription and redemption fee received	19	20
Dividend paid	-334	-402
Total ash flow from financing activities	-35,900	-10,623
NET CASH FLOW	3,280	4,733
Foreign currency translation	33	-234
Change in cash and cash equivalents	3,313	4,499
Cash and cash equivalents opening balance	3,150	9,799
Cash and cash equivalents closing balance 3.5.9	6,463	14,298

3.4 Notes

3.4.1 General

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is an investment fund with variable capital. The Fund has its head office in The Hague, has its registered office in Amsterdam and is listed in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague. The Fund does not have any employees. The Fund is managed by Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is registered at the Chamber of Commerce under registration number 58858938.

The semi-annual financial statements are prepared under going concern principles and in accordance with the financial statement models for investment institutions as established by the legislator. The semi-annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with Title 9 Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Accounting Standard. Wording may be used that deviates from these models to better reflect the contents of the specific items. The 2024 semi-annual financial statement are prepared according to the same principles for the valuation of assets and liabilities, determination of results and cash flow statement as used for the 2023 annual financial statements.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is an open-end investment company, structured as an umbrella fund, whereby the ordinary shares of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are divided into various series, known as 'Sub-funds', in which investments can be made seperately. For further details, please refer to the 'Structure' section in the Board of directors' report. The semi-annual financial statements of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are a consolidation of the semi-annual financial statements of the underlying sub-funds.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets attributed to the individual Sub-funds. The semiannual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is available on the website of the fund manager.

When preparing the semi-annual financial statements, the manager uses estimates and judgments that can be essential to the amounts included in the semi-annual financial statements. If deemed necessary, the nature of these estimates and judgments, including the associated assumptions, are included in the notes to the semi-annual financial statements.

The semi-annual financial statements have not been audited by an independent auditor.

The functional currency of the Fund is the euro. The semi-annual financial statements are presented in thousands of euros, unless stated otherwise. Amounts in whole euros are denoted with a euro symbol (\in). The table below provides the key exchange rates relative to the euro.

Currency	Abbrevation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Australian Dollar	AUD	1.60482	1.61886
Brazilian Real	BRL	5.95307	5.36584
British Pound	GBP	0.84785	0.86651
Canadian Dollar	CAD	1.46657	1.45657
Chilean Peso	CLP	1,011.67	964.6582
Chinese Renminbi	CNY	7.82483	7.8656
Chinese Renminbi (offshore)	CNH	7.82483	7.8656
Colombian Peso	COP	4,441.58	4,279.34
Czech Koruna	CZK	25.046	24.6881
Danish Krone	DKK	7.45763	7.45444
Egyptian Pound	EGP	51.47713	34.16074
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	8.36771	8.62558
Hungarian Forint	HUF	394.93268	382.20861
Indian Rupee	INR	89.37225	91.92054
Indonesian Rupiah	IDR	17,550.25	17,008.01
Israeli Shekel	ILS	4.0376	3.97769
Japanese Yen	JPY	172.40506	155.73095
Kuwaiti Dinar	KWD	0.32875	0.33941
Malaysian Ringgit	MYR	5.05609	5.07578
Mexican Peso	MXN	19.59786	18.70638
New Zealand Dollar	NZD	1.75887	1.74464
Norwegian Krone	NOK	11.41172	11.21832
Peruvian Sol	PEN	4.10568	4.08999
Philippine Peso	PHP	62.81538	61.16901
Polish Zloty	PLN	4.30862	4.34366
Qatari Rial	QAR	3.90228	4.02197
Romanian Leu	RON	4.97728	4.97483
Russian Ruble	RUB	92.44029	98.75413
Saudi Riyal	SAR	4.02086	4.14237
Singapore Dollar	SGD	1.45254	1.45709
South African Rand	ZAR	19.57052	20.20094
South Korean Won	KRW	1,475.29	1,422.65
Swedish Krona	SEK	11.35021	11.13232
Swiss Franc	CHF	0.96312	0.92973
Taiwanese Dollar	TWD	34.76985	33.90169
Thai Baht	ТНВ	39.3313	37.70383
Turkish Lira	TRY	35.13638	32.62419
UAE Dirham	AED	3.93662	4.05702
US Dollar	USD	1.07177	1.10463

3.4.2 Securities lending

The Sub-funds are allowed to engage in securities lending techniques to generate additional income. During the reporting period, the Sub-funds did not engage in securities lending.

3.5 Notes to the balance sheet

The presented movement schedules cover to the period from 1 January through 30 June

3.5.1 Bonds and other fixed-income securities

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	115,195	126,712
Purchases	7,360	5,931
Sales	-13,364	-19,301
Revaluation	-3,547	2,033
Closing balance	105,644	115,375

For the composition of the bonds and other fixed income securities portfolio, we refer to the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

3.5.2 Investment Funds

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	655,164	604,559
Purchases	84,131	160,201
Sales	-115,968	-158,748
Revaluation	58,817	42,940
Closing balance	692,144	648,952

Overview of investment funds

The below table shows the investment funds in which the Sub-funds were invested at the end of the reporting period. The participation percentage included herein represents the interest in the respective share class of the investment fund in which the Sub-funds participate. The investment in Liquid Euro is held for cash management purposes.

At 30 June 2024

Fund name shares/pa	Number of articipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership - percentage	Value x € 1,000
Balans Mix II (NL) - Z	1	15,02	0,7%	-
Balans Mix III (NL) - Z	1	18,93	0,7%	-
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	6,502	6,284.31	89.6%	40,860
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	31,738	1,043.70	7.4%	33,125
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	2,160,253	34.67	40.5%	74,900
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised	1 110	4 197 46	3.5%	4 692
Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	1,118	4,187.46	3.5%	4,682
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,684,602	30.67	5.1%	51,669
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	71,589	196.18	9.8%	14,044
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	33,142	4,136.21	83.9%	137,081
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	6,672	5,075.89	28.7%	33,864
Goldman Sachs Euro Bond - I Cap EUR	5,574	533.31	0.7%	2,973
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	8,189	5,425.77	5.4%	44,432
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	4,581	7,632.77	19.3%	34,966

Fund name shares/p	Number of articipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership - percentage	Value x € 1,000
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap El	JR 1,306	14,199.54	8.9%	18,545
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	5,549	4,750.79	2.5%	26,363
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap El	JR 55,656	497.73	5.3%	27,702
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	95	962,641.86	11.4%	91,451
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	4,021	7,762.82	25.3%	31,212
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	20,239	1,045.81	1.1%	21,166
Mix Fonds (NL) - Z	1	14,45	0,6%	-
Opkomende Markten Fonds (NL) - Z	1	15,97	0,7%	-
Sovereign Bond Fund (NL) - Z	185,691	16.75	15.3%	3,109
Closing balance				692,144

At 31 December 2023

Fund name shares/par	Number of	Net asset value in €	Ownership -	Value x € 1,000
Balans Mix II (NL) - Z	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14.51	percentage 0.7%	x € 1,000
Balans Mix III (NL) - Z	1	17.71	0.7%	
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris			0.770	
Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	6,442	5,586.83	89.6%	35,991
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	33,760	1,033.61	7.7%	34,894
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	2,183,732	30.70	29.9%	67,046
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	1,118	4,180.00	3.5%	4,673
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,773,874	27.86	5.6%	49,418
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	69,178	178.31	25.9%	12,335
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	39,984	3,625.17	83.4%	144,946
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	6,665	4,803.75	28.0%	32,016
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	8,189	5,387.30	5.4%	44,118
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	4,739	6,904.37	20.5%	32,720
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	1,377	12,631.33	10.1%	17,393
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	5,452	4,808.50	2.5%	26,216
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap EUR	55,656	490.64	4.9%	27,308
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	111	830,418.40	13.2%	92,177
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	3,998	7,970.36	26.9%	31,864
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	11,623	1,024.97	0.5%	11,912
Mix Fonds (NL) - Z	1	13.95	0.6%	-
Opkomende Markten Fonds (NL) - Z	1	14.54	0.7%	-
Sovereign Bond Fund (NL) - Z	8,035	7.05	0.9%	137
Closing balance				665,164

3.5.3 Options purchased

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	-	-
Premium paid	-	251
Revaluation	-	-251
Closing balance	-	-

3.5.4 Equity futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	935	2,374
Expiration	-2,202	1,380
Revaluation	2,074	-3,568
Closing balance	807	186

3.5.5 Interest futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	2,754	2,693
Expiration	1,111	-4,511
Revaluation	-2,853	943
Closing balance	1,012	-875

3.5.6 Collateral

To mitigate counterparty risk for the Sub-fund, a collateral arrangement with the counterparty can be established for certain assets. The Sub-fund must determine the value of the received collateral on a daily basis and verify if additional collateral needs to be exchanged.

The collateral is typically provided in the form of:

- Cash and cash equivalents, usually referred to as cash collateral;Bonds issued or guaranteed by highly rated countries;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by prominent issuers and for which there is a sufficiently liquid market. Bonds issued by financial sector issuers are excluded due to correlation risk; or
- Shares admitted to or traded on a regulated market, provided that these shares are included in a major index.

The Sub-fund must ensure that it is able to enforce its rights to the collateral if an event occurs that requires its exercise. Therefore, the collateral must be available at all times, either directly or through the mediation of a prominent financial institution or a wholly-owned subsidiary of that institution, so that the Sub-fund can immediately seize or liquidate the collateralized assets if the counterparty fails to meet its obligations.

The Sub-fund will ensure that the collateral received from transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions meets the following conditions:

• The collateralized assets received are valued at market prices. To mitigate the risk of the collateral's value held by a Sub-fund being lower than the claim on the counterparty, a conservative markdown policy is applied. This collateral haircut is applied to collateral received in relation to (i) OTC derivatives, (ii) securities lending, and (iii) repo transactions. A markdown is a reduction applied to the value of collateralized assets and aims to absorb the volatility in the value of the collateral between two margin calls or during the required time to liquidate the collateral. This process includes a liquidity element in terms of remaining maturity and a credit quality element in terms of the rating of the security. The markdown policy takes into account the characteristics of the asset class involved, including the creditworthiness of the collateral issuer, the volatility of collateral prices, and potential currency mismatches. Markdowns applied to cash, high-quality government bonds, and corporate bonds typically range between 0% to 15%, and markdowns on equities range from 10% to 15%. Regulation also requires an additional 8% markdown to be applied when the currency unit of the collateral, if the collateral is a bond, differs

from the permitted currency units in the legal documentation for bilateral derivative transactions. In exceptional market conditions, a different markdown level may be applied. Under the agreement with the respective counterparty, which may or may not involve minimum booking amounts, it is intended that, for the purpose of the collateral haircut and if applicable, each received collateral is valued at an amount equal to or higher than the respective exposure of the counterparty;

- The received collateral for OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions must be sufficiently liquid so that they can be quickly sold at a price that deviates little from the pre-sale valuation;
- The collateralized assets are held by the Sub-fund's Custodian or by a sub-custodian provided that the Sub-fund's Custodian has transferred the custody of the collateral to such sub-custodian and that the Custodian remains liable for the collateral if the sub-custodian loses it;
- Collateral received in the context of transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions cannot be sold or provided as security to a third party during the term of the agreement. However, received cash collateral can be reinvested.

3.5.7 Investment by marketability

For further details per Sub-fund, we refer to the section 'Investments by marketability' in the semi-annual report 2024 of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

3.5.8 Receivables

All receivables have a remining maturity of less than one year.

Interest receivable

This concerns accrued, not yet received, interest on investments.

Receivables from shareholders

This concerns amounts receivable from participants for subscription to shares.

Other receivables

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Withholding tax*	2,415	1,300
Other receivables	111	117
Closing balance	2,526	1,417

* Withholding tax receivables have a maturity of less than one year, but it can take longer to receive the amounts causing them to stay on the balance sheet for a longer period.

3.5.9 Other assets

Cash and cash equivalents

This concerns freely available bank accounts, including a margin account related to future contracts. For the duration of the future contracts, the margin account is not fully available for use. The balance of the margin account varies depending on changes in the underlying value.

3.5.10 Net asset value

Authorized and issued capital

As of 30 June 2024, the authorized capital of the company amounts to 17,310 (31 December 2023: 17,310) and is divided into 10 preference shares and 20 series of ordinary shares, numbered from 1 to 20. Each series is divided into twelve share classes, designated by the letters P, N, I, U, B, G, Z, O, D, L, M and T. Both the ordinary shares and the preference shares have a nominal value of \in 0,20.

The preference shares of the Fund are held by Goldman Sachs Fund Holdings B.V.

The authorized capital and the issued capital are structured as follows:

Amounts	x € 1,000	Authorized capital	Issued capital	
Preference	e shares		-	-
Series	Name of Sub-fund	Share class		
Serie 1	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL)	Р	480	110
Serie 2	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL)	Р	1,760	520
	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL)	U	300	163
Serie 3	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL)	Р	3,440	1,108
Serie 4	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL)	Р	3,920	1,344
Serie 5	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL)	Р	1,440	556
Other serie	es and share classes		5,970	-
Total			17,310	3,801

Overview of net asset value per Sub-fund

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL)	15,440	15,982
Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL)	119,179	123,969
Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL)	221,642	220,982
Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL)	306,705	296,659
Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL)	140,141	130,059
Total	803,107	787,651

For the composition of the net asset value per share class within a Sub-fund, refer to the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

Movement schedule of net asset value

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2023	2023
Issued capital		
Opening balance	3,970	4,161
Subscriptions	36	98
Redemptions	-205	-157
Closing balance	3,801	4,102
Share premium		
Opening balance	319,296	352,727
Subscriptions	12,524	19,343
Redemptions	-46,292	-28,399
Closing balance	285,528	343,671
Other reserves		
Opening balance	374,436	532,790
Transfer from Undistributed result	89,949	-141,785
Dividends	-10,536	-16,569
Closing balance	453,849	374,436
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	89,949	-141,785
Transfer to Other reserves	-89,949	-141,785
Net result for the period	59,929	48,980
Closing balance	59,929	48,980
Total net asset value	803,107	771,189

Share premium is not freely distributable to shareholders for the part that needs to be considered as a legal reserve. This legal reserve concerns the revaluation reserve.

3.5.11 Short term liabilities

All short term liabilities have a remining maturity of less than one year.

Payable to shareholders

The concerns the amount payable for redemptions of shares.

Other short term liabilities

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Expenses payable	574	617
Dividend payable	10,202	-
Closing balance	10,776	617

3.5.12 Off-balance sheet rights and obligations

For a detailed breakdown per Sub-fund, we refer to the section 'Off-balance sheet rights and obligations' in the semiannual report 2024 of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

3.6 Notes to the profit and loss statement

3.6.1 Income from investments

Dividend

Dividend includes gross cash dividends earned, net of non-refundable foreign withholding tax and the compensation for loss of direct investment income on securities lending.

In addition, this may include the offsetting through reduction of Dutch and foreign withholding taxes, which is possible under the fiscal investment institution status of the Sub-fund with the Dutch tax authorities.

Interest from investments

This relates to interest income from investments.

3.6.2 Other results

Foreign currency translation

This concerns the foreign currency translation result on other balance sheet items.

Interest other

This relates to the interest accrued during the reporting period on cash and cash equivalents and margin accounts.

Subscription and redemption fee

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Subscription and redemption fee	19	20

This concerns the fees charged to shareholders for the subscription to or redemption of units of participation in a Sub-fund. This fee is calculated as a percentage-based entry or exit fee on the net asset value per share to protect existing shareholders of the Sub-funds and is beneficiary to the Sub-funds.

The fixed subscription and redemption fee is determined at Sub-fund level. The fee is calculated based on the actual average purchase and sale costs related to the securities in which the Sub-funds invest. For the specific percentage per Sub-fund, refer to the annual report of the Sub-funds as included in the appendix.

Whether a subscription fee or redemption fee is applied for this compensation, depends on whether the Sub-fund, taking into account all share classes, has a net inflow (resulting in a subscription fee) or net outflow (resulting in a redemption fee). Any surplus or deficit resulting from the actual costs of the Sub-funds deviating from the mentioned fee above will be beneficiary to or borne by the Sub-funds.

Other income

Other income includes revenues that are not directly generated from investment income. It also includes a reimbursement of the allocated costs related to investments in investment funds. These allocated costs are included in the (un)realized changes in the value of Investment Funds and are reimbursed for share classes with a Fixed Miscellaneous Fee or all-in fee, as these costs are included in the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee or all-in fee of the respective share class.

3.6.3 Operating expenses

Operating costs

Each share class within a Sub-fund has its own cost structure. For detailed information on the cost structure per share class per Sub-fund and the specific percentage for each share class per Sub-fund regarding the management fee, all-in fee, Fixed Miscellaneous Fee, and Other Costs, please refer to the semi-annual report of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Management fee	2,076	2,007
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	574	558
All-in fee	65	62
Total	2,715	2,627

The management fee, all-in fee, and Fixed Miscellaneous Fee represent a fixed percentage per year per share class of the Sub-fund, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value at the end of each day.

The Fixed Miscellaneous Fee serves as compensation for regular and/or ongoing expenses , and include the following costs: administration, reporting, asset custody, auditing, supervision, payment processing, publications, shareholder meetings, legal proceedings (including any class actions), costs related to collateral management activities (regarding the management of collateral), as well as external advisors and service providers such as the Fund Agent and the Transfer Agent, to the extent that these costs have been incurred. Where applicable, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee also includes regular and/or ongoing costs included in the value of investment funds and fee sharing.

The all-in fee includes the management fee, as well as regular and/or ongoing costs as outlined in the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee section above. Where applicable, the all-in fee also includes regular and/or ongoing costs embedded in the value of investment funds and fee sharing.

Interest other

This relates to the interest accrued during the reporting period on debts to credit institutions.

3.7 Other general notes

3.7.1 Subsequent events

For information regarding subsequent events, we refer you to the semi-annual report 2024 of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

4.1 Statutory provisions regarding appropriation of the result

According to Article 23 of the Articles of Association of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V., the Executive Board decides for each type of shares what part of the balance will be allocated to the additional reserve maintained for the relevant type. After the aforementioned addition, a dividend, in so far as possible, is paid on the priority shares equal to six per cent (6%) of the nominal value of these shares. There is no further distribution of profit on the priority shares the general meeting decides otherwise.

If the aforementioned balance of income and expenses is negative, the amount is deducted from the additional reserve that is maintained for the relevant type of shares.

4.2 Management interest

For detailed information on the interests of the Board Members at 30 June 2024 and 1 January 2024, refer to the semi-annual reports of the Sub-funds, as included in the appendix.

4.3 Special statutory rights

This concerns the rights of the holders of preference shares related to the nomination for appointment of Board Members, remuneration of Board Members, and prior approval of amendments to the articles of association or a decision to liquidate the company.

4.4 Preference shares

Goldman Sachs Fund Holdings B.V., established in The Hague, holds 10 preference shares in the capital of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.

The management board of Goldman Sachs Fund Holdings B.V. is ultimately responsible for the way the voting rights connected to the preference shares are exercised. At the end of the reporting period, the management board of Goldman Sachs Fund Holdings B.V. consisted of Mrs. T. Katgerman and Mrs. M.M.E. Thewessen.

Effective from 1 July 2024, Mrs. M.M.E. Thewessen has resigned as board member of Goldman Sachs Fund Holdings B.V. Effective from 2 July 2024, Mr. A.H.L.M. Philipsen has been appointed as board member of Goldman Sachs Fund Holdings B.V.

5. APPENDIX - SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS 2024 SUB-FUNDS

The semi-annual reports 2024 of all Sub-funds of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are included as an appendix. This includes the following funds:

- Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL)
- Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL)
- Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL)
- Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL)
- Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL)

GOLDMAN SACHS DYNAMIC MIX FUND I (NL)

Semi-annual Report 2024

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1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

(Sub-fund of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.)

Manager / Executive Board

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. Prinses Beatrixlaan 35 2595 AK The Hague, The Netherlands Internet: https://am.gs.com

Members of Executive Board Goldman Sachs Asset management B.V.

P. den Besten M.C.M. Canisius G.E.M. Cartigny B.G.J. van Overbeek E.J. Siermann

Depositary

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

Fund Agent

ING Bank N.V. Bijlmerplein 888 1102 MG Amsterdam The Netherlands

Banker

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV Boulevard Anspachlaan 1 1000 B-Brussels Belgium

Transfer Agent

The Bank of New York Mellon NV/SA, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

2.1 Key figures Share Class P

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
	6					
Net asset value (x 1,000)	€	15,440	15,982	16,914	23,559	21,119
Shares outstanding (number)		550,666	565,802	641,369	737,236	662,005
Net asset value per share	€	28.04	28.25	26.37	31.96	31.90
Transaction price	€	28.03	28.24	26.36	31.98	31.89
Dividend per share	€	0.23	0.35	0.27	0.31	0.38
Net performance Share Class	%	0.07	8.51	-16.65	1.15	4.46
Performance of the index	%	0.31	8.26	-16.72	-0.11	4.49
Relative performance	%	-0.24	0.25	0.07	1.26	-0.03

2.2 Notes to the key figures

2.2.1 Reporting period

The key figures for 2024 relate to the positions at 30 June and the period from 1 January through 30 June. The key figures for the other years relate to the positions at 31 December and the period from 1 January through 31 December, unless stated otherwise.

2.2.2 Net asset value per share

The net asset value of each Share Class of the Sub-fund will be determined by the manager. The manager calculates the net asset value per Share Class each business day. The net asset value per share of each Share Class is determined by dividing the net asset value of a Share Class by the number of outstanding shares of that Share Class at the calculation date.

2.2.3 Transaction price

The transaction price of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is determined by the manager on each business day and is based on the net asset value per share of each Share Class with an upcharge (subscription fee) or discount (redemption fee) to cover the costs of purchase and sale of 'physical' investments. The subscription and redemption fee is for the protection of existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund. When no transaction has taken place on a business day, the transaction price is equal to the net asset value per share.

2.2.4 Net performance

The net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is based on the net asset value per share, taking into account any dividend distributions. The relative performance is the difference between the net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund and the performance of the index.

2.3 General information

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL) ('the Sub-fund') is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (refer to paragraph 2.9 Structure for more information). The semi-annual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (hereinafter referred to as the 'Fund') is available on the website of the manager.

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. ('GSAM BV'), located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund and is licensed by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets ('Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten', also referred to as 'AFM') under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV. All shares in GSAM BV are held by Goldman Sachs Asset Management International Holdings B.V. Both entities are part of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as 'Goldman Sachs').

Goldman Sachs is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and qualifies as a bank holding company under US law. Goldman Sachs is a globally operating financial institution which – by means of a substantial variety of leading companies and subsidiaries – offers (integrated) financial services to private individuals, companies and institutions.

The AFM and the central bank of the Netherlands ('De Nederlandsche Bank N.V.', also referred to as 'DNB') act as supervisors. The AFM is charged with conduct supervision on the grounds of the Wft. Prudential supervision is performed by DNB.

2.4 Objective

The Sub-fund aims to achieve a better overall long-term return than the index through active management.

2.5 Investment policy

The composition of Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL) will, in principle, show a long-term allocation of 90% fixed-income securities and 10% equities. As a result of tactical asset allocation, the equity component of the Sub-fund will fluctuate within a 10% bandwidth. This bandwidth applies to both potential overweight and underweight positions.

The Sub-fund is actively managed to invest in financial instruments with an attractive risk-return profile through a systematic investment process, applying deviation limits from the index. Consequently, the composition of the Sub-fund's investments may materially differ from that of the index, which represents a comprehensive view of the investment universe. The Sub-fund may invest in financial instruments not included in the index.

The Sub-fund will primarily invest 10% globally in equities, broadly defined to include claims, profit and founder's shares, as well as options, warrants for the acquisition or disposal of such securities, and other similar securities, along with other equity-like values and financial instruments with comparable risk and return characteristics. The investments are globally diversified across regions, countries, and sectors. The exact weighting of equities in the portfolio within the specified range depends on the manager's view and the resulting tactical asset allocation, and is therefore not constant.

Additionally, the Sub-fund will primarily invest 90% in fixed-income securities. The Sub-fund will pursue a combination within a broad spectrum of interest-related instruments. The Sub-fund may invest in, among other things, government bonds, corporate bonds, convertible bonds, so-called asset-backed securities, and money market instruments. These instruments can be denominated in both developed and emerging market currencies.

The Sub-fund promotes ecological and/or social characteristics as described in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (concerning disclosure of sustainability information in the financial services sector, which regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time).

The Sub-fund applies stewardship as well as an ESG integration approach and exclusion criteria regarding various activities. Additional information can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund does not commit to investing in taxonomy-aligned environmentally sustainable investments. However, it is possible for the Sub-fund to be exposed to underlying investments contributing to climate change mitigation and/or adaptation (including underlying investments facilitating or contributing to transition). Currently, the share of environmentally sustainable investments under the Taxonomy Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and Council of 18 June 2020 (establishing a framework to facilitate sustainable investments and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, which regulation may be amended from time to time) is estimated at 0% due to lack of reliable data.

The principle of "do no significant harm" only applies to the underlying investments of the financial product that consider the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The underlying investments of the remaining part of this financial product do not consider the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

The Sub-fund has the ability to hold investments both directly and indirectly—such as through exposure to relevant financial instruments via derivatives or investments in other investment funds.

The Sub-fund may use derivatives including options, futures, warrants, swaps, and forward foreign exchange contracts. These instruments can be utilized to hedge risks and manage the portfolio efficiently. This may involve leverage, which increases the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements. Derivative use ensures the portfolio as a whole remains within the investment restrictions. The risk profile relevant to the type of investor targeted by the Sub-fund does not change as a result of using these instruments.

In addition to the above, the following applies to the investment policy of the Fund:

- the fund's assets can be invested in both euros and foreign currencies;
- the Sub-fund may invest more than 35% of its invested assets in securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by the Netherlands, Germany, Italy, Spain, and France, or by a public body with regulatory authority in these member states, having obtained an exemption from the AFM in accordance with Article 136 paragraph 2 of the Financial Supervision (Behaviour of Financial Institutions) Decree;
- if deemed necessary by the manager, risks such as currency risks can be hedged against the index;
- to the extent that the assets are not invested in the aforementioned financial instruments, there is the possibility to invest in certain money market instruments (such as certificates of deposit and commercial paper), money market investment funds, or to hold them in the form of cash equivalents;
- additional income can be generated through "repurchase agreements" ("repos") and "lending transactions" (lending securities from the investment portfolio);
- subject to the provisions on leverage financing in the Prospectus, the expected maximum level of gross leverage (sum of nominal values) of the Sub-fund is 100%, and the expected maximum level of net leverage ("commitment" method) is 100%;
- the 'global exposure' of this Sub-fund is determined using the 'relative Value-at-Risk' method;
- the manager of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has the authority to enter into short-term loans as a borrower on behalf of the Sub-fund;
- transactions with related parties will be conducted on market-standard terms;
- the Sub-fund invests globally in financial instruments through securities exchanges and with counterparties approved by the manager. Major stock markets are located worldwide, with examples including New York, London, and Tokyo.

2.6 Dividend policy

The Sub-fund pursues an active dividend policy aimed at distributing the profit for each financial year no later than 8 months after the end of the financial year. Management may consider paying interim dividends or distributing more than the annual profit. The amount and frequency of distributions may vary from year to year and may be zero. Distributions may vary per Share Class as well as the payment method of the distribution.

2.7 Index

Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Aggregate (90%) and the MSCI AC World (NR) (10%).

2.8 Outsourcing

Outsourcing of fund accounting

The manager of the Fund has outsourced the accounting function to The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV. This outsourcing relates to, among others, the calculation of the net asset value, maintaining accounting records and processing of and executing payments. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of these services.

Outsourcing of financial reporting

The manager of the Fund, has outsourced the preparation of multiple financial reports, including the (semi-)annual reports of the Dutch GSAM BV funds, to DM Financial Netherlands B.V. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of all financial reports.

2.9 Structure

The Fund is an open-end investment company with variable capital as described in Article 76a of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Except in special circumstances, the Fund may in principle issue or redeem shares on any business day.

The Fund is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ('UCITS') within the meaning of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). GSAM BV acts as manager of the Fund as defined in Section 1:1 of the Wft and in that capacity holds a license as defined in Section 2:69b(1), preamble and part (a) of the Wft from the AFM.

The Fund has an umbrella structure, which means that the ordinary shares are divided into various series of shares, with each series of shares corresponding to a separate Sub-fund. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets held by the individual Sub-funds.

A Sub-fund is a segregated part of the capital of the Fund for which a separate investment policy is pursued. The Wft states that all standards directed in whole or in part towards the Fund are also applicable to the Sub-funds. The part of the assets of the Sub-fund to be paid into, or allocated to, each Fund is invested separately in accordance with a specific investment policy. Both gains and losses in the investment portfolio of a Sub-fund are credited or charged to the relevant Sub-fund.

The capital of a Sub-fund is segregated and subject to a statutory priority arrangement. Consequently, the assets of a Sub-fund may only be used to pay liabilities connected to the management and safe-keeping of the Sub-fund and the shares in that Sub-fund.

A Sub-fund is divided into one or more Share Classes. The Share Classes within the Sub-fund may differ in terms of cost and fee structure, the minimum amount of initial investment, demands on the quality of the investors, the currency in which the net asset value is expressed, etc.

Summary of the main characteristics per Share Class at 30-06-2024

Share Class P	
Investor type	This is a listed Share Class intended for private (non-professional) investors.
Legal Name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL) - P
Commercial name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL)
Trading symbol	GSDM1
ISIN code	NL0000293140
Management fee	0.40%
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	0.15%
Subscription and redemption fee	
Subscription fee	0.04%
Redemption fee	0.02%
Maximum subscription fee	0.40%
Maximum redemption fee	0.40%

Fees

Management fee

An annual management fee is charged to the Share Class, which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis by using the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of every day.

Fixed Miscellaneous Fee

In addition to the management fee, other costs are charged to the Share Class. These costs are charged through a fixed annual fee, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee ('Vaste Overige Kostenvergoeding'), which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis on the total assets of the Share Class at the end of each day.

Other costs

Other costs may be charged to the Share Class. These costs, if applicable, are further explained in the notes to the respective Share Class as included in the financial statements.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fee charged to shareholders upon the purchase or sale of shares in the Sub-fund. The fee is calculated as a percentage markup or markdown on the net asset value per share, serves to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund.

The actual percentage of the subscription and redemption fee can fluctuate and is published on the manager's website. This percentage may be changed without prior notice if the manager deems it necessary to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund.

Maximum subscription and redemption fee

For transparency reasons, the manager has set a maximum percentage of the net asset value of the shares for the subscription and redemption fee. In exceptional market conditions, at the discretion of the manager, the manager may, in the interest of the existing investors of the Sub-fund, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time in the event of exceptionally large orders to buy and sell shares in the Sub-fund, to compensate for the related additional transaction costs.

2.10 Tax aspects

The Sub-fund is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V., which has the status of a fiscal investment institution (FBI) as defined in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. The Fund is established to meet the conditions of a fiscal investment institution as referred to in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. A fiscal investment institution is subject to the special corporate income tax rate of 0%. If the Fund does not meet the conditions, the status of fiscal investment institution will generally be revoked retroactively to the beginning of the year, and the Fund will become subject to normal corporate income tax. The manager ensures, to the extent possible, that the Fund continues to comply with the conditions set forth in the law and in the Investment Institution Decree.

One of the key conditions is that the Sub-fund must distribute the distributable profit to the shareholders within eight months after the end of the financial year (distribution obligation). A positive balance of capital gains on securities and a positive balance related to the disposal of other investments (both realized and unrealized), after deducting a proportional share of the costs associated with the management of the investments, is added to the so-called reinvestment reserve and does not fall under the distribution obligation. Additionally, under certain conditions, the Sub-fund can form a rounding reserve of up to 1% of the paid-up capital, which can partially suspend the distribution obligation.

The Fund generally withholds 15% dividend tax on profit distributions. Under certain circumstances, a distribution from the reinvestment reserve may take place without withholding dividend tax. It may also occur that the Fund needs to subject share repurchases to dividend tax. Additionally, under certain circumstances, the Fund may elect to withhold dividend tax on the repurchase of shares from its shareholders.

When the Fund is required to withhold dividend tax, it may, under certain circumstances, apply a reduction to the portion that actually needs to be remitted to the tax authorities (reduction of remittance). The amount of the reduction of remittance is determined by the Dutch dividend tax and foreign withholding tax withheld from the Fund (up to a maximum of 15%). Regarding the applicable reduction of remittance related to the withheld foreign withholding tax, there is a limitation for Dutch legal entities exempt from corporate income tax participating in the Fund, and for foreign entities participating in the Fund that are entitled to a refund of Dutch dividend tax under Dutch law or a treaty or agreement for the avoidance of double taxation.

2.11 Fund Agent

The Fund has agreed with ING Bank N.V. that the latter company will act as Fund Agent. The Fund Agent is responsible for the evaluation and the acceptance of the buy and sell orders as entered in the exchange order book with regard to Share Class P of each Sub-fund, subject to the conditions as stated in the prospectus.

The Fund Agent will only accept orders which fulfil the following conditions:

- 1) Orders must be entered on the basis of a standard market settlement deadline.
- 2) Orders must be entered by another party affiliated with Euroclear Nederland.

Once the order book has been closed, the Fund Agent will transmit all buy and sell orders relating to Share Class P of each Sub-fund to the Fund via the Transfer Agent. The transaction price at which these buy and sell orders are executed on the following business day is supplied to Euronext Amsterdam by NYSE Euronext by the manager, via the Fund Agent.

2.12 Depositary of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.

The assets of the Fund are in the safe-keeping of The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch, as the depositary of the Fund (the 'depositary').

The shareholders' equity of the depositary amounts to at least EUR 730,000.

The manager and depositary of the Fund have entered into a written agreement relating to management and depositary services. The main elements of this agreement are the following:

- The depositary ensures that the cash flows of the Fund are properly controlled and in particular that all payments by or on behalf of investors during the subscription for shares have been received and that all cash of the Fund has been recorded in cash accounts in the name of the Fund or in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the Fund, opened with (in principle) an entity as described in Article 18(1)(a), (b) and (c) of European Directive 2006/73/EC (a credit institution or a bank authorized in a third country).
- The assets of the Fund consisting of financial instruments are entrusted to the depositary. The depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be registered on a financial instruments account in the books of the depositary, on separate accounts in the name of the Fund. In addition, the depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the depositary.
- For the other assets of the Fund, the depositary determines whether the Fund is the owner of these assets based on information or documents provided by the manager or based on other external evidence. The depositary keeps a register for these other assets.
- The depositary ensures that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares in the Fund take place in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary ensures that the value of the shares in the Fund is calculated in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary carries out the instructions of the manager, unless they conflict with Dutch law or the Articles of Association of the Fund.
- The depositary ensures that the equivalent value of the transactions involving the assets of the Fund is transferred to the Fund by the usual deadlines.
- The depositary ensures that the income of the Fund is allocated in accordance with Dutch law and the Articles of Association of the Fund.

In the context of depositary services, the depositary acts in the interests of the Fund as well as the investors in the Fund.

2.13 Principal risks and uncertainties

Investing in the Sub-fund entails financial opportunities as well as financial risks. The value of investments can both rise and fall, and shareholders of the Sub-fund may receive less than they invested. Diversification of investments is expected to have a mitigating effect on these risks.

A comprehensive overview of the risks, categorized as 'high, medium, and low' risks, associated with the Sub-fund is provided in the prospectus. In the event of new regulations regarding risk management, additional information will be included. The main risks faced by the Sub-fund are:

Market risk

The Sub-fund is sensitive to changes in the value of investments due to fluctuations in prices in financial markets such as equities or fixed-income markets (market risk). Additionally, prices of individual instruments in which the Sub-fund invests may also fluctuate. If the Sub-fund utilizes derivatives as described under "Investment Policy," these may be employed for both hedging risks and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leveraging, thereby increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements.

To mitigate market risks, investments are diversified across various countries, sectors, and/or companies.

Interest rate risk

When investing in fixed-income securities, interest rate risk is incurred. This risk occurs when the interest rate of a security fluctuates. When interest rates decrease, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities increases. Conversely, when interest rates rise, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities decreases.

Currency risk

If investments can be made in securities denominated in currencies other than the currency in which the Sub-fund is denominated, currency fluctuations can have both positive and negative effects on the investment result.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks may arise when a particular underlying investment is difficult to sell. Since the Sub-fund may invest in illiquid securities, there is a risk that the Sub-fund may not have the ability to release financial resources that may be needed to meet certain obligations.

During the reporting period, there were no issues regarding liquidity. The available cash of the Sub-fund was sufficient to manage the inflow and outflow of capital during the reporting period. It is expected that this will also be the case in the upcoming reporting period.

Credit risk

Investors should be fully aware that every investment carries credit risks. Bonds and debt instruments entail actual credit risk on the issuer. This risk can be measured based on the issuer's credit rating. Bonds and debt instruments issued by lower-rated issuers typically carry higher credit risk and a greater chance of default than those issued by higher-rated issuers. If the issuer of bonds or debt instruments encounters financial or economic difficulties, leading to an increase in credit risk and likely downgrade of the rating, it can affect the value of the bonds or debt instruments (which may lose their value entirely).
Fraud risks and corruption

Fraud is any intentional act or omission to mislead others, causing loss to the victim and/or profit to the perpetrator. Corruption is the misuse of entrusted power for personal gain, including bribery. The lack of controls in the payment process increases the likelihood and therefore creates the opportunity for fraud.

The asset management industry is characterized by the management of third party assets, which is quite extensive in its entirety. Having access to these assets increases GSAM BV's inherent fraud and corruption risk profile. To manage this risk, GSAM BV conducts an annual fraud and corruption risk assessment to determine the identification, exposure to and management of these risks. GSAM BV concludes in its annual risk assessment that there are no high residual risks in the context of fraud and corruption. The main inherent risks identified by GSAM BV in the annual risk assessment are the following:

- Cyber risks;
- Unauthorized withdrawal of funds;
- Fraudulent invoices;
- Insider trading risk;
- Bribery.

The following measures have been taken to mitigate these inherent risks:

<u>Cyber risks</u>, cyber risk is recognized as a collective term which, knowingly (e.g. ransomware) or unknowingly (e.g. hack), can lead to a withdrawal of assets. The range of techniques that a malicious person can use is extensive. That is why it is important for GSAM BV to be aware of these techniques and to test its own environment accordingly. The measures taken are inspired by the NIST cyber security framework of protect, detect, respond, recover and identify and are evaluated annually on the basis of the Cyber Security Risk Assessment.

<u>Unauthorized withdrawal of funds</u>, is prevented by having authorization limits and a four (or more) eyes principles, whereby modern techniques such as 2 factor authentication are required.

<u>Fraudulent invoices</u>, the payment of invoices at the expense of an investment fund is only permitted if this corresponds with the prospectus. The beneficiary as well as the correctness of the amounts charged are often verifiable, through a link with the assets. Invoices must be assessed and approved in advance by budget holders, in accordance with the procuration policy. Within this process, a separation of functions has been made between ordering, entering and approval.

<u>Insider trading risk</u>, involves misusing information for personal gain, or having orders executed in such a way that self-enrichment can be achieved at the expense of the fund. The measures taken to prevent this are diverse, including best execution review, mandatory periodic reporting on personal investment portfolios, education in the form of mandatory training and pre-employment screening.

<u>Bribery</u> involves having a tender being influenced by, for example, bribes, dinners, travel and gifts. To mitigate this, GSAM BV has a strict policy, whereby anything with a value of more than fifty euros may not be accepted. Furthermore, in the context of broker execution, price and quality assessments are carried out periodically, the outcome of which is indicative of the extent to which orders are allocated to these brokers.

The residual risk, following from the risks described above, are determined by GSAM BV as 'medium' and are accepted through a formal risk acceptance, or at the level of the foreign GSAM BV entities.

Furthermore, there is a clear legal and operational separation between the asset manager, the external administrator, the fund and the custodian. This segregation of duties has an important preventive effect on the risk of fraud and corruption.

The beforementioned control measures are part of a larger control framework, of which various parts are periodically assessed by an external auditor via the GSAM BV ISAE 3402 report. Furthermore, GSAM BV applies the 3-lines of defense mechanism, in which risk management and internal audit continuously test and monitor the effectiveness of the administrative organization and internal control. GSAM BV also applies various soft controls, such as tone at the top, e-learnings, code of ethics and a whistleblower policy.

Sustainability risks

Sustainability risks can represent their own risk or influence other risks and contribute to general risks, such as market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks or operational risks. Sustainability risks may have a negative impact on the Sub-fund's return.

The sustainability risks to which the Sub-fund may be exposed include, for example:

- Climate change
- Health & safety
- Business conduct

The assessment of sustainability risks, as defined in Article 2(22) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability disclosures in the financial services sector, which Regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time), is integrated into the investment decision process by application of Sub-fund-specific criteria for responsible investing and, where applicable, integration of relevant environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors.

The Sub-fund primarily invests in liquid assets, which means that the mentioned sustainability risks are incorporated into the valuation of the investments.

Issuer default risk

In addition to general trends in the financial markets, specific developments related to the issuer can also impact the value of an investment. Even careful security selection, for example, cannot eliminate the risk of loss due to a decline in value of the issuer's assets. The use of credit derivatives, if mentioned in the investment policy of the Fund, may entail credit risk.

2.14 Developments during the reporting period

2.14.1 General financial and economic developments in 2024

Economic Context

Recession fears continued to moderate at the start of 2024, as the US economy showed resilience despite significant rate hikes in 2022 and 1H 2023. A tight labor market, positive real wage growth, and strong equity markets supported consumer cash flows and balance sheets in the first quarter of 2024, leading to strong consumption. While US inflation prints were higher than expected in January and February, the US Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) signaled confidence in March that disinflation would restart and recent elevated releases would prove temporary. In 2Q 2024, continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, strong earnings growth, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported positive momentum in risk assets. The disinflationary process also restarted, following higher than expected prints in 1Q 2024. US Core PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditures Price Index, Excluding Food and Energy) averaged 0.17% in April and May versus average reading of 0.37% in 1Q 2024.

While a slowdown in private consumption was notable in 2Q 2024, some moderation was arguably welcomed to achieve the US Federal Reserve's 2% inflation target. Any further moderation in consumption, however, could be a concern for policymakers and market participants, and renew fears of a recession. The rebalancing of the US labor market is somewhat similar. After strong data at the start of the year, the number of non-farm jobs added in April moderated to 175k versus an average of 235k in 1Q 2024. This was the lowest print in six months, and slower job growth helped allay fears that the economy was overheating, boosting expectations that interest rate cuts would still occur this year. The job openings rate for May rose to 4.9% from 4.8% in April. At its post pandemic peak, the job openings rate was at 7.4%. Like the consumption slowdown, further moderation in the US jobs opening rate could be reaching an inflection point where further rebalancing may not be encouraging news.

Outside of the US, growth momentum continued to improve albeit from weak levels, especially in Europe. Euro area 1Q 2024 GDP came in at 1.3% q/q annualized following 0.25% q/q annualized in 4Q 2023. Similarly, the UK economy expanded at a pace of 2.9% q/q annualized in 1Q 2024 after contracting at -0.9% annualized pace in 2H 2023. Chinese 1Q GDP surprised to the upside, with a reading of 5.3% y/y versus consensus expectation of 4.8% y/y.

Monetary Policy

The Federal Reserve tilted hawkish at the start of 2024 as inflation surprised to the upside and the strong economy gave US policymakers the option to be patient with the onset of the easing cycle. In May, the risk of renewed rate hikes was reduced due to moderation in US core services inflation and a downward revision of 1Q GDP, which came in at 1.2% q/q annualized versus 1.6% initially reported. In June, the Fed revised its median dot plot projection, which now suggests one 25bps rate cut this year, reduced from three projected in March. There's still a possibility that the Fed may implement two rate cuts in the second half of 2024. Fed Chair Jerome Powell noted during the June press conference that cuts totaling 25bps vs 50bps in 2024 was a close call for many participants.

The FOMC's dual mandate of inflation and labor market looks more two-sided now compared with a year ago when it was squarely focused on inflation. Going forward, the FOMC aims to stabilize the unemployment rate around the current level of 4% and bring inflation down to 2%. Therefore, the timing and magnitude of further policy rate calibration becomes crucial. Easing too soon could reignite inflationary pressures; waiting too long could break the labor market. The potential uncertainty from the upcoming US presidential election further complicates the overall economic outlook.

Elsewhere, the Swiss National Bank surprised markets in March and cut policy rates by 25bps, becoming the first G10 central bank to start its easing cycle. The European Central Bank and the Bank of Canada started their respective easing cycles in June, both cutting by 25bps. In terms of forward guidance, both central banks have suggested that further rate cuts are likely if the data evolves in line with expectations. In the UK, Bank of England leaned dovish, but did not ease policy in June. It noted that the decision to leave rates unchanged was finely balanced and recent strength in services inflation were largely driven by volatile components. The market interpretation was that the bank may be ready to begin easing in August.

On the geopolitical front, markets encountered increased uncertainty in Europe as French President Emmanuel Macron dissolved parliament and called snap parliamentary elections, scheduled for June 30 and July 7, after his party's defeat in the EU parliamentary elections. As a result, the market priced in a higher geopolitical risk premium in European assets leading to underperformance of European assets versus peers. In Asia, the Bank of Japan (BoJ) decided to end its negative interest rate policy at its March meeting.

Bond Markets

Bond yields went higher at the start of 2024 as recession fears continued to ease and the US inflation surprised to the upside. The US 10y yield went up by 35bps to 4.2% in 1Q 2024, following a decline of 70bps in 4Q 2023. Yields were modestly higher in 2Q 2024, with the 10y yield up by 15bps. However, the increase largely happened in April after strong labor market and inflation data leading to the 10y yield moving from 4.2% to 4.7%. Subsequently, as inflation and activity data moderated, the 10y yield declined 35bps in May and June.

In Germany and the UK, 10y yields were up 25bps each in 2Q 2024. Strong 1Q GDP releases along with somewhat stickier inflation and wage data in Europe led to higher yields. In France, the 10y yield was 55bps in 2Q as the market priced in a higher term premium given increased political uncertainty. As a result, the French-German 10y spread widened from 50bps to 80bps by the end of the quarter, the highest level since the European debt crisis in 2011-12. At the short end, the US 2y yield went up by 10bps, leaving the 2s10s curve inverted around -40bps. In Asia, May marked the first time since 2012 that the 10y Japanese government bond yield had been above 1%, a major milestone with the markets pricing in a more hawkish stance from the BoJ over the rest of the year.

Commodities generally delivered strong returns in 1H 2024 with oil (WTI) and copper up by 15% and 13%, respectively. Gold and silver rallied by 13% and 22%. Within currencies, the USD continued its strong performance and was up 2.6% in 2Q, following a gain 1.8% in 1Q. Moderating but still healthy growth, high carry, and political uncertainty in France and Mexico helped USD rally on a trade-weighted basis. JPY was one of the worst performing major currencies, down 6% versus the USD. Negative carry on JPY versus most currencies and a positive environment for pro-risk assets weighed on JPY. GBP was flat whereas EUR was down 0.8% versus the USD. A few notable outliers were AUD, which rallied 2.2% versus the USD, benefitting from relatively hawkish central bank policy given elevated inflation, risk on backdrop, and higher metal prices. MXN, on the others hand, was down 9% versus the USD. A landslide victory of the incumbent party in the Mexican presidential election in May sparked fears of higher fiscal spending with fewer checks and balances coupled with a tail risk of the new government's interference in monetary policy. Since then, attempts by newly elected President Claudia Sheinbaum to calm markets have led to some stabilization in MXN.

Equity Markets

Equities started 2024 on a strong footing with significant gains in 1Q 2024 following a strong end to 2023, with several equity indices reaching all-time highs. Continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, a resilient US economy, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported risk appetite. In 2Q global developed market equities (MSCI World) and emerging market equities (MSCI EM) were up by 3.2% and 6.4%, respectively, following gains of 10% and 4.5% in 1Q. Within developed market equities, US equities outperformed their peers with a gain of 4.5% in 2Q, whereas Japanese equities (TOPIX) were up by 1.7%. Euro area equities (EURO STOXX 50) were down by 1.3% following increased uncertainty in June due to the defeat of President Macron's party in the EU parliamentary election and subsequent call for a snap parliamentary election in France.

Among US sectors, the technology sector outperformed as it rallied 8.8%, followed by utilities, up 4.6%. Materials, industrials, and energy underperformed noticeably with a sell-off of 4.5%, 2.9%, and 2.7%, respectively. Ongoing divergence between mega-cap stocks and the rest remained visible over 2Q 2024. For example, the Magnificent 7 was up by another 16.9% in 2Q, which helped the S&P 500 post a third consecutive quarterly gain of 4.5%. There was weakness elsewhere, as the equal-weighted S&P 500 fell by -2.6%, and the small-cap Russell 2000 was down by 3.3%.

Elsewhere, China equities rallied at the start of 2024, outperforming most DM and EM equity markets, but retreated in June. Widely cited reasons for the pullback include profit-taking after a strong tail-risk compression rally, less-forceful-than-expected property policy announcements against an improved policy expectation backdrop post the April Politburo meeting, resurfacing geopolitical risks regarding cross-strait relations, and sluggish earnings revision trends.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

3. SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2024

(For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024)

3.1 Balance sheet

Before appropriation of the result

Amounts x € 1,000	ounts x € 1,000 Reference		31-12-2023	
Investments				
Bonds and other fixed income secur	ities 3.5.1	-	6,076	
Investment funds	3.5.2	15,420	9,698	
Equity futures	3.5.4	12	23	
Interest futures	3.5.5	10	46	
Total investments		15,442	15,843	
Receivables	3.5.8			
Interest receivable		-	66	
Receivable from shareholders		36	-	
Other receivables		18	15	
Total receivables		54	81	
Other assets	3.5.9			
Cash and cash equivalents		127	118	
Total other assets		127	118	
Total assets		15,623	16,042	
Net asset value	3.5.10			
Issued capital		110	113	
Share premium		11,609	12,033	
Other reserves		3,709	2,531	
Undistributed result		12	1,305	
Net asset value		15,440	15,982	
Investments with negative market	value			
Interest futures	3.5.5	5	1	
Total investments with negative m	narket value	5	1	
Short term liabilities	3.5.11			
Payable to shareholders		19	18	
Other short term liabilities		159	41	
Total short term liabilities		178	59	
Total liabilities		15,623	16,042	

3.2 Profit and loss statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
OPERATING INCOME			
Income of investments	3.6.1		
Dividend		24	32
Interest from investments		61	75
Revaluation of investments			
Realized revaluation of investments		-768	-74
Unrealized revaluation of investments		720	486
Other results	3.6.2		
Foreign currency translation		-	-8
Interest other		4	1
Subscription and redemption fee		1	1
Other income		13	12
Total operating income		55	525
OPERATING EXPENSES	3.6.3		
Operating costs		43	45
Total operating expenses		43	45
Net result		12	480

3.3 Cashflow statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIV	/ITIES		
Purchases of investments		-11,043	-3,002
Sales of investments		11,400	3,928
Dividend received		24	32
Interest on investments received		127	92
Other results		14	12
Operating costs paid		-52	-48
Total cashflow from investments activity	ties	470	1,014
CASHFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVIT	TIES		
Proceeds from subscriptions of shares		875	466
Payments for redemptions of shares		-1,337	-1,501
Subscription and redemption fee received		1	1
Total cashflow from financing activities	3	-461	-1,034
NET CASH FLOW		9	-20
Foreign currency translation		-	-8
Change in cash and cash equivalents		9	-28
Cash and cash equivalents opening balan	ice	118	341
Cash and cash equivalents closing bala	ance 3.5.9	127	313

3.4 Notes

3.4.1 General notes

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. GSAM BV, located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund. The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV.

The semi-annual financial statements are prepared under going concern principles and in accordance with the financial statement models for investment institutions as established by the legislator. The semi-annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with Title 9 Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Accounting Standard. Wording may be used that deviates from these models to better reflect the contents of the specific items. The 2024 semi-annual financial statement are prepared according to the same principles for the valuation of assets and liabilities, determination of results and cash flow statement as used for the 2023 annual financial statements.

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund I (NL) is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is a variable capital investment company. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has its head office in The Hague, has its registered office in Amsterdam and is listed in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is an open-end investment company structured as an umbrella fund, where the ordinary shares of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are divided into various series, known as "Sub-funds", in which investments can be made separately. For further details, please refer to the "Structure" section in the Board of directors' report.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets allocated to the individual Sub-funds. The semiannual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is available on the website of the manager.

When preparing the semi-annual financial statements, the manager uses estimates and judgments that can be essential to the amounts included in the semi-annual financial statements. If deemed necessary, the nature of these estimates and judgments, including the associated assumptions, are included in the notes to the semi-annual financial statements.

The semi-annual financial statements have not been audited by an independent auditor.

The functional currency of the Sub-fund is the euro. The semi-annual financial statements are presented in thousands of euros, unless stated otherwise. Amounts in whole euros are denoted with a euro symbol (\in). The table below provides the key exchange rates relative to the euro.

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Australian Dollar	AUD	1.60482	1.61886
Brazilian Real	BRL	5.95307	5.36584
British Pound	GBP	0.84785	0.86651
Canadian Dollar	CAD	1.46657	1.45657
Chilean Peso	CLP	1,011.67125	964.65820
Chinese Renminbi (offshore)	CNH	7.82483	7.86560
Colombian Peso	COP	4,441.57930	4,279.34266
Czech Koruna	CZK	25.04600	24.68810
Danish Krone	DKK	7.45763	7.45444
Egyptian Pound	EGP	51.47713	34.16074
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	8.36771	8.62558
Hungarian Forint	HUF	394.93268	382.20861
Indian Rupee	INR	89.37225	91.92054
Indonesian Rupiah	IDR	17,550.24673	17,008.01178

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Israeli Shekel	ILS	4.03760	3.97769
Japanese Yen	JPY	172.40506	155.73095
Kuwaiti Dinar	KWD	0.32875	0.33941
Malaysian Ringgit	MYR	5.05609	5.07578
Mexican Peso	MXN	19.59786	18.70638
New Zealand Dollar	NZD	1.75887	1.74464
Norwegian Krone	NOK	11.41172	11.21832
Philippine Peso	PHP	62.81538	61.16901
Polish Zloty	PLN	4.30862	4.34366
Qatari Rial	QAR	3.90228	4.02197
Russian Ruble	RUB	92.44029	98.75413
Saudi Riyal	SAR	4.02086	4.14237
Singapore Dollar	SGD	1.45254	1.45709
South African Rand	ZAR	19.57052	20.20094
South Korean Won	KRW	1,475.29247	1,422.65495
Swedish Krona	SEK	11.35021	11.13232
Swiss Franc	CHF	0.96312	0.92973
Taiwanese Dollar	TWD	34.76985	33.90169
Thai Baht	THB	39.33130	37.70383
Turkish Lira	TRY	35.13638	32.62419
UAE Dirham	AED	3.93662	4.05702
US Dollar	USD	1.07177	1.10463

3.4.2 Securities lending

The Sub-fund is allowed to engage in securities lending techniques to generate additional income. During the reporting period, the Sub-fund did not engage in securities lending.

3.5 Notes to the balance sheet

The presented movement schedules cover the period from 1 January through 30 June

3.5.1 Bonds and other fixed income securities

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	6,076	7,409
Purchases	334	820
Sales or redemptions	-6,256	-1,727
Revaluation	-154	128
Closing balance	-	6,630

For the composition of investments at 31 December 2023, please refer to the 2023 annual report of the Sub-fund. This annual report is available on the website of the manager.

3.5.2 Investment funds

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	9,698	9,050
Purchases	10,707	2,174
Sales	-5,123	-2,106
Revaluation	138	328
Closing balance	15,420	9,446

Overview of investment funds

The below table shows the investment funds in which the Sub-fund was invested at the end of the reporting period. The participation percentage included herein represents the interest in the respective Share Class of the investment fund in which the Sub-fund participates. The investment in Liquid Euro is held for cash management purposes.

At 30 June 2024

Name of the fund shares/par	Number of ticipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1,000
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris Aligned				
Equity Fund (NL) - Z	22	6,284.31	0.3%	140
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	127	1,043.70	0.0%	132
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	6,256	34.67	0.1%	217
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	30	4,187.46	0.1%	126
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	5,423	30.67	0.0%	166
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	101	196.18	0.0%	20
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	178	4,136.21	0.4%	735
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	23	5,075.89	0.1%	119
Goldman Sachs Euro Bond - I Cap EUR	5,574	533.31	0.7%	2,973
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	363	5,425.77	0.2%	1,970
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	19	7,632.77	0.1%	145
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	4	14,199.54	0.0%	57
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	379	4,750.79	0.2%	1,801
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap EUR	2,378	497.73	0.2%	1,184
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	301	7,762.82	1.9%	2,335
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	312	1,045.81	0.0%	326
Sovereign Bond Fund (NL) - Z	177,656	16.75	14.6%	2,974
Closing balance				15,420

At 31 December 2023

Name of the fund shar	Number of res/participations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1.000
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris Aligned				
Equity Fund (NL) - Z	22	5,586.83	0.3%	124
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	1,483	1,033.61	0.3%	1,532
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL)	- Z 6,186	30.70	0.5%	190
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currence Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (he		4,180.00	0.1%	125
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Em Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	erging 6,099	27.86	0.0%	170
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	98	178.31	0.0%	17
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Nor America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	rth 234	3,625.17	0.1%	848
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pac Equity Fund (NL) - Z	cific 25	4,803.75	0.0%	120
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap E	EUR 363	5,387.30	0.2%	1,956
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustaina Equity - I Cap EUR	able 21	6,904.37	0.2%	145
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Ca	ap EUR 5	12,631.33	0.1%	63
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	282	4,808.50	1.4%	1,356
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Ca	ap EUR 2,378	490.64	0.0%	1,167
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap E	UR 216	7,970.36	0.3%	1,720
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	161	1,024.97	0.1%	165
Closing balance				9,698

3.5.3 Options purchased

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	-	-
Paid premium	-	3
Revaluation	-	-3
Closing balance	-	-

3.5.4 Equity futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	23	37
Expiration	-21	19
Revaluation	10	-52
Closing balance	12	4

3.5.5 Interest futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	45	63
Expiration	2	-95
Revaluation	-42	11
Closing balance	5	-21

3.5.6 Collateral

To mitigate counterparty risk for the Sub-fund, a collateral arrangement with the counterparty can be established for certain assets. The Sub-fund must determine the value of the received collateral on a daily basis and verify if additional collateral needs to be exchanged.

The collateral is typically provided in the form of:

- Cash and cash equivalents, usually referred to as cash collateral;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by highly rated countries;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by prominent issuers and for which there is a sufficiently liquid market. Bonds issued by financial sector issuers are excluded due to correlation risk; or
- Shares admitted to or traded on a regulated market, provided that these shares are included in a major index.

The Sub-fund must ensure that it is able to enforce its rights to the collateral if an event occurs that requires its exercise. Therefore, the collateral must be available at all times, either directly or through the mediation of a prominent financial institution or a wholly-owned subsidiary of that institution, so that the Sub-fund can immediately seize or liquidate the collateralized assets if the counterparty fails to meet its obligations.

The Sub-fund will ensure that the collateral received from transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions meets the following conditions:

- The collateralized assets received are valued at market prices. To mitigate the risk of the collateral's value held by a Sub-fund being lower than the claim on the counterparty, a conservative markdown policy is applied. This collateral haircut is applied to collateral received in relation to (i) OTC derivatives, (ii) securities lending, and (iii) repo transactions. A markdown is a reduction applied to the value of collateralized assets and aims to absorb the volatility in the value of the collateral between two margin calls or during the required time to liquidate the collateral. This process includes a liquidity element in terms of remaining maturity and a credit quality element in terms of the rating of the security. The markdown policy takes into account the characteristics of the asset class involved, including the creditworthiness of the collateral issuer, the volatility of collateral prices, and potential currency mismatches. Markdowns applied to cash, high-quality government bonds, and corporate bonds typically range between 0% to 15%, and markdowns on equities range from 10% to 15%. Regulation also requires an additional 8% markdown to be applied when the currency unit of the collateral, if the collateral is a bond, differs from the permitted currency units in the legal documentation for bilateral derivative transactions. In exceptional market conditions, a different markdown level may be applied. Under the agreement with the respective counterparty, which may or may not involve minimum booking amounts, it is intended that, for the purpose of the collateral haircut and if applicable, each received collateral is valued at an amount equal to or higher than the respective exposure of the counterparty;
- The received collateral for OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions must be sufficiently liquid so that they can be quickly sold at a price that deviates little from the pre-sale valuation;
- The collateralized assets are held by the Sub-fund's custodian or by a sub-custodian provided that the Subfund's custodian has transferred the custody of the collateral to such sub-custodian and that the custodian remains liable for the collateral if the sub-custodian loses it;
- Collateral received in the context of transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions cannot be sold or provided as security to a third party during the term of the agreement. However, received cash collateral can be reinvested.

3.5.7 Investments by marketability

Below is the breakdown of the investment portfolio by marketability:

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Exchange quoted	17	6,144
Other*	15,420	9,698
Closing balance	15,437	15,842

* This includes all investments that do not fall into the other categories. This may include, among others: units of participation in other investment institutions, commercial paper, deposits with credit institutions, and OTC derivatives.

3.5.8 Receivables

All receivables have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Interest receivable

This concerns accrued, not yet received, interest on investments.

Receivable from shareholders

This concerns amounts receivable from shareholders for subscription to shares.

Other receivables

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Withholding tax*	9	5
Other receivables	9	10
Closing balance	18	15

* Withholding tax receivables have a maturity of less than one year, but it can take longer to receive the amounts causing them to stay on the balance sheet for a longer period.

3.5.9 Other assets

Cash and cash equivalents

This concerns freely available bank accounts, including a margin account related to future contracts. For the duration of the future contracts, the margin account is not fully available for use. The balance of the margin account varies depending on changes in the underlying value.

3.5.10 Net Asset Value

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	113	113
Subscriptions	6	6
Redemptions	-9	-9
Closing balance	110	110
Share premium		
Opening balance	12,033	12,033
Subscriptions	905	905
Redemptions	-1,329	-1,329
Closing balance	11,609	11,609
Other reserves		
Opening balance	2,531	2,531
Transfer from Undistributed result	1,305	1,305
Dividend	-127	-127
Closing balance	3,709	3,709
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	1,305	1,305
Transfer to Other reserves	-1,305	-1,305
Net result for the period	12	12
Closing balance	12	12
Total net asset value	15,440	15,440

The nominal value per share at the end of the reporting period for all Share Classes of the Sub-fund is \in 0.20.

The share premium reserve is not freely distributable to shareholders for the part that is considered as a legal reserve.

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2023

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	128	128
Subscriptions	3	3
Redemptions	-10	-10
Closing balance	121	121
Share premium		
Opening balance	14,043	14,043
Subscriptions	463	463
Redemptions	-1,456	-1,456
Closing balance	13,050	13,050
Other reserves		
Opening balance	6,459	6,459
Transfer from Undistributed result	-3,716	-3,716
Dividend	-212	-212
Closing balance	2,531	2,531
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	-3,716	-3,716
Transfer to Other reserves	3,716	3,716
Net result for the period	480	480
Closing balance	480	480
Total net asset value	16,182	16,182

3.5.11 Short term liabilities

All short term liabilities have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Payable to shareholders

The concerns the amount payable for redemptions of shares.

Other short term liabilities

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Accrued expenses	32	41
Dividends payable	127	-
Closing balance	159	41

3.5.12 Off-balance sheet rights and obligations

At the reporting date, there are no off-balance sheet rights and obligations.

3.6 Notes of the profit and loss statement

3.6.1 Income of investments

Dividend

Dividend includes gross cash dividends net of non-recoverable foreign withholding tax.

Additionally, this may include the offsetting via tax credits of Dutch and foreign withholding tax, which is possible under the status of the Sub-fund as a fiscal investment institution as recognized by the Dutch tax authorities.

Interest

This relates to interest income from investments.

3.6.2 Other result

Foreign currency translation

This concerns the foreign currency translation result on other balance sheet items.

Interest other

This relates to the interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and margin account during the reporting period.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fees charged to shareholders for the subscription or redemption of shares in a Sub-fund. This fee is calculated as a percentage-based entry or exit fee on the net asset value per share to protect existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficiary to the Sub-fund.

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Subscription and redemption fee	1	1

The applicable subscriptions and redemption fees during the reporting period are included in the schedule below.

Subscription and redemption fee	Percentage	Applicable from	Valid through
Subscription fee	0.04%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024
Redemption fee	0.02%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024

Other income

Other income includes all income items that are not generated from investments.

This also includes reimbursements of allocated costs related to investments in other investment funds. These allocated costs are included in the (un)realized revaluation of the underlying investment funds and are reimbursed for Share Classes with a Fixed Miscellaneous Fee, as these costs are already included in the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee of the respective Share Class.

3.6.3 Operating expenses

Operating costs

The operating costs consist of the management fee and the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee. These costs are further explained in the notes for each Share Class, included in this semi-annual report.

3.7 Other general notes

3.7.1 Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events.

3.8 Notes to Share Class P

3.8.1 Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	15,982	16,914
Subscriptions	911	466
Redemptions	-1,338	-1,466
Dividend	-127	-212
	-554	-1,212
Investment income	85	107
Other results	18	6
Management fee	-31	-33
Other expenses	-12	-12
	60	68
Revaluation of investments	-48	412
Closing balance	15,440	16,182

3.8.2 Net asset value

	30-06-2024	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Net asset value (x € 1,000)	15,440	15,982	16,914
Shares outstanding (number)	550,666	565,802	641,369
Net asset value per share (in €)	28.04	28.25	26.37

3.8.3 Performance

For the period 1 January through 30 June

	2024	2023	2022
Net performance Share Class (%)	0.07	2.88	-12.67
Performance of the index (%)	0.31	3.15	-12.22
Relative performance (%)	-0.24	-0.27	-0.45

3.8.4 Expenses

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Management fee	31	33
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	12	12
Total operating costs Share Class P	43	45

The management fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.40% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The Fixed Miscellaneous Fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.15% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The fixed miscellaneous fee serves to compensate for regular and/or recurring expenses incurred by the Sub-fund, such as the costs of administration, reporting (also understood to include the costs of data provision and the processing and calculation of the financial data of the investment fund), the safe-keeping of the assets, the auditor, the supervision, any stock exchange listing, making payments, publications, shareholder meetings, legal proceedings including any class actions, fee sharing arrangements within the scope of securities lending, the costs of collateral management activities as well as external advisers and service providers, such as – where appropriate – the Fund Agent and Transfer Agent. Where applicable, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee also includes costs included in the value of investment funds.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

4.1 Statutory provisions regarding appropriation of results

According to Article 23 of the Articles of Association of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. the Executive Board decides for each type of shares what part of the balance will be allocated to the additional reserve maintained for the relevant type. After the aforementioned addition, a dividend, in so far as possible, is paid on the priority shares equal to six per cent (6%) of the nominal value of these shares. There is no further distribution of profit on the priority shares the general meeting decides otherwise.

If the aforementioned balance of income and expenses is negative, the amount is deducted from the additional reserve that is maintained for the relevant type of shares.

4.2 Management interest

The total personal interest in (the investments of) the Sub-fund (if applicable, including investments in GSAM BV funds in which participation occurred) in number of shares and option rights, or nominal value in bonds, held by the Board members at 30 June 2024 and 1 January 2024, is specified as follows:

	Туре	30-06-2024	1-1-2024
Aegon	Shares	15,000	15,000
Akzo Nobel	Shares	60	60
ING Group	Shares	95	95
KPN	Shares	140	140
NN Group	Shares	1,491	100
NN Group*	Share plan account	4,064	3,571

* This is an online investment account where the deferred variable compensation of GSAM BV employees is administered. Under strict conditions, shares obtained from this online investment account can be traded.

GOLDMAN SACHS DYNAMIC MIX FUND II (NL)

Semi-annual Report 2024

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1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

(Sub-fund of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.)

Manager / Executive Board

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. Prinses Beatrixlaan 35 2595 AK The Hague, The Netherlands Internet: https://am.gs.com

Members of Executive Board Goldman Sachs Asset management B.V.

P. den Besten M.C.M. Canisius G.E.M. Cartigny B.G.J. van Overbeek E.J. Siermann

Depositary

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

Fund Agent

ING Bank N.V. Bijlmerplein 888 1102 MG Amsterdam The Netherlands

Banker

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV Boulevard Anspachlaan 1 1000 B-Brussels Belgium

Transfer Agent

The Bank of New York Mellon NV/SA, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

2.1 Key figures Share Class P

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net asset value (x 1,000)	€	90,224	94,701	97,246	125,861	115,177
Shares outstanding (number)		2,601,827	2,783,817	3,106,088	3,350,411	3,264,858
Net asset value per share	€	34.68	34.02	31.31	37.57	35.28
Transaction price	€	34.69	34.01	31.32	37.60	35.31
Dividend per share	€	0.40	0.47	0.19	0.22	0.23
Net performance Share Class	%	3.11	10.25	-16.16	7.13	7.57
Performance of the index	%	3.39	10.41	-15.83	5.57	5.26
Relative performance	%	-0.28	-0.16	-0.33	1.56	2.31

2.2 Key figures Share Class U

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net asset value (x 1,000)	€	28,955	29,268	27,316	33,673	32,582
Shares outstanding (number)		814,447	839,647	852,372	875,877	902,295
Net asset value per share	€	35.55	34.86	32.05	38.44	36.11
Transaction price	€	35.57	34.85	32.06	38.48	36.15
Dividend per share	€	0.41	0.48	0.22	0.27	0.22
Net performance Share Class	%	3.16	10.36	-16.08	7.24	7.68
Performance of the index	%	3.39	10.41	-15.83	5.57	5.26
Relative performance	%	-0.23	-0.05	-0.25	1.67	2.42
Relative performance	%	-0.23	-0.05	-0.25	1.67	

2.3 Notes to the key figures

2.3.1 Reporting period

The key figures for 2024 relate to the positions at 30 June and the period from 1 January through 30 June. The key figures for the other years relate to the positions at 31 December and the period from 1 January through 31 December, unless stated otherwise.

2.3.2 Net asset value per share

The net asset value of each Share Class of the Sub-fund will be determined by the manager. The manager calculates the net asset value per Share Class each business day. The net asset value per share of each Share Class is determined by dividing the net asset value of a Share Class by the number of outstanding shares of that Share Class at the calculation date.

2.3.3 Transaction price

The transaction price of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is determined by the manager on each business day and is based on the net asset value per share of each Share Class with an upcharge (subscription fee) or discount (redemption fee) to cover the costs of purchase and sale of 'physical' investments. The subscription and redemption fee is for the protection of existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund. When no transaction has taken place on a business day, the transaction price is equal to the net asset value per share.

2.3.4 Net performance

The net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is based on the net asset value per share, taking into account any dividend distributions. The relative performance is the difference between the net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund and the performance of the index.

2.4 General information

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL) ('the Sub-fund') is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (refer to paragraph 2.10 Structure for more information). The semi-annual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (hereinafter referred to as the 'Fund') is available on the website of the manager.

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. ('GSAM BV'), located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund and is licensed by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets ('Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten', also referred to as 'AFM') under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV. All shares in GSAM BV are held by Goldman Sachs Asset Management International Holdings B.V. Both entities are part of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as 'Goldman Sachs').

Goldman Sachs is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and qualifies as a bank holding company under US law. Goldman Sachs is a globally operating financial institution which – by means of a substantial variety of leading companies and subsidiaries – offers (integrated) financial services to private individuals, companies and institutions.

The AFM and the central bank of the Netherlands ('De Nederlandsche Bank N.V.', also referred to as 'DNB') act as supervisors. The AFM is charged with conduct supervision on the grounds of the Wft. Prudential supervision is performed by DNB.

2.5 Objective

The Sub-fund aims to achieve a better overall long-term return than the index through active management.

2.6 Investment policy

The composition of Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL) will, in principle, show a long-term allocation of 70% fixed-income securities and 30% equities. As a result of tactical asset allocation, the equity component of the Sub-fund will fluctuate within a 10% bandwidth. This bandwidth applies to both potential overweight and underweight positions.

The Sub-fund is actively managed with the aim of investing in financial instruments with an attractive risk-return profile according to a systematic investment process, adhering to deviation limits relative to the index. Consequently, the composition of the Sub-fund's investments may materially differ from that of the index. The index is a representative reflection of the investment universe. The Sub-fund may invest in financial instruments that are not part of the index.

The Sub-fund primarily invests 30% globally in equities, broadly defined to include claims, profit-sharing certificates, founder's shares, options, warrants to acquire or dispose of such securities, and other similar securities as well as other property rights and financial instruments with comparable risk and return characteristics. Investments are globally diversified across regions, countries, and sectors. The exact weighting of equities in the portfolio varies within the specified range depending on the manager's view and resulting tactical asset allocation and is therefore not constant.

Additionally, 70% will initially be invested in fixed-income securities. The Sub-fund will seek a combination within a broad range of interest-related instruments. The Sub-fund may invest in, among other things, government bonds, corporate bonds, convertible bonds, so-called asset-backed securities, and money market instruments. These instruments can be denominated in both developed and emerging market currencies.

The Sub-fund promotes ecological and/or social characteristics as described in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, which regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time).

The Sub-fund applies Stewardship, an ESG integration approach, and exclusion criteria regarding various activities. Further information can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund considers the principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors primarily through Stewardship. Information about the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund has the ability to hold investments both directly and indirectly – for example, by taking exposure to the relevant financial instruments through derivatives or investments in other investment funds.

The Sub-fund can use derivatives such as options, futures, warrants, swaps, and forward foreign exchange transactions. These can be applied for risk hedging and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leverage, increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements. When using derivatives, care is taken to ensure that the portfolio as a whole remains within the investment restrictions. The risk profile associated with the type of investor targeted by the Sub-fund does not change as a result of the use of these instruments.

In addition to the above, the following applies to the investment policy of the Fund:

- the assets can be invested in both euros and foreign currencies;
- the Sub-fund can invest more than 35% of the invested assets in securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by the Netherlands, Germany, Italy, Spain, and France, or by a public body with regulatory authority in these member states, and has obtained an exemption from the AFM in accordance with Article 136, paragraph 2 of the Decree on Conduct of Business Supervision of Financial Undertakings;
- if deemed necessary by the manager, risks such as currency risks can be hedged relative to the index;
- to the extent that the assets are not invested in the aforementioned financial instruments, the assets may be invested in certain money market instruments (e.g., certificates of deposit and commercial paper), money market investment funds, or held in the form of liquid assets;
- additional income can be generated by entering into "repurchase agreements" ("repos") and "lending transactions" (lending securities from the investment portfolio);
- in accordance with the provisions on leverage financing in the prospectus, the expected maximum level of gross leverage (sum of nominal values) of the Sub-fund is 100% and the expected maximum level of net leverage (commitment method) is 100%;
- the 'global exposure' of this Sub-fund is determined using the 'relative Value-at-Risk' method;
- the manager of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has the authority to enter into short-term loans on behalf of the Sub-fund as a debtor;
- transactions with affiliated parties will take place on market terms;
- the Sub-fund invests, in line with its investment policy, globally in financial instruments via stock exchanges with approved counterparties by the manager. The major equity markets are located worldwide. Possible examples include New York, London, and Tokyo.

2.7 Dividend policy

The Sub-fund pursues an active dividend policy aimed at distributing the profit for each financial year no later than 8 months after the end of the financial year. Management may consider paying interim dividends or distributing more than the annual profit. The amount and frequency of distributions may vary from year to year and may be zero. Distributions may vary per Share Class as well as the payment method of the distribution.

2.8 Index

Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Aggregate (70%) and the MSCI AC World (NR) (30%).

2.9 Outsourcing

Outsourcing of fund accounting

The manager of the Fund has outsourced the accounting function to The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV. This outsourcing relates to, among others, the calculation of the net asset value, maintaining accounting records and processing of and executing payments. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of these services.

Outsourcing of financial reporting

The manager of the Fund, has outsourced the preparation of multiple financial reports, including the (semi-)annual reports of the Dutch GSAM BV funds, to DM Financial Netherlands B.V. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of all financial reports.

2.10 Structure

The Fund is an open-end investment company with variable capital as described in Article 76a of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Except in special circumstances, the Fund may in principle issue or redeem shares on any business day.

The Fund is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ('UCITS') within the meaning of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). GSAM BV acts as manager of the Fund as defined in Section 1:1 of the Wft and in that capacity holds a license as defined in Section 2:69b(1), preamble and part (a) of the Wft from the AFM.

The Fund has an umbrella structure, which means that the ordinary shares are divided into various series of shares, with each series of shares corresponding to a separate Sub-fund. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets held by the individual Sub-funds.

A Sub-fund is a segregated part of the capital of the Fund for which a separate investment policy is pursued. The Wft states that all standards directed in whole or in part towards the Fund are also applicable to the Sub-funds. The part of the assets of the Sub-fund to be paid into, or allocated to, each Fund is invested separately in accordance with a specific investment policy. Both gains and losses in the investment portfolio of a Sub-fund are credited or charged to the relevant Sub-fund.

The capital of a Sub-fund is segregated and subject to a statutory priority arrangement. Consequently, the assets of a Sub-fund may only be used to pay liabilities connected to the management and safe-keeping of the Sub-fund and the shares in that Sub-fund.

A Sub-fund is divided into one or more Share Classes. The Share Classes within the Sub-fund may differ in terms of cost and fee structure, the minimum amount of initial investment, demands on the quality of the investors, the currency in which the net asset value is expressed, etc.

Summary of the main characteristics per Share Class at 30-06-2024

Share Class P	
Investor type	This is a listed Share Class intended for private (non-professional) investors.
Legal Name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL) - P
Commercial name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL)
Trading symbol	GZDM2
ISIN code	NL0000293157
Management fee	0.40%
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	0.15%

Summary of the main characteristics per Share Class at 30-06-2024

Share Class U	
Investor type	This is a Share Class intended for insurers approved by the manager and related products for the purpose of capital accumulation.
Legal Name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL) - U
Commercial name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL) - U
ISIN code	NL0012817126
All-in fee	0.45%
Subscription and redemption fee	
Subscription fee	0.05%
Redemption fee	0.03%
Maximum subscription fee	0.40%
Maximum redemption fee	0.40%

Fees

Management fee

An annual management fee is charged to the Share Class, which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis by using the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of every day.

All-in fee

An annual All-in fee is charged to the Share Class, which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis by using the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of every day.

Fixed Miscellaneous Fee

In addition to the management fee, other costs are charged to the Share Class. These costs are charged through a fixed annual fee, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee ('Vaste Overige Kostenvergoeding'), which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis on the total assets of the Share Class at the end of each day.

Other costs

Other costs may be charged to the Share Class. These costs, if applicable, are further explained in the notes to the respective Share Class as included in the financial statements.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fee charged to shareholders upon the purchase or sale of shares in the Sub-fund. The fee is calculated as a percentage markup or markdown on the net asset value per share, serves to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund.

The actual percentage of the subscription and redemption fee can fluctuate and is published on the manager's website. This percentage may be changed without prior notice if the manager deems it necessary to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund.

Maximum subscription and redemption fee

For transparency reasons, the manager has set a maximum percentage of the net asset value of the shares for the subscription and redemption fee. In exceptional market conditions, at the discretion of the manager, the manager may, in the interest of the existing investors of the Sub-fund, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the sub-fund at that time in the event of exceptionally large orders to buy and sell shares in the Sub-fund, to compensate for the related additional transaction costs.

2.11 Tax aspects

The Sub-fund is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V., which has the status of a fiscal investment institution (FBI) as defined in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. The Fund is established to meet the conditions of a fiscal investment institution as referred to in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. A fiscal investment institution is subject to the special corporate income tax rate of 0%. If the Fund does not meet the conditions, the status of fiscal investment institution will generally be revoked retroactively to the beginning of the year, and the Fund will become subject to normal corporate income tax. The manager ensures, to the extent possible, that the Fund continues to comply with the conditions set forth in the law and in the Investment Institution Decree.

One of the key conditions is that the Sub-fund must distribute the distributable profit to the shareholders within eight months after the end of the financial year (distribution obligation). A positive balance of capital gains on securities and a positive balance related to the disposal of other investments (both realized and unrealized), after deducting a proportional share of the costs associated with the management of the investments, is added to the so-called reinvestment reserve and does not fall under the distribution obligation. Additionally, under certain conditions, the Sub-fund can form a rounding reserve of up to 1% of the paid-up capital, which can partially suspend the distribution obligation.

The Fund generally withholds 15% dividend tax on profit distributions. Under certain circumstances, a distribution from the reinvestment reserve may take place without withholding dividend tax. It may also occur that the Fund needs to subject share repurchases to dividend tax. Additionally, under certain circumstances, the Fund may elect to withhold dividend tax on the repurchase of shares from its shareholders.

When the Fund is required to withhold dividend tax, it may, under certain circumstances, apply a reduction to the portion that actually needs to be remitted to the tax authorities (reduction of remittance). The amount of the reduction of remittance is determined by the Dutch dividend tax and foreign withholding tax withheld from the Fund (up to a maximum of 15%). Regarding the applicable reduction of remittance related to the withheld foreign withholding tax, there is a limitation for Dutch legal entities exempt from corporate income tax participating in the Fund, and for foreign entities participating in the Fund that are entitled to a refund of Dutch dividend tax under Dutch law or a treaty or agreement for the avoidance of double taxation.

2.12 Fund Agent

The Fund has agreed with ING Bank N.V. that the latter company will act as Fund Agent. The Fund Agent is responsible for the evaluation and the acceptance of the buy and sell orders as entered in the exchange order book with regard to Share Class P of each Sub-fund, subject to the conditions as stated in the prospectus.

The Fund Agent will only accept orders which fulfil the following conditions:

- 1) Orders must be entered on the basis of a standard market settlement deadline.
- 2) Orders must be entered by another party affiliated with Euroclear Nederland.

Once the order book has been closed, the Fund Agent will transmit all buy and sell orders relating to Share Class P of each Sub-fund to the Fund via the Transfer Agent. The transaction price at which these buy and sell orders are executed on the following business day is supplied to Euronext Amsterdam by NYSE Euronext by the manager, via the Fund Agent.

2.13 Transfer Agent

Shares of Share Class U can be bought and sold through the mediation of The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV in Brussels, Belgium. The costs associated with the safe-keeping of shares of investors by The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV in Brussels, Belgium are charged by the manager to the relevant Share Classes. The Transfer Agent, i.e. The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, is responsible for the evaluation and the acceptance of the buy and sell orders concerning shares of the relevant Share Classes as entered in the order book, subject to the conditions stated in the prospectus.

The Transfer Agent will only accept orders which have been entered on the basis of a settlement deadline which is in line with generally accepted market practice. After closure of the order book, the Transfer Agent will forward the balance of all buy and sell orders to the Fund. The transaction price at which these buy and sell orders are executed on the following business day is to be published by the manager.

2.14 Depositary of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.

The assets of the Fund are in the safe-keeping of The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch, as the depositary of the Fund (the 'depositary').

The shareholders' equity of the depositary amounts to at least EUR 730,000.

The manager and depositary of the Fund have entered into a written agreement relating to management and depositary services. The main elements of this agreement are the following:

- The depositary ensures that the cash flows of the Fund are properly controlled and in particular that all payments by or on behalf of investors during the subscription for shares have been received and that all cash of the Fund has been recorded in cash accounts in the name of the Fund or in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the Fund, opened with (in principle) an entity as described in Article 18(1)(a), (b) and (c) of European Directive 2006/73/EC (a credit institution or a bank authorized in a third country).
- The assets of the Fund consisting of financial instruments are entrusted to the depositary. The depositary holds in
 safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be registered on a financial instruments account in the books of the
 depositary, on separate accounts in the name of the Fund. In addition, the depositary holds in safe-keeping all
 financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the depositary.
- For the other assets of the Fund, the depositary determines whether the Fund is the owner of these assets based on information or documents provided by the manager or based on other external evidence. The depositary keeps a register for these other assets.
- The depositary ensures that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares in the Fund take place in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary ensures that the value of the shares in the Fund is calculated in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary carries out the instructions of the manager, unless they conflict with Dutch law or the Articles of Association of the Fund.
- The depositary ensures that the equivalent value of the transactions involving the assets of the Fund is transferred to the Fund by the usual deadlines.
- The depositary ensures that the income of the Fund is allocated in accordance with Dutch law and the Articles of Association of the Fund.

In the context of depositary services, the depositary acts in the interests of the Fund as well as the investors in the Fund.

2.15 Principal risks and uncertainties

Investing in the Sub-fund entails financial opportunities as well as financial risks. The value of investments can both rise and fall, and shareholders of the Sub-fund may receive less than they invested. Diversification of investments is expected to have a mitigating effect on these risks.

A comprehensive overview of the risks, categorized as 'high, medium, and low' risks, associated with the Sub-fund is provided in the prospectus. In the event of new regulations regarding risk management, additional information will be included. The main risks faced by the Sub-fund are:

Market risk

The Sub-fund is sensitive to changes in the value of investments due to fluctuations in prices in financial markets such as equities or fixed-income markets (market risk). Additionally, prices of individual instruments in which the Sub-fund invests may also fluctuate. If the Sub-fund utilizes derivatives as described under "Investment Policy," these may be employed for both hedging risks and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leveraging, thereby increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements.

To mitigate market risks, investments are diversified across various countries, sectors, and/or companies. An overview of the portfolio composition as of each balance sheet date is provided in the Composition of Investments.

Interest rate risk

When investing in fixed-income securities, interest rate risk is incurred. This risk occurs when the interest rate of a security fluctuates. When interest rates decrease, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities increases. Conversely, when interest rates rise, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities decreases.

Currency risk

If investments can be made in securities denominated in currencies other than the currency in which the Sub-fund is denominated, currency fluctuations can have both positive and negative effects on the investment result.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks may arise when a particular underlying investment is difficult to sell. Since the Sub-fund may invest in illiquid securities, there is a risk that the Sub-fund may not have the ability to release financial resources that may be needed to meet certain obligations.

During the reporting period, there were no issues regarding liquidity. The available cash of the Sub-fund was sufficient to manage the inflow and outflow of capital during the reporting period. It is expected that this will also be the case in the upcoming reporting period.

Credit risk

Investors should be fully aware that every investment carries credit risks. Bonds and debt instruments entail actual credit risk on the issuer. This risk can be measured based on the issuer's credit rating. Bonds and debt instruments issued by lower-rated issuers typically carry higher credit risk and a greater chance of default than those issued by higher-rated issuers. If the issuer of bonds or debt instruments encounters financial or economic difficulties, leading to an increase in credit risk and likely downgrade of the rating, it can affect the value of the bonds or debt instruments (which may lose their value entirely).
Fraud risks and corruption

Fraud is any intentional act or omission to mislead others, causing loss to the victim and/or profit to the perpetrator. Corruption is the misuse of entrusted power for personal gain, including bribery. The lack of controls in the payment process increases the likelihood and therefore creates the opportunity for fraud.

The asset management industry is characterized by the management of third party assets, which is quite extensive in its entirety. Having access to these assets increases GSAM BV's inherent fraud and corruption risk profile. To manage this risk, GSAM BV conducts an annual fraud and corruption risk assessment to determine the identification, exposure to and management of these risks. GSAM BV concludes in its annual risk assessment that there are no high residual risks in the context of fraud and corruption. The main inherent risks identified by GSAM BV in the annual risk assessment are the following:

- Cyber risks;
- Unauthorized withdrawal of funds;
- Fraudulent invoices;
- Insider trading risk;
- Bribery.

The following measures have been taken to mitigate these inherent risks:

<u>Cyber risks</u>, cyber risk is recognized as a collective term which, knowingly (e.g. ransomware) or unknowingly (e.g. hack), can lead to a withdrawal of assets. The range of techniques that a malicious person can use is extensive. That is why it is important for GSAM BV to be aware of these techniques and to test its own environment accordingly. The measures taken are inspired by the NIST cyber security framework of protect, detect, respond, recover and identify and are evaluated annually on the basis of the Cyber Security Risk Assessment.

<u>Unauthorized withdrawal of funds</u>, is prevented by having authorization limits and a four (or more) eyes principles, whereby modern techniques such as 2 factor authentication are required.

<u>Fraudulent invoices</u>, the payment of invoices at the expense of an investment fund is only permitted if this corresponds with the prospectus. The beneficiary as well as the correctness of the amounts charged are often verifiable, through a link with the assets. Invoices must be assessed and approved in advance by budget holders, in accordance with the procuration policy. Within this process, a separation of functions has been made between ordering, entering and approval.

<u>Insider trading risk</u>, involves misusing information for personal gain, or having orders executed in such a way that self-enrichment can be achieved at the expense of the fund. The measures taken to prevent this are diverse, including best execution review, mandatory periodic reporting on personal investment portfolios, education in the form of mandatory training and pre-employment screening.

<u>Bribery</u> involves having a tender being influenced by, for example, bribes, dinners, travel and gifts. To mitigate this, GSAM BV has a strict policy, whereby anything with a value of more than fifty euros may not be accepted. Furthermore, in the context of broker execution, price and quality assessments are carried out periodically, the outcome of which is indicative of the extent to which orders are allocated to these brokers.

The residual risk, following from the risks described above, are determined by GSAM BV as 'medium' and are accepted through a formal risk acceptance, or at the level of the foreign GSAM BV entities.

Furthermore, there is a clear legal and operational separation between the asset manager, the external administrator, the fund and the custodian. This segregation of duties has an important preventive effect on the risk of fraud and corruption.

The beforementioned control measures are part of a larger control framework, of which various parts are periodically assessed by an external auditor via the GSAM BV ISAE 3402 report. Furthermore, GSAM BV applies the 3-lines of defense mechanism, in which risk management and internal audit continuously test and monitor the effectiveness of the administrative organization and internal control. GSAM BV also applies various soft controls, such as tone at the top, e-learnings, code of ethics and a whistleblower policy.

Sustainability risks

Sustainability risks can represent their own risk or influence other risks and contribute to general risks, such as market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks or operational risks. Sustainability risks may have a negative impact on the Sub-fund's return.

The sustainability risks to which the Sub-fund may be exposed include, for example:

- Climate change
- Health & safety
- Business conduct

The assessment of sustainability risks, as defined in Article 2(22) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability disclosures in the financial services sector, which Regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time), is integrated into the investment decision process by application of Sub-fund-specific criteria for responsible investing and, where applicable, integration of relevant environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors.

The Sub-fund primarily invests in liquid assets, which means that the mentioned sustainability risks are incorporated into the valuation of the investments.

Issuer default risk

In addition to general trends in the financial markets, specific developments related to the issuer can also impact the value of an investment. Even careful security selection, for example, cannot eliminate the risk of loss due to a decline in value of the issuer's assets. The use of credit derivatives, if mentioned in the investment policy of the Fund, may entail credit risk.

2.16 Developments during the reporting period

2.16.1 General financial and economic developments in 2024

Economic Context

Recession fears continued to moderate at the start of 2024, as the US economy showed resilience despite significant rate hikes in 2022 and 1H 2023. A tight labor market, positive real wage growth, and strong equity markets supported consumer cash flows and balance sheets in the first quarter of 2024, leading to strong consumption. While US inflation prints were higher than expected in January and February, the US Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) signaled confidence in March that disinflation would restart and recent elevated releases would prove temporary. In 2Q 2024, continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, strong earnings growth, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported positive momentum in risk assets. The disinflationary process also restarted, following higher than expected prints in 1Q 2024. US Core PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditures Price Index, Excluding Food and Energy) averaged 0.17% in April and May versus average reading of 0.37% in 1Q 2024.

While a slowdown in private consumption was notable in 2Q 2024, some moderation was arguably welcomed to achieve the US Federal Reserve's 2% inflation target. Any further moderation in consumption, however, could be a concern for policymakers and market participants, and renew fears of a recession. The rebalancing of the US labor market is somewhat similar. After strong data at the start of the year, the number of non-farm jobs added in April moderated to 175k versus an average of 235k in 1Q 2024. This was the lowest print in six months, and slower job growth helped allay fears that the economy was overheating, boosting expectations that interest rate cuts would still occur this year. The job openings rate for May rose to 4.9% from 4.8% in April. At its post pandemic peak, the job openings rate was at 7.4%. Like the consumption slowdown, further moderation in the US jobs opening rate could be reaching an inflection point where further rebalancing may not be encouraging news.

Outside of the US, growth momentum continued to improve albeit from weak levels, especially in Europe. Euro area 1Q 2024 GDP came in at 1.3% q/q annualized following 0.25% q/q annualized in 4Q 2023. Similarly, the UK economy expanded at a pace of 2.9% q/q annualized in 1Q 2024 after contracting at -0.9% annualized pace in 2H 2023. Chinese 1Q GDP surprised to the upside, with a reading of 5.3% y/y versus consensus expectation of 4.8% y/y.

Monetary Policy

The Federal Reserve tilted hawkish at the start of 2024 as inflation surprised to the upside and the strong economy gave US policymakers the option to be patient with the onset of the easing cycle. In May, the risk of renewed rate hikes was reduced due to moderation in US core services inflation and a downward revision of 1Q GDP, which came in at 1.2% q/q annualized versus 1.6% initially reported. In June, the Fed revised its median dot plot projection, which now suggests one 25bps rate cut this year, reduced from three projected in March. There's still a possibility that the Fed may implement two rate cuts in the second half of 2024. Fed Chair Jerome Powell noted during the June press conference that cuts totaling 25bps vs 50bps in 2024 was a close call for many participants.

The FOMC's dual mandate of inflation and labor market looks more two-sided now compared with a year ago when it was squarely focused on inflation. Going forward, the FOMC aims to stabilize the unemployment rate around the current level of 4% and bring inflation down to 2%. Therefore, the timing and magnitude of further policy rate calibration becomes crucial. Easing too soon could reignite inflationary pressures; waiting too long could break the labor market. The potential uncertainty from the upcoming US presidential election further complicates the overall economic outlook.

Elsewhere, the Swiss National Bank surprised markets in March and cut policy rates by 25bps, becoming the first G10 central bank to start its easing cycle. The European Central Bank and the Bank of Canada started their respective easing cycles in June, both cutting by 25bps. In terms of forward guidance, both central banks have suggested that further rate cuts are likely if the data evolves in line with expectations. In the UK, Bank of England leaned dovish, but did not ease policy in June. It noted that the decision to leave rates unchanged was finely balanced and recent strength in services inflation were largely driven by volatile components. The market interpretation was that the bank may be ready to begin easing in August.

On the geopolitical front, markets encountered increased uncertainty in Europe as French President Emmanuel Macron dissolved parliament and called snap parliamentary elections, scheduled for June 30 and July 7, after his party's defeat in the EU parliamentary elections. As a result, the market priced in a higher geopolitical risk premium in European assets leading to underperformance of European assets versus peers. In Asia, the Bank of Japan (BoJ) decided to end its negative interest rate policy at its March meeting.

Bond Markets

Bond yields went higher at the start of 2024 as recession fears continued to ease and the US inflation surprised to the upside. The US 10y yield went up by 35bps to 4.2% in 1Q 2024, following a decline of 70bps in 4Q 2023. Yields were modestly higher in 2Q 2024, with the 10y yield up by 15bps. However, the increase largely happened in April after strong labor market and inflation data leading to the 10y yield moving from 4.2% to 4.7%. Subsequently, as inflation and activity data moderated, the 10y yield declined 35bps in May and June.

In Germany and the UK, 10y yields were up 25bps each in 2Q 2024. Strong 1Q GDP releases along with somewhat stickier inflation and wage data in Europe led to higher yields. In France, the 10y yield was 55bps in 2Q as the market priced in a higher term premium given increased political uncertainty. As a result, the French-German 10y spread widened from 50bps to 80bps by the end of the quarter, the highest level since the European debt crisis in 2011-12. At the short end, the US 2y yield went up by 10bps, leaving the 2s10s curve inverted around -40bps. In Asia, May marked the first time since 2012 that the 10y Japanese government bond yield had been above 1%, a major milestone with the markets pricing in a more hawkish stance from the BoJ over the rest of the year.

Commodities generally delivered strong returns in 1H 2024 with oil (WTI) and copper up by 15% and 13%, respectively. Gold and silver rallied by 13% and 22%. Within currencies, the USD continued its strong performance and was up 2.6% in 2Q, following a gain 1.8% in 1Q. Moderating but still healthy growth, high carry, and political uncertainty in France and Mexico helped USD rally on a trade-weighted basis. JPY was one of the worst performing major currencies, down 6% versus the USD. Negative carry on JPY versus most currencies and a positive environment for pro-risk assets weighed on JPY. GBP was flat whereas EUR was down 0.8% versus the USD. A few notable outliers were AUD, which rallied 2.2% versus the USD, benefitting from relatively hawkish central bank policy given elevated inflation, risk on backdrop, and higher metal prices. MXN, on the others hand, was down 9% versus the USD. A landslide victory of the incumbent party in the Mexican presidential election in May sparked fears of higher fiscal spending with fewer checks and balances coupled with a tail risk of the new government's interference in monetary policy. Since then, attempts by newly elected President Claudia Sheinbaum to calm markets have led to some stabilization in MXN.

Equity Markets

Equities started 2024 on a strong footing with significant gains in 1Q 2024 following a strong end to 2023, with several equity indices reaching all-time highs. Continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, a resilient US economy, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported risk appetite. In 2Q global developed market equities (MSCI World) and emerging market equities (MSCI EM) were up by 3.2% and 6.4%, respectively, following gains of 10% and 4.5% in 1Q. Within developed market equities, US equities outperformed their peers with a gain of 4.5% in 2Q, whereas Japanese equities (TOPIX) were up by 1.7%. Euro area equities (EURO STOXX 50) were down by 1.3% following increased uncertainty in June due to the defeat of President Macron's party in the EU parliamentary election and subsequent call for a snap parliamentary election in France.

Among US sectors, the technology sector outperformed as it rallied 8.8%, followed by utilities, up 4.6%. Materials, industrials, and energy underperformed noticeably with a sell-off of 4.5%, 2.9%, and 2.7%, respectively. Ongoing divergence between mega-cap stocks and the rest remained visible over 2Q 2024. For example, the Magnificent 7 was up by another 16.9% in 2Q, which helped the S&P 500 post a third consecutive quarterly gain of 4.5%. There was weakness elsewhere, as the equal-weighted S&P 500 fell by -2.6%, and the small-cap Russell 2000 was down by 3.3%.

Elsewhere, China equities rallied at the start of 2024, outperforming most DM and EM equity markets, but retreated in June. Widely cited reasons for the pullback include profit-taking after a strong tail-risk compression rally, less-forceful-than-expected property policy announcements against an improved policy expectation backdrop post the April Politburo meeting, resurfacing geopolitical risks regarding cross-strait relations, and sluggish earnings revision trends.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

3. SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2024

(For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024)

3.1 Balance sheet

Before appropriation of the result

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Investments			
Bonds and other fixed income securities	3.5.1	34,674	36,912
Investment funds	3.5.2	83,660	86,036
Equity futures	3.5.4	97	127
Interest futures	3.5.5	81	342
Total investments		118,512	123,417
Receivables	3.5.8		
Receivable for investment transactions		465	-
Interest receivable		327	392
Receivable from shareholders		44	-
Other receivables		221	140
Total receivables		1,057	532
Other assets	3.5.9		
Cash and cash equivalents		782	405
Total other assets		782	405
Total assets		120,351	124,354
Net asset value	3.5.10		
Issued capital		683	725
Share premium		80,606	87,697
Other reserves		34,172	23,524
Undistributed result		3,718	12,023
Net asset value		119,179	123,969
Investments with negative market value	Ie		
Equity futures	3.5.4	2	-
Interest futures	3.5.5	37	4
Total investments with negative marke	et value	39	4
Short term liabilities	3.5.11		
Payable to shareholders		12	290
Other short term liabilities		1,121	91
Total short term liabilities		1,133	381
Total liabilities		120,351	124,354

3.2 Profit and loss statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
OPERATING INCOME			
Income of investments	3.6.1		
Dividend		552	724
Interest from investments		398	432
Revaluation of investments			
Realized revaluation of investments		1,828	496
Unrealized revaluation of investments		1,150	4,094
Other results	3.6.2		
Foreign currency translation		3	-26
Interest other		18	2
Subscription and redemption fee		3	2
Other income		83	82
Total operating income		4,035	5,806
OPERATING EXPENSES	3.6.3		
Operating costs		317	330
Total operating expenses		317	330
Net result		3,718	5,476

3.3 Cashflow statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000 Re	ference	2024	2023
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of investments		-14,300	-22,891
Sales of investments		21,753	28,577
Dividend received		552	724
Interest on investments received		463	532
Other results		20	-26
Operating costs paid		-328	-325
Total cashflow from investments activities		8,160	6,591
CASHFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from subscriptions of shares		2,359	1,387
Payments for redemptions of shares		-9,814	-7,081
Subscription and redemption fee received		3	2
Dividend paid		-334	-402
Total cashflow from financing activities		-7,786	-6,094
NET CASH FLOW		374	497
Foreign currency translation		3	-26
Change in cash and cash equivalents		377	471
Cash and cash equivalents opening balance		405	1,353
Cash and cash equivalents closing balance	3.5.9	782	1,824

3.4 Notes

3.4.1 General notes

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. GSAM BV, located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund. The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV.

The semi-annual financial statements are prepared under going concern principles and in accordance with the financial statement models for investment institutions as established by the legislator. The semi-annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with Title 9 Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Accounting Standard. Wording may be used that deviates from these models to better reflect the contents of the specific items. The 2024 semi-annual financial statement are prepared according to the same principles for the valuation of assets and liabilities, determination of results and cash flow statement as used for the 2023 annual financial statements.

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund II (NL) is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is a variable capital investment company. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has its head office in The Hague, has its registered office in Amsterdam and is listed in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is an open-end investment company structured as an umbrella fund, where the ordinary shares of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are divided into various series, known as "Sub-funds", in which investments can be made separately. For further details, please refer to the "Structure" section in the Board of directors' report.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets allocated to the individual Sub-funds. The semiannual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is available on the website of the manager.

When preparing the semi-annual financial statements, the manager uses estimates and judgments that can be essential to the amounts included in the semi-annual financial statements. If deemed necessary, the nature of these estimates and judgments, including the associated assumptions, are included in the notes to the semi-annual financial statements.

The semi-annual financial statements have not been audited by an independent auditor.

The functional currency of the Sub-fund is the euro. The semi-annual financial statements are presented in thousands of euros, unless stated otherwise. Amounts in whole euros are denoted with a euro symbol (\in). The table below provides the key exchange rates relative to the euro.

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Australian Dollar	AUD	1.60482	1.61886
Brazilian Real	BRL	5.95307	5.36584
British Pound	GBP	0.84785	0.86651
Canadian Dollar	CAD	1.46657	1.45657
Chilean Peso	CLP	1,011.67125	964.65820
Chinese Renminbi	CNY	7.82483	7.86560
Chinese Renminbi (offshore)	CNH	7.82483	7.86560
Colombian Peso	COP	4,441.57930	4,279.34266
Czech Koruna	CZK	25.04600	24.68810
Danish Krone	DKK	7.45763	7.45444
Egyptian Pound	EGP	51.47713	34.16074
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	8.36771	8.62558
Hungarian Forint	HUF	394.93268	382.20861
Indian Rupee	INR	89.37225	91.92054

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Indonesian Rupiah	IDR	17,550.24673	17,008.01178
Israeli Shekel	ILS	4.03760	3.97769
Japanese Yen	JPY	172.40506	155.73095
Kuwaiti Dinar	KWD	0.32875	0.33941
Malaysian Ringgit	MYR	5.05609	5.07578
Mexican Peso	MXN	19.59786	18.70638
New Zealand Dollar	NZD	1.75887	1.74464
Norwegian Krone	NOK	11.41172	11.21832
Peruvian Sol	PEN	4.10568	4.08999
Philippine Peso	PHP	62.81538	61.16901
Polish Zloty	PLN	4.30862	4.34366
Qatari Rial	QAR	3.90228	4.02197
Romanian Leu	RON	4.97728	4.97483
Russian Ruble	RUB	92.44029	98.75413
Saudi Riyal	SAR	4.02086	4.14237
Singapore Dollar	SGD	1.45254	1.45709
South African Rand	ZAR	19.57052	20.20094
South Korean Won	KRW	1,475.29247	1,422.65495
Swedish Krona	SEK	11.35021	11.13232
Swiss Franc	CHF	0.96312	0.92973
Taiwanese Dollar	TWD	34.76985	33.90169
Thai Baht	THB	39.33130	37.70383
Turkish Lira	TRY	35.13638	32.62419
UAE Dirham	AED	3.93662	4.05702
US Dollar	USD	1.07177	1.10463

3.4.2 Securities lending

The Sub-fund is allowed to engage in securities lending techniques to generate additional income. During the reporting period, the Sub-fund did not engage in securities lending.

3.5 Notes to the balance sheet

The presented movement schedules cover the period from 1 January through 30 June

3.5.1 Bonds and other fixed income securities

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	36,912	41,539
Purchases	2,532	1,462
Sales and repayments	-3,627	-5,278
Revaluation	-1,143	651
Closing balance	34,674	38,374

The Composition of investments section that is part of this disclosure, shows the individual bonds and other fixedincome securities included in the portfolio at the end of the reporting period.

3.5.2 Investment funds

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	86,036	80,642
Purchases	11,651	21,414
Sales	-18,352	-22,791
Revaluation	4,325	4,220
Closing balance	83,660	83,485

Overview of investment funds

The below table shows the investment funds in which the Sub-fund was invested at the end of the reporting period. The participation percentage included herein represents the interest in the respective Share Class of the investment fund in which the Sub-fund participates. The investment in Liquid Euro is held for cash management purposes.

At 30 June 2024

Name of the fund sha	Number of ares/participations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1,000
Balans Mix II (NL) - Z	1	15.02	0.7%	-
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris				
Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	561	6,284.31	7.7%	3,527
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	8,497	1,043.70	2.0%	8,868
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NI	<u> </u>	34.67	3.0%	5,517
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	185	4,187.46	0.6%	775
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z 125,553	30.67	0.4%	3,851
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	2,304	196.18	0.3%	452
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	3,983	4,136.21	10.1%	16,473
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	530	5,075.89	2.3%	2,690
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap	EUR 2,165	5,425.77	1.4%	11,747
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	357	7,632.77	1.5%	2,725
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z	Cap EUR 100	14,199.54	0.7%	1,420
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,560	4,750.79	0.7%	7,411
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I	Cap EUR 13,401	497.73	1.3%	6,670
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap	EUR 1,243	7,762.82	7.8%	9,649
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	1,802	1,045.81	0.1%	1,885
Closing balance				83,660

At 31 December 2023

Name of the fund sha	Number of res/participations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1.000
Balans Mix II (NL) - Z	1	14.51	0.7%	-
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris				
Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	556	5,586.83	7.7%	3,107
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	8,733	1,033.61	2.0%	9,026
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL)) - Z 164,690	30.70	2.3%	5,056
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	185	4,180.00	0.6%	773
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL)	- Z 141,241	27.86	0.4%	3,935
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	2,226	178.31	0.8%	397
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	5,311	3,625.17	11.1%	19,253
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	542	4,803.75	2.3%	2,601
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap	EUR 2,165	5,387.30	1.4%	11,664
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	406	6,904.37	1.8%	2,803
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z C	ap EUR 122	12,631.33	0.9%	1,541
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,560	4,808.50	0.7%	7,501
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I C	ap EUR 13,401	490.64	1.2%	6,575
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap E	UR 1,305	7,970.36	8.8%	10,401
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	1,369	1,024.97	0.1%	1,403
Closing balance				86,036

3.5.3 Options purchased

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	-	-
Paid premium	-	25
Revaluation	-	-25
Closing balance	-	-

3.5.4 Equity futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	127	321
Expiration	-239	155
Revaluation	207	-449
Closing balance	95	27

3.5.5 Interest futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	338	317
Expiration	117	-627
Revaluation	-411	193
Closing balance	44	-117

3.5.6 Collateral

To mitigate counterparty risk for the Sub-fund, a collateral arrangement with the counterparty can be established for certain assets. The Sub-fund must determine the value of the received collateral on a daily basis and verify if additional collateral needs to be exchanged.

The collateral is typically provided in the form of:

- Cash and cash equivalents, usually referred to as cash collateral;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by highly rated countries;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by prominent issuers and for which there is a sufficiently liquid market. Bonds issued by financial sector issuers are excluded due to correlation risk; or
- Shares admitted to or traded on a regulated market, provided that these shares are included in a major index.

The Sub-fund must ensure that it is able to enforce its rights to the collateral if an event occurs that requires its exercise. Therefore, the collateral must be available at all times, either directly or through the mediation of a prominent financial institution or a wholly-owned subsidiary of that institution, so that the Sub-fund can immediately seize or liquidate the collateralized assets if the counterparty fails to meet its obligations.

The Sub-fund will ensure that the collateral received from transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions meets the following conditions:

• The collateralized assets received are valued at market prices. To mitigate the risk of the collateral's value held by a Sub-fund being lower than the claim on the counterparty, a conservative markdown policy is applied. This collateral haircut is applied to collateral received in relation to (i) OTC derivatives, (ii) securities lending, and (iii) repo transactions. A markdown is a reduction applied to the value of collateralized assets and aims to absorb the volatility in the value of the collateral between two margin calls or during the required time to liquidate the collateral. This process includes a liquidity element in terms of remaining maturity and a credit quality element in terms of the rating of the security. The markdown policy takes into account the characteristics of the asset class involved, including the creditworthiness of the collateral issuer, the volatility of collateral prices, and potential currency mismatches. Markdowns applied to cash, high-quality government bonds, and corporate bonds typically range between 0% to 15%, and markdowns on equities

range from 10% to 15%. Regulation also requires an additional 8% markdown to be applied when the currency unit of the collateral, if the collateral is a bond, differs from the permitted currency units in the legal documentation for bilateral derivative transactions. In exceptional market conditions, a different markdown level may be applied. Under the agreement with the respective counterparty, which may or may not involve minimum booking amounts, it is intended that, for the purpose of the collateral haircut and if applicable, each received collateral is valued at an amount equal to or higher than the respective exposure of the counterparty;

- The received collateral for OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions must be sufficiently liquid so that they can be quickly sold at a price that deviates little from the pre-sale valuation;
- The collateralized assets are held by the Sub-fund's custodian or by a sub-custodian provided that the Subfund's custodian has transferred the custody of the collateral to such sub-custodian and that the custodian remains liable for the collateral if the sub-custodian loses it;
- Collateral received in the context of transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions cannot be sold or provided as security to a third party during the term of the agreement. However, received cash collateral can be reinvested.

3.5.7 Investments by marketability

Below is the breakdown of the investment portfolio by marketability:

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Exchange quoted	34,813	37,377
Other*	83,660	86,036
Closing balance	118,473	123,413

* This includes all investments that do not fall into the other categories. This may include, among others: units of participation in other investment institutions, commercial paper, deposits with credit institutions, and OTC derivatives.

3.5.8 Receivables

All receivables have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Receivable for investment transactions

These receivables arise due to the fact that there are a few days between the sale date and the receipt date of the payment for investment transactions.

Interest receivable

This concerns accrued, not yet received, interest on investments.

Receivable from shareholders

This concerns amounts receivable from shareholders for subscription to shares.

Other receivables

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Withholding tax*	200	118
Other receivables	21	22
Closing balance	221	140

* Withholding tax receivables have a maturity of less than one year, but it can take longer to receive the amounts causing them to stay on the balance sheet for a longer period.

3.5.9 Other assets

Cash and cash equivalents

This concerns freely available bank accounts, including a margin account related to future contracts. For the duration of the future contracts, the margin account is not fully available for use. The balance of the margin account varies depending on changes in the underlying value.

3.5.10 Net Asset Value

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Class U	Total
<u></u>			
Issued capital			
Opening balance	557	168	725
Subscriptions	1	9	10
Redemptions	-38	-14	-52
Closing balance	520	163	683
Share premium			
Opening balance	61,251	26,446	87,697
Subscriptions	833	1,560	2,393
Redemptions	-7,045	-2,439	-9,484
Closing balance	55,039	25,567	80,606
Other reserves			
Opening balance	23,640	-116	23,524
Transfer from Undistributed result	9,253	2,770	12,023
Dividend	-1,041	-334	-1,375
Closing balance	31,852	2,320	34,172
Undistributed result			
Opening balance	9,253	2,770	12,023
Transfer to Other reserves	-9,253	-2,770	-12,023
Net result for the period	2,813	905	3,718
Closing balance	2,813	905	3,718
Total net asset value	90,224	28,955	119,179

The nominal value per share at the end of the reporting period for all Share Classes of the Sub-fund is \in 0.20.

The share premium reserve is not freely distributable to shareholders for the part that is considered as a legal reserve.

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2023

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Class U	Total
Issued capital			
Opening balance	621	170	791
Subscriptions	3	6	9
Redemptions	-34	-8	-42
Closing balance	590	168	758
Share premium			
Opening balance	71,600	26,860	98,460
Subscriptions	496	1,003	1,499
Redemptions	-5,544	-1,353	-6,897
Closing balance	66,552	26,510	93,062
Other reserves			
Opening balance	44,857	5,618	50,475
Transfer from Undistributed result	-19,832	-5,332	-25,164
Dividend	-1,385	-402	-1,787
Closing balance	23,640	-116	23,524
Undistributed result			
Opening balance	-19,832	-5,332	-25,164
Transfer to Other reserves	19,832	5,332	25,164
Net result for the period	4,249	1,227	5,476
Closing balance	4,249	1,227	5,476
Total net asset value	95,031	27,789	122,820

3.5.11 Short term liabilities

All short term liabilities have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Payable to shareholders

The concerns the amount payable for redemptions of shares.

Other short term liabilities

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Accrued expenses	80	91
Dividends payable	1,041	-
Closing balance	1,121	91

3.5.12 Off-balance sheet rights and obligations

At the reporting date, there are no off-balance sheet rights and obligations.

3.6 Notes of the profit and loss statement

3.6.1 Income of investments

Dividend

Dividend includes gross cash dividends net of non-recoverable foreign withholding tax and compensation for missed direct investment returns on securities lent.

Additionally, this may include the offsetting via tax credits of Dutch and foreign withholding tax, which is possible under the status of the Sub-fund as a fiscal investment institution as recognized by the Dutch tax authorities.

Interest

This relates to interest income from investments.

3.6.2 Other result

Foreign currency translation

This concerns the foreign currency translation result on other balance sheet items.

Interest other

This relates to the interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and margin account during the reporting period.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fees charged to shareholders for the subscription or redemption of shares in a Sub-fund. This fee is calculated as a percentage-based entry or exit fee on the net asset value per share to protect existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficiary to the Sub-fund.

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Subscription and redemption fee	3	2

The applicable subscriptions and redemption fees during the reporting period are included in the schedule below.

Subscription and redemption fee	Percentage	Applicable from	Valid through
Subscription fee	0.05%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024
Redemption fee	0.03%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024

Other income

Other income includes all income items that are not generated from investments. This also includes reimbursements of allocated costs related to investments in other investment funds. These allocated costs are included in the (un)realized revaluation of the underlying investment funds and are reimbursed for Share Classes with an all-in fee or a Fixed Miscellaneous Fee, as these costs are already included in the all-in fee or Fixed Miscellaneous Fee of the respective Share Class.

3.6.3 Operating expenses

Operating costs

The operating costs consist of the management fee, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee and all-in fee. These costs are further explained in the notes for each Share Class, included in this semi-annual report.

3.7 Other general notes

3.7.1 Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events.

3.8 Notes to Share Class P

3.8.1 Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	94,701	97,246
Subscriptions	834	499
Redemptions	-7,083	-5,578
Dividend	-1,041	-1,385
	-7,290	-6,464
Investment income	721	897
Other results	80	47
Management fee	-183	-195
Other expenses	-69	-73
	549	676
Revaluation of investments	2,264	3,573
Closing balance	90,224	95,031

3.8.2 Net asset value

	30-06-2024	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Net asset value (x € 1,000)	90,224	94,701	97,246
Shares outstanding (number)	2,601,827	2,783,817	3,106,088
Net asset value per share (in €)	34.68	34.02	31.31

3.8.3 Performance

For the period 1 January through 30 June

	2024	2023	2022
Net performance Share Class (%)	3.11	4.49	-13.18
Performance of the index (%)	3.39	4.96	-12.40
Relative performance (%)	-0.28	-0.47	-0.78

3.8.4 Expenses

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Management fee	183	195
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	69	73
Total operating costs Share Class P	252	268

The management fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.40% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The Fixed Miscellaneous Fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.15% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The fixed miscellaneous fee serves to compensate for regular and/or recurring expenses incurred by the Sub-fund, such as the costs of administration, reporting (also understood to include the costs of data provision and the processing and calculation of the financial data of the investment fund), the safe-keeping of the assets, the auditor, the supervision, any stock exchange listing, making payments, publications, shareholder meetings, legal proceedings including any class actions, fee sharing arrangements within the scope of securities lending, the costs of collateral management activities as well as external advisers and service providers, such as – where appropriate – the Fund Agent and Transfer Agent. Where applicable, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee also includes costs included in the value of investment funds.

3.9 Notes to Share Class U

3.9.1 Statement of changes in net assets

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	29,268	27,316
Subscriptions	1,569	1,009
Redemptions	-2,453	-1,361
Dividend	-334	-402
	-1,218	-754
Investment income	229	259
Other results	27	13
All-in fee	-65	-62
	191	210
Revaluation of investments	714	1,017
Closing balance	28,955	27,789

3.9.2 Net asset value

	30-06-2024	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Net asset value (x € 1,000)	28,955	29,268	27,316
Shares outstanding (number)	814,447	839,647	852,372
Net asset value per share (in €)	35.55	34.86	32.05

3.9.3 Performance

For the period 1 January through 30 June

	2024	2023	2022
Net performance Share Class (%)	3.16	4.54	-13.14
Performance of the index (%)	3.39	4.96	-12.40
Relative performance (%)	-0.23	-0.42	-0.74

3.9.4 Expenses

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
All-in fee	65	62
Total operating costs Share Class U	65	62

The all-in fee for Share Class U of the Sub-fund is 0.45% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

This all-in fee serves to compensate the management fee as well as for regular and/or recurring expenses incurred by the Sub-fund, such as the costs of administration, reporting (also understood to include the costs of data provision and the processing and calculation of the financial data of the investment fund), the safe-keeping of the assets, the auditor, the supervision, any stock exchange listing, making payments, publications, shareholder meetings, legal proceedings including any class actions, fee sharing arrangements within the scope of securities lending, the costs of collateral management activities as well as external advisers and service providers, such as – where appropriate – the Transfer Agent. Where applicable, the all-in fee also includes costs included in the value of investment funds.

3.10 Composition of investments

At 30 June 2024

The following breakdown of the investments provides a detailed overview of the bond and other fixed-income securities portfolio.

76 72 142 197 88 151 86 41 95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113 302
142 197 88 151 86 41 95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
197 88 151 86 41 95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
88 151 86 41 95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
151 86 41 95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
86 41 95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
41 95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
95 126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
126 55 135 33 20 82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
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82 266 137 55 168 431 150 113
266 137 55 168 431 150 113
137 55 168 431 150 113
55 168 431 150 113
168 431 150 113
431 150 113
150 113
113
302
198
199
167
260
111
49
101
177
173
211
96
143
213
50
160
104
130
134
60
66
344
1,059

Currency	Nominal	Dereentere	Nome	
Currency EUR	x 1,000 250	Percentage 4.750	Name BUNDESREPUB DEUTSCHLAND 04/07/2028	x € 1,000 271
EUR	363	4.750	BUNDESREPUB DEUTSCHLAND 04/07/2020	460
EUR	330	4.730	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 04/01/2037	379
EUR	274	0.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 04/01/2037 BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2028	255
EUR	160		BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2028 BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2030	
		0.000		
EUR	250	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2031	214
EUR	340	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2032	284
EUR	593	2.300	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2033	586
EUR	95	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/05/2036	70
EUR	200	0.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2027	188
EUR	378	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2029	335
EUR	332	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2030	287
EUR	297	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2031	251
EUR	179	2.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2046	173
EUR	207	1.250	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2048	155
EUR	141	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2050	72
EUR	170	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2050	86
EUR	100	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2052	48
EUR	140	1.800	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2053	115
EUR	235	2.450	BUONI POLIENNAALI DEL TES 01/09/2033	209
EUR	230	4.100	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/02/2029	236
EUR	390	1.650	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2032	336
EUR	200	4.200	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2034	203
EUR	214	3.350	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2035	201
EUR	70	3.100	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2040	60
EUR	130	2.700	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2047	98
EUR	120	3.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2048	103
EUR	60	2.800	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2067	42
EUR	349	0.900	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/04/2031	291
EUR	261	1.600	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/06/2026	252
EUR	307	2.200	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/06/2027	297
EUR	250	4.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2028	262
EUR	55	4.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2043	55
EUR	130	4.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2044	135
EUR	140	2.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2050	97
EUR	69	1.700	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2051	40
EUR	50	2.150	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2052	32
EUR	69	4.500	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/10/2053	68
EUR	478	2.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/12/2025	469
EUR	114	1.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/12/2026	108
EUR	217	2.800	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/12/2028	211
EUR	300	0.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/02/2029	262
EUR	460	3.500	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/02/2023	454
EUR	350		BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/05/2025	344
EUR		1.450		
	411	0.950	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 05/09/2027	381
EUR	196	5.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/02/2033	222
EUR	468	4.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/02/2037	462
EUR	297	6.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/05/2031	338
EUR	163	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/08/2034	176
EUR	230	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/08/2039	246
EUR	251	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/09/2040	269
EUR	230	7.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2026	250

Currency X1000 Percentage Name x € 1,000 EUR 220 6.500 BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2027 351 EUR 255 5.260 BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2027 351 EUR 57 4.000 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2028 100 EUR 72 2.625 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2028 66 EUR 55 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2026 53 EUR 815 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2021 73 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2021 167 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 168 EUR 180 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2021 227 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 239 EUR 370 0.500<		Nominal			Value
EUR 320 6.500 BUON POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2027 351 EUR 266 6.250 BUON POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2029 287 EUR 100 2.750 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2028 100 EUR 72 2.625 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 66 EUR 55 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 85 0.750 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 73 EUR 89 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 73 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT CP) 25/02/2029 165 EUR 184 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OP) 25/02/2029 255 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OP) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OP) 25/06/2029 256 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OP) 25/06/2029 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OP) 25/05/203 247 EUR 270 0.50	Currency		Percentage	Name	
EUR 57 4.000 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2025 57 EUR 100 2.750 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2024 66 EUR 55 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 85 0.750 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 88 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 89 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 73 EUR 89 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2023 83 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027 167 EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2029 255 EUR 70 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2027 227 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/203 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRA	_				
EUR 100 2.750 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2028 100 EUR 72 2.625 FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 66 EUR 85 0.750 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 85 0.750 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 73 EUR 181 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 73 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027 165 EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028 265 EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2025 158 EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 352 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 239 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 239 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 239 EUR 270 0.750 F	EUR	265	5.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2029	287
EUR 72 2.625 FINLND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 66 EUR 55 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 185 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 189 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043 73 EUR 181 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043 73 EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027 167 EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 255 EUR 554 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2027 227 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 211 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 117 EUR 270 0.500 FRANC	EUR	57	4.000	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2025	57
EUR 55 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 85 0.750 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 73 EUR 118 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043 73 EUR 181 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043 73 EUR 181 0.600 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027 167 EUR 180 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028 265 EUR 160 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026 352 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 130 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 333 EUR 149 3.000 FRANCE	EUR	100	2.750		100
EUR 85 0.750 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031 74 EUR 118 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043 73 EUR 89 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/09/2027 83 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028 265 EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 180 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026 352 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 291 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 214 EUR 133 0.000 FRANCE (G	EUR	72	2.625	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042	66
EUR 118 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043 73 EUR 89 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043 73 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027 167 EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 160 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2025 540 EUR 554 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 120 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 <td>EUR</td> <td>55</td> <td>0.500</td> <td>FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2026</td> <td>53</td>	EUR	55	0.500	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2026	53
EUR 89 0.500 FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/09/2027 83 EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028 265 EUR 180 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028 255 EUR 180 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2025 540 EUR 554 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2026 352 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2028 248 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2029 233 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2030 291 EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2033 117 EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2033 124 EUR 193 3000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GO	EUR	85	0.750	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2031	74
EUR 181 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027 167 EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028 265 EUR 160 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 352 EUR 240 1.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 239 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 248 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 248 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 244 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/203 214 EUR 10.1 570 FRANCE (GOVT OF	EUR	118	0.500	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2043	73
EUR 287 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028 265 EUR 160 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2025 540 EUR 354 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 240 1.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026 352 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/204 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/204 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GO	EUR	89	0.500	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/09/2027	83
EUR 160 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029 158 EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2055 158 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2055 158 EUR 554 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2027 227 EUR 240 1.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 120 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 120 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 <td>EUR</td> <td>181</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027</td> <td>167</td>	EUR	181	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2027	167
EUR 230 5.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029 255 EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2055 158 EUR 554 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026 352 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 167 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 167 2.000 FRANCE (EUR	287	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2028	265
EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2055 158 EUR 554 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026 352 EUR 240 1.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 120 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 17 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052	EUR	160	2.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029	158
EUR 150 4.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2055 158 EUR 554 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025 540 EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026 352 EUR 240 1.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 120 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 17 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052	EUR	230	5.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029	255
EUR 370 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026 352 EUR 240 1.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2027 227 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2029 239 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 433 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 120 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 168 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 156 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT	EUR	150	4.000		158
EUR 240 1.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2027 227 EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2029 239 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 159 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (G	EUR	554	0.500		
EUR 270 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028 248 EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 187 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 186 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (G	EUR	370	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026	352
EUR 270 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2029 239 EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 233 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 116 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 122 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT	EUR	240	1.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2027	
EUR 300 2.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030 291 EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 120 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR <t< td=""><td></td><td>270</td><td></td><td>FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028</td><td></td></t<>		270		FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028	
EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOV	EUR	270	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2029	239
EUR 439 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031 397 EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOV	EUR	300			291
EUR 313 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032 246 EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2039 150 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 272 0.250 FRANCE (GOV	EUR	439	1.500		397
EUR 119 3.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 117 EUR 400 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034 333 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 122 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/204 79 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/204 79 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027 268 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT					
EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066 61 EUR 60 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026 306 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT O	EUR		3.000		
EUR 294 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036 234 EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033 150 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2034 79 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT O	EUR	400	1.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034	333
EUR 77 1.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038 58 EUR 250 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 159 EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2032 303 EUR 226 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 226 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028 263 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT	EUR	294	1.250		
EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066 61 EUR 60 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 303 EUR 237 0.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 238 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 280 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT	EUR	77	1.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2038	58
EUR 157 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048 116 EUR 186 1.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050 120 EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066 61 EUR 60 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 303 EUR 237 0.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 238 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 280 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT	EUR	250	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040	159
EUR 187 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052 94 EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066 61 EUR 60 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2044 79 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027 268 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026 306 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028 263 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028 235 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 379 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 238 EUR 400 3.500 FRANCE (REPUB	EUR	157	2.000		116
EUR 250 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053 122 EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066 61 EUR 60 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2044 79 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027 268 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 303 EUR 327 0.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 303 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031 303 EUR 260 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2035 176 EUR 400 3.500 FRANCE (REPU	EUR	186	1.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050	120
EUR 100 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066 61 EUR 60 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072 21 EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2044 79 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027 268 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026 306 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028 263 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 379 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031 303 EUR 260 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2026 403 EUR 400 3.500 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035 176 EUR 156 4.750 FRANCE (EUR	187	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052	94
EUR600.500FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/207221EUR1871.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039150EUR1400.500FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039150EUR2712.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/204479EUR2712.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027268EUR2565.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032303EUR3270.250FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026306EUR2900.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028263EUR2850.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030235EUR3790.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031303EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR2602.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	250	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053	122
EUR 187 1.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039 150 EUR 140 0.500 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2044 79 EUR 271 2.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027 268 EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 327 0.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026 306 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028 263 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 379 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031 303 EUR 260 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2026 403 EUR 400 3.500 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035 176 EUR 156 4.750 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041 209 EUR 187 4.500 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041 209 EUR 200 4.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2045 199 EUR 200 4.000	EUR	100	1.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066	61
EUR1400.500FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/204479EUR2712.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027268EUR2565.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032303EUR3270.250FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026306EUR2900.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028263EUR2850.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030235EUR2850.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031303EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	60	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072	21
EUR2712.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027268EUR2565.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032303EUR3270.250FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026306EUR2900.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028263EUR2850.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030235EUR3790.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031303EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	187	1.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039	150
EUR 256 5.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032 303 EUR 327 0.250 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026 306 EUR 290 0.750 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028 263 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030 235 EUR 285 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031 303 EUR 379 0.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031 303 EUR 260 2.000 FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032 238 EUR 400 3.500 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026 403 EUR 156 4.750 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035 176 EUR 187 4.500 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041 209 EUR 200 4.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060 212 EUR 210 3.250 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2038 212 EUR 200 4.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038 212 EUR 250 0.000 </td <td>EUR</td> <td>140</td> <td>0.500</td> <td>FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2044</td> <td>79</td>	EUR	140	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2044	79
EUR3270.250FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026306EUR2900.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028263EUR2850.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030235EUR3790.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031303EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	271	2.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027	268
EUR2900.750FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028263EUR2850.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030235EUR3790.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031303EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	256	5.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032	303
EUR2850.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030235EUR3790.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031303EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	327	0.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026	306
EUR3790.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031303EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	290	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028	263
EUR2602.000FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032238EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	285	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030	235
EUR4003.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026403EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	379	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031	303
EUR1564.750FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035176EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	260	2.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032	238
EUR1874.500FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041209EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060212EUR2103.250FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045199EUR2004.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038212EUR2500.000FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029213EUR3675.625GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028405EUR503.250GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/204254	EUR	400	3.500	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026	403
EUR 200 4.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060 212 EUR 210 3.250 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045 199 EUR 200 4.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038 212 EUR 250 0.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029 213 EUR 367 5.625 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028 405 EUR 50 3.250 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 54	EUR	156	4.750	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035	176
EUR 210 3.250 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045 199 EUR 200 4.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038 212 EUR 250 0.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029 213 EUR 367 5.625 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028 405 EUR 50 3.250 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 54	EUR	187	4.500	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041	209
EUR 200 4.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038 212 EUR 250 0.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029 213 EUR 367 5.625 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028 405 EUR 50 3.250 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 54	EUR	200	4.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060	212
EUR 250 0.000 FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029 213 EUR 367 5.625 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028 405 EUR 50 3.250 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 54	EUR	210	3.250	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045	199
EUR 367 5.625 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028 405 EUR 50 3.250 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 54	EUR	200	4.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038	212
EUR 50 3.250 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042 54	EUR	250	0.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029	213
	EUR	367	5.625	GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/01/2028	405
EUR 173 2.500 GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2044 168	EUR	50	3.250	GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042	54
	EUR	173	2.500	GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2044	168

	Nominal			Value
Currency	x 1,000	Percentage	Name	x € 1,000
EUR	109	1.000	IRISH TSY 15/05/2026	105
EUR	94	0.200	IRISH TSY 15/05/2027	87
EUR	63	1.100	IRISH TSY 15/05/2029	58
EUR	9	2.400	IRISH TSY 15/05/2030	9
EUR	63	1.300	IRISH TSY 15/05/2033	55
EUR	78	1.700	IRISH TSY 15/05/2037	67
EUR	62	1.500	IRISH TSY 15/05/2050	43
EUR	59	2.000	IRISH TSY 18/02/2045	48
EUR	140	1.350	IRISH TSY 18/03/2031	128
EUR	65	0.200	IRISH TSY 18/10/2030	55
EUR	202	4.500	ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 01/03/2026	205
EUR	150	3.250	ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 01/09/2046	125
EUR	201	2.500	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2033	197
EUR	60	4.000	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2037	67
EUR	107	3.750	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2042	119
EUR	378	5.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2028	413
EUR	59	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2038	40
EUR	89	0.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2040	62
EUR	50	3.250	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2044	52
EUR	190	2.750	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2047	185
EUR	45	2.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2054	37
EUR	266	0.250	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2025	258
EUR	190	0.250	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2029	169
EUR	80	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2030	68
EUR	85	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2031	70
EUR	85	1.150	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 11/04/2042	58
EUR	33	1.000	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 12/04/2052	18
EUR	191	3.875	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 15/02/2030	201
EUR	82	4.100	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 15/04/2037	88
EUR	161	1.650	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 16/07/2032	145
EUR	42	1.500	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 02/11/2086	24
EUR	180	4.850	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/03/2026	185
EUR	100	4.150	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/03/2037	110
EUR	200	6.250	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/07/2027	219
EUR	96	0.500	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2029	86
EUR	154	0.000	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2030	131
EUR	150	0.000	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2031	124
EUR	68	1.500	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2047	49
EUR	95	0.750	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/03/2051	53
EUR	20	0.700	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/04/2071	9

Currency	Nominal x 1,000	Percentage	Name	Value x € 1,000
EUR	54	3.150	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/06/2044	53
EUR	58	2.100	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/09/2117	42
EUR	100	2.400	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 23/05/2034	95
EUR	30	3.800	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 26/01/2062	33
EUR	186	5.900	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2026	196
EUR	222	5.750	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2032	262
EUR	130	4.900	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2040	148
EUR	113	4.700	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2041	126
Total				34,674
Investment fu	unds			83,660

Total of investments	118,473
Interest futures	44
Equity futures	95
Investment funds	83,660

For the composition of investments at 31 December 2023, please refer to the 2023 annual report of the Sub-fund. This annual report is available on the website of the manager.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

4.1 Statutory provisions regarding appropriation of results

According to Article 23 of the Articles of Association of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. the Executive Board decides for each type of shares what part of the balance will be allocated to the additional reserve maintained for the relevant type. After the aforementioned addition, a dividend, in so far as possible, is paid on the priority shares equal to six per cent (6%) of the nominal value of these shares. There is no further distribution of profit on the priority shares the general meeting decides otherwise.

If the aforementioned balance of income and expenses is negative, the amount is deducted from the additional reserve that is maintained for the relevant type of shares.

4.2 Management interest

The total personal interest in (the investments of) the Sub-fund (if applicable, including investments in GSAM BV funds in which participation occurred) in number of shares and option rights, or nominal value in bonds, held by the Board members at 30 June 2024 and 1 January 2024, is specified as follows:

	Туре	30-06-2024	1-1-2024
Aegon	Shares	15,000	15,000
Akzo Nobel	Shares	60	60
ING Group	Shares	95	95
KPN	Shares	140	140
NN Group	Shares	1,491	100
NN Group*	Share plan account	4,064	3,571

* This is an online investment account where the deferred variable compensation of GSAM BV employees is administered. Under strict conditions, shares obtained from this online investment account can be traded.

GOLDMAN SACHS DYNAMIC MIX FUND III (NL)

Semi-annual Report 2024

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1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

(Sub-fund of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.)

Manager / Executive Board

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. Prinses Beatrixlaan 35 2595 AK The Hague, The Netherlands Internet: https://am.gs.com

Members of Executive Board Goldman Sachs Asset management B.V.

P. den Besten M.C.M. Canisius G.E.M. Cartigny B.G.J. van Overbeek E.J. Siermann

Depositary

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

Fund Agent

ING Bank N.V. Bijlmerplein 888 1102 MG Amsterdam The Netherlands

Banker

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV Boulevard Anspachlaan 1 1000 B-Brussels Belgium

Transfer Agent

The Bank of New York Mellon NV/SA, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

2.1 Key figures Share Class P

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net asset value (x 1,000)	€	221,642	220,982	216,329	275,376	248,992
Shares outstanding (number)		5,540,155	5,789,626	6,192,721	6,615,715	6,695,038
Net asset value per share	€	40.01	38.17	34.93	41.62	37.19
Transaction price	€	39.99	38.15	34.95	41.66	37.23
Dividend per share	€	0.52	0.83	0.34	0.59	0.56
Net performance Share Class	%	6.17	11.79	-15.27	13.60	6.11
Performance of the index	%	6.54	12.58	-14.97	11.50	5.87
Relative performance	%	-0.37	-0.79	-0.30	2.10	0.24

2.2 Notes to the key figures

2.2.1 Reporting period

The key figures for 2024 relate to the positions at 30 June and the period from 1 January through 30 June. The key figures for the other years relate to the positions at 31 December and the period from 1 January through 31 December, unless stated otherwise.

2.2.2 Net asset value per share

The net asset value of each Share Class of the Sub-fund will be determined by the manager. The manager calculates the net asset value per Share Class each business day. The net asset value per share of each Share Class is determined by dividing the net asset value of a Share Class by the number of outstanding shares of that Share Class at the calculation date.

2.2.3 Transaction price

The transaction price of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is determined by the manager on each business day and is based on the net asset value per share of each Share Class with an upcharge (subscription fee) or discount (redemption fee) to cover the costs of purchase and sale of 'physical' investments. The subscription and redemption fee is for the protection of existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund. When no transaction has taken place on a business day, the transaction price is equal to the net asset value per share.

2.2.4 Net performance

The net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is based on the net asset value per share, taking into account any dividend distributions. The relative performance is the difference between the net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund and the performance of the index.

2.3 General information

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL) ('the Sub-fund') is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (refer to paragraph 2.9 Structure for more information). The semi-annual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (hereinafter referred to as the 'Fund') is available on the website of the manager.

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. ('GSAM BV'), located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund and is licensed by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets ('Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten', also referred to as 'AFM') under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV. All shares in GSAM BV are held by Goldman Sachs Asset Management International Holdings B.V. Both entities are part of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as 'Goldman Sachs').

Goldman Sachs is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and qualifies as a bank holding company under US law. Goldman Sachs is a globally operating financial institution which – by means of a substantial variety of leading companies and subsidiaries – offers (integrated) financial services to private individuals, companies and institutions.

The AFM and the central bank of the Netherlands ('De Nederlandsche Bank N.V.', also referred to as 'DNB') act as supervisors. The AFM is charged with conduct supervision on the grounds of the Wft. Prudential supervision is performed by DNB.

2.4 Objective

The Sub-fund aims to achieve a better overall long-term return than the index through active management.

2.5 Investment policy

The composition of Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL) will, in principle, show a long-term allocation of 50% fixed-income securities and 50% equities. As a result of tactical asset allocation, the equity component of the Subfund will fluctuate within a 20% bandwidth. This bandwidth applies to both potential overweight and underweight positions.

The Sub-fund is actively managed to invest in financial instruments with an attractive risk and return profile according to a systematic investment process, with deviation limits applied relative to the index. The composition of the Sub-fund's investments may therefore materially differ from that of the index. The index is a representative reflection of the investment universe. The Sub-fund may invest in financial instruments that are not included in the index.

The Sub-fund primarily invests 50% globally in equities, where equities are understood in the broadest sense of the word, including claims, profit-sharing certificates, founders' shares, options, and warrants for the acquisition or disposal of such securities, as well as other similar securities and financial instruments with comparable risk and return characteristics. Investments are globally diversified across regions, countries, and sectors. The exact weighting of equities in the portfolio is within the specified range and depends on the manager's view and resulting tactical asset allocation, and is therefore not constant.

Additionally, the Sub-fund primarily invests 50% in fixed-income securities. The Sub-fund aims to achieve a combination within a broad range of interest-related instruments. The Sub-fund may invest in, among others, government bonds, corporate bonds, convertible bonds, asset-backed securities, and money market instruments. These instruments can be denominated in the currencies of both developed and emerging markets.

The Sub-fund promotes ecological and/or social characteristics, as described in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (concerning sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, which may be amended or supplemented from time to time).
The Sub-fund applies Stewardship as well as an ESG integration approach and exclusion criteria regarding various activities. Additional information can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund considers the principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors mainly through Stewardship. Information regarding the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund has the possibility to hold investments both directly and indirectly – for example, by gaining exposure to the relevant financial instruments through derivatives or investments in other investment funds.

The Sub-fund may use derivatives such as options, futures, warrants, swaps, and forward foreign exchange contracts. These can be used for hedging risks and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leverage, increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements. When using derivatives, it is ensured that the portfolio as a whole remains within the investment restrictions. The risk profile corresponding to the type of investor the Sub-fund targets does not change as a result of using these instruments.

In addition to the above, the following applies to the investment policy of the Fund:

- the assets can be invested in both euros and foreign currencies;
- the Sub-fund can invest more than 35% of the invested assets in securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by the Netherlands, Germany, Italy, Spain, and France, or by a public body with regulatory authority in these member states, and has obtained an exemption from the AFM in accordance with Article 136, paragraph 2 of the Decree on Conduct of Business Supervision of Financial Undertakings;
- if deemed necessary by the manager, risks such as currency risks can be hedged relative to the index;
- to the extent that the assets are not invested in the aforementioned financial instruments, the assets may be invested in certain money market instruments (e.g., certificates of deposit and commercial paper), money market investment funds, or held in the form of liquid assets;
- additional income can be generated by entering into "repurchase agreements" ("repos") and "lending transactions" (lending securities from the investment portfolio);
- in accordance with the provisions on leverage financing in the prospectus, the expected maximum level of gross leverage (sum of nominal values) of the Sub-fund is 100% and the expected maximum level of net leverage (commitment method) is 100%;
- the 'global exposure' of this Sub-fund is determined using the 'relative Value-at-Risk' method;
- the manager of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has the authority to enter into short-term loans on behalf of the Sub-fund as a debtor;
- transactions with affiliated parties will take place on market terms;
- the Sub-fund invests, in line with its investment policy, globally in financial instruments via stock exchanges with approved counterparties by the manager. The major equity markets are located worldwide. Possible examples include New York, London, and Tokyo.

2.6 Dividend policy

The Sub-fund pursues an active dividend policy aimed at distributing the profit for each financial year no later than 8 months after the end of the financial year. Management may consider paying interim dividends or distributing more than the annual profit. The amount and frequency of distributions may vary from year to year and may be zero. Distributions may vary per Share Class as well as the payment method of the distribution.

2.7 Index

Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Aggregate (50%) and the MSCI AC World (NR) (50%).

2.8 Outsourcing

Outsourcing of fund accounting

The manager of the Fund has outsourced the accounting function to The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV. This outsourcing relates to, among others, the calculation of the net asset value, maintaining accounting records and processing of and executing payments. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of these services.

Outsourcing of financial reporting

The manager of the Fund, has outsourced the preparation of multiple financial reports, including the (semi-)annual reports of the Dutch GSAM BV funds, to DM Financial Netherlands B.V. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of all financial reports.

2.9 Structure

The Fund is an open-end investment company with variable capital as described in Article 76a of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Except in special circumstances, the Fund may in principle issue or redeem shares on any business day.

The Fund is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ('UCITS') within the meaning of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). GSAM BV acts as manager of the Fund as defined in Section 1:1 of the Wft and in that capacity holds a license as defined in Section 2:69b(1), preamble and part (a) of the Wft from the AFM.

The Fund has an umbrella structure, which means that the ordinary shares are divided into various series of shares, with each series of shares corresponding to a separate Sub-fund. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets held by the individual Sub-funds.

A Sub-fund is a segregated part of the capital of the Fund for which a separate investment policy is pursued. The Wft states that all standards directed in whole or in part towards the Fund are also applicable to the Sub-funds. The part of the assets of the Sub-fund to be paid into, or allocated to, each Fund is invested separately in accordance with a specific investment policy. Both gains and losses in the investment portfolio of a Sub-fund are credited or charged to the relevant Sub-fund.

The capital of a Sub-fund is segregated and subject to a statutory priority arrangement. Consequently, the assets of a Sub-fund may only be used to pay liabilities connected to the management and safe-keeping of the Sub-fund and the shares in that Sub-fund.

A Sub-fund is divided into one or more Share Classes. The Share Classes within the Sub-fund may differ in terms of cost and fee structure, the minimum amount of initial investment, demands on the quality of the investors, the currency in which the net asset value is expressed, etc.

Summary of the main characteristics per Share Class at 30-06-2024

Share Class P	
Investor type	This is a listed Share Class intended for private (non-professional) investors.
Legal Name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL) - P
Commercial name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL)
Trading symbol	GSDM3
ISIN code	NL0000293165
Management fee	0.50%
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	0.15%
Subscription and redemption fee	
Subscription fee	0.05%
Redemption fee	0.04%
Maximum subscription fee	0.40%
Maximum redemption fee	0.40%

Fees

Management fee

An annual management fee is charged to the Share Class, which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis by using the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of every day.

Fixed Miscellaneous Fee

In addition to the management fee, other costs are charged to the Share Class. These costs are charged through a fixed annual fee, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee ('Vaste Overige Kostenvergoeding'), which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis on the total assets of the Share Class at the end of each day.

Other costs

Other costs may be charged to the Share Class. These costs, if applicable, are further explained in the notes to the respective Share Class as included in the financial statements.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fee charged to shareholders upon the purchase or sale of shares in the Sub-fund. The fee is calculated as a percentage markup or markdown on the net asset value per share, serves to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund.

The actual percentage of the subscription and redemption fee can fluctuate and is published on the manager's website. This percentage may be changed without prior notice if the manager deems it necessary to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund.

Maximum subscription and redemption fee

For transparency reasons, the manager has set a maximum percentage of the net asset value of the shares for the subscription and redemption fee. In exceptional market conditions, at the discretion of the manager, the manager may, in the interest of the existing investors of the Sub-fund, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time in the event of exceptionally large orders to buy and sell shares in the Sub-fund, to compensate for the related additional transaction costs.

2.10 Tax aspects

The Sub-fund is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V., which has the status of a fiscal investment institution (FBI) as defined in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. The Fund is established to meet the conditions of a fiscal investment institution as referred to in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. A fiscal investment institution is subject to the special corporate income tax rate of 0%. If the Fund does not meet the conditions, the status of fiscal investment institution will generally be revoked retroactively to the beginning of the year, and the Fund will become subject to normal corporate income tax. The manager ensures, to the extent possible, that the Fund continues to comply with the conditions set forth in the law and in the Investment Institution Decree.

One of the key conditions is that the Sub-fund must distribute the distributable profit to the shareholders within eight months after the end of the financial year (distribution obligation). A positive balance of capital gains on securities and a positive balance related to the disposal of other investments (both realized and unrealized), after deducting a proportional share of the costs associated with the management of the investments, is added to the so-called reinvestment reserve and does not fall under the distribution obligation. Additionally, under certain conditions, the Sub-fund can form a rounding reserve of up to 1% of the paid-up capital, which can partially suspend the distribution obligation.

The Fund generally withholds 15% dividend tax on profit distributions. Under certain circumstances, a distribution from the reinvestment reserve may take place without withholding dividend tax. It may also occur that the Fund needs to subject share repurchases to dividend tax. Additionally, under certain circumstances, the Fund may elect to withhold dividend tax on the repurchase of shares from its shareholders.

When the Fund is required to withhold dividend tax, it may, under certain circumstances, apply a reduction to the portion that actually needs to be remitted to the tax authorities (reduction of remittance). The amount of the reduction of remittance is determined by the Dutch dividend tax and foreign withholding tax withheld from the Fund (up to a maximum of 15%). Regarding the applicable reduction of remittance related to the withheld foreign withholding tax, there is a limitation for Dutch legal entities exempt from corporate income tax participating in the Fund, and for foreign entities participating in the Fund that are entitled to a refund of Dutch dividend tax under Dutch law or a treaty or agreement for the avoidance of double taxation.

2.11 Fund Agent

The Fund has agreed with ING Bank N.V. that the latter company will act as Fund Agent. The Fund Agent is responsible for the evaluation and the acceptance of the buy and sell orders as entered in the exchange order book with regard to Share Class P of each Sub-fund, subject to the conditions as stated in the prospectus.

The Fund Agent will only accept orders which fulfil the following conditions:

- 1) Orders must be entered on the basis of a standard market settlement deadline.
- 2) Orders must be entered by another party affiliated with Euroclear Nederland.

Once the order book has been closed, the Fund Agent will transmit all buy and sell orders relating to Share Class P of each Sub-fund to the Fund via the Transfer Agent. The transaction price at which these buy and sell orders are executed on the following business day is supplied to Euronext Amsterdam by NYSE Euronext by the manager, via the Fund Agent.

2.12 Depositary of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.

The assets of the Fund are in the safe-keeping of The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch, as the depositary of the Fund (the 'depositary').

The shareholders' equity of the depositary amounts to at least EUR 730,000.

The manager and depositary of the Fund have entered into a written agreement relating to management and depositary services. The main elements of this agreement are the following:

- The depositary ensures that the cash flows of the Fund are properly controlled and in particular that all payments by or on behalf of investors during the subscription for shares have been received and that all cash of the Fund has been recorded in cash accounts in the name of the Fund or in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the Fund, opened with (in principle) an entity as described in Article 18(1)(a), (b) and (c) of European Directive 2006/73/EC (a credit institution or a bank authorized in a third country).
- The assets of the Fund consisting of financial instruments are entrusted to the depositary. The depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be registered on a financial instruments account in the books of the depositary, on separate accounts in the name of the Fund. In addition, the depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the depositary.
- For the other assets of the Fund, the depositary determines whether the Fund is the owner of these assets based on information or documents provided by the manager or based on other external evidence. The depositary keeps a register for these other assets.
- The depositary ensures that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares in the Fund take place in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary ensures that the value of the shares in the Fund is calculated in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary carries out the instructions of the manager, unless they conflict with Dutch law or the Articles of Association of the Fund.
- The depositary ensures that the equivalent value of the transactions involving the assets of the Fund is transferred to the Fund by the usual deadlines.
- The depositary ensures that the income of the Fund is allocated in accordance with Dutch law and the Articles of Association of the Fund.

In the context of depositary services, the depositary acts in the interests of the Fund as well as the investors in the Fund.

2.13 Principal risks and uncertainties

Investing in the Sub-fund entails financial opportunities as well as financial risks. The value of investments can both rise and fall, and shareholders of the Sub-fund may receive less than they invested. Diversification of investments is expected to have a mitigating effect on these risks.

A comprehensive overview of the risks, categorized as 'high, medium, and low' risks, associated with the Sub-fund is provided in the prospectus. In the event of new regulations regarding risk management, additional information will be included. The main risks faced by the Sub-fund are:

Market risk

The Sub-fund is sensitive to changes in the value of investments due to fluctuations in prices in financial markets such as equities or fixed-income markets (market risk). Additionally, prices of individual instruments in which the Sub-fund invests may also fluctuate. If the Sub-fund utilizes derivatives as described under "Investment Policy," these may be employed for both hedging risks and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leveraging, thereby increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements.

To mitigate market risks, investments are diversified across various countries, sectors, and/or companies. An overview of the portfolio composition as of each balance sheet date is provided in the Composition of Investments.

Interest rate risk

When investing in fixed-income securities, interest rate risk is incurred. This risk occurs when the interest rate of a security fluctuates. When interest rates decrease, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities increases. Conversely, when interest rates rise, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities decreases.

Currency risk

If investments can be made in securities denominated in currencies other than the currency in which the Sub-fund is denominated, currency fluctuations can have both positive and negative effects on the investment result.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks may arise when a particular underlying investment is difficult to sell. Since the Sub-fund may invest in illiquid securities, there is a risk that the Sub-fund may not have the ability to release financial resources that may be needed to meet certain obligations.

During the reporting period, there were no issues regarding liquidity. The available cash of the Sub-fund was sufficient to manage the inflow and outflow of capital during the reporting period. It is expected that this will also be the case in the upcoming reporting period.

Credit risk

Investors should be fully aware that every investment carries credit risks. Bonds and debt instruments entail actual credit risk on the issuer. This risk can be measured based on the issuer's credit rating. Bonds and debt instruments issued by lower-rated issuers typically carry higher credit risk and a greater chance of default than those issued by higher-rated issuers. If the issuer of bonds or debt instruments encounters financial or economic difficulties, leading to an increase in credit risk and likely downgrade of the rating, it can affect the value of the bonds or debt instruments (which may lose their value entirely).

Fraud risks and corruption

Fraud is any intentional act or omission to mislead others, causing loss to the victim and/or profit to the perpetrator. Corruption is the misuse of entrusted power for personal gain, including bribery. The lack of controls in the payment process increases the likelihood and therefore creates the opportunity for fraud.

The asset management industry is characterized by the management of third party assets, which is quite extensive in its entirety. Having access to these assets increases GSAM BV's inherent fraud and corruption risk profile. To manage this risk, GSAM BV conducts an annual fraud and corruption risk assessment to determine the identification, exposure to and management of these risks. GSAM BV concludes in its annual risk assessment that there are no high residual risks in the context of fraud and corruption. The main inherent risks identified by GSAM BV in the annual risk assessment are the following:

- Cyber risks;
- Unauthorized withdrawal of funds;
- Fraudulent invoices;
- Insider trading risk;
- Bribery.

The following measures have been taken to mitigate these inherent risks:

<u>Cyber risks</u>, cyber risk is recognized as a collective term which, knowingly (e.g. ransomware) or unknowingly (e.g. hack), can lead to a withdrawal of assets. The range of techniques that a malicious person can use is extensive. That is why it is important for GSAM BV to be aware of these techniques and to test its own environment accordingly. The measures taken are inspired by the NIST cyber security framework of protect, detect, respond, recover and identify and are evaluated annually on the basis of the Cyber Security Risk Assessment.

<u>Unauthorized withdrawal of funds</u>, is prevented by having authorization limits and a four (or more) eyes principles, whereby modern techniques such as 2 factor authentication are required.

<u>Fraudulent invoices</u>, the payment of invoices at the expense of an investment fund is only permitted if this corresponds with the prospectus. The beneficiary as well as the correctness of the amounts charged are often verifiable, through a link with the assets. Invoices must be assessed and approved in advance by budget holders, in accordance with the procuration policy. Within this process, a separation of functions has been made between ordering, entering and approval.

<u>Insider trading risk</u>, involves misusing information for personal gain, or having orders executed in such a way that self-enrichment can be achieved at the expense of the fund. The measures taken to prevent this are diverse, including best execution review, mandatory periodic reporting on personal investment portfolios, education in the form of mandatory training and pre-employment screening.

<u>Bribery</u> involves having a tender being influenced by, for example, bribes, dinners, travel and gifts. To mitigate this, GSAM BV has a strict policy, whereby anything with a value of more than fifty euros may not be accepted. Furthermore, in the context of broker execution, price and quality assessments are carried out periodically, the outcome of which is indicative of the extent to which orders are allocated to these brokers.

The residual risk, following from the risks described above, are determined by GSAM BV as 'medium' and are accepted through a formal risk acceptance, or at the level of the foreign GSAM BV entities.

Furthermore, there is a clear legal and operational separation between the asset manager, the external administrator, the fund and the custodian. This segregation of duties has an important preventive effect on the risk of fraud and corruption.

The beforementioned control measures are part of a larger control framework, of which various parts are periodically assessed by an external auditor via the GSAM BV ISAE 3402 report. Furthermore, GSAM BV applies the 3-lines of defense mechanism, in which risk management and internal audit continuously test and monitor the effectiveness of the administrative organization and internal control. GSAM BV also applies various soft controls, such as tone at the top, e-learnings, code of ethics and a whistleblower policy.

Sustainability risks

Sustainability risks can represent their own risk or influence other risks and contribute to general risks, such as market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks or operational risks. Sustainability risks may have a negative impact on the Sub-fund's return.

The sustainability risks to which the Sub-fund may be exposed include, for example:

- Climate change
- Health & safety
- Business conduct

The assessment of sustainability risks, as defined in Article 2(22) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability disclosures in the financial services sector, which Regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time), is integrated into the investment decision process by application of Sub-fund-specific criteria for responsible investing and, where applicable, integration of relevant environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors.

The Sub-fund primarily invests in liquid assets, which means that the mentioned sustainability risks are incorporated into the valuation of the investments.

Issuer default risk

In addition to general trends in the financial markets, specific developments related to the issuer can also impact the value of an investment. Even careful security selection, for example, cannot eliminate the risk of loss due to a decline in value of the issuer's assets. The use of credit derivatives, if mentioned in the investment policy of the Fund, may entail credit risk.

2.14 Developments during the reporting period

2.14.1 General financial and economic developments in 2024

Economic Context

Recession fears continued to moderate at the start of 2024, as the US economy showed resilience despite significant rate hikes in 2022 and 1H 2023. A tight labor market, positive real wage growth, and strong equity markets supported consumer cash flows and balance sheets in the first quarter of 2024, leading to strong consumption. While US inflation prints were higher than expected in January and February, the US Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) signaled confidence in March that disinflation would restart and recent elevated releases would prove temporary. In 2Q 2024, continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, strong earnings growth, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported positive momentum in risk assets. The disinflationary process also restarted, following higher than expected prints in 1Q 2024. US Core PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditures Price Index, Excluding Food and Energy) averaged 0.17% in April and May versus average reading of 0.37% in 1Q 2024.

While a slowdown in private consumption was notable in 2Q 2024, some moderation was arguably welcomed to achieve the US Federal Reserve's 2% inflation target. Any further moderation in consumption, however, could be a concern for policymakers and market participants, and renew fears of a recession. The rebalancing of the US labor market is somewhat similar. After strong data at the start of the year, the number of non-farm jobs added in April moderated to 175k versus an average of 235k in 1Q 2024. This was the lowest print in six months, and slower job growth helped allay fears that the economy was overheating, boosting expectations that interest rate cuts would still occur this year. The job openings rate for May rose to 4.9% from 4.8% in April. At its post pandemic peak, the job openings rate was at 7.4%. Like the consumption slowdown, further moderation in the US jobs opening rate could be reaching an inflection point where further rebalancing may not be encouraging news.

Outside of the US, growth momentum continued to improve albeit from weak levels, especially in Europe. Euro area 1Q 2024 GDP came in at 1.3% q/q annualized following 0.25% q/q annualized in 4Q 2023. Similarly, the UK economy expanded at a pace of 2.9% q/q annualized in 1Q 2024 after contracting at -0.9% annualized pace in 2H 2023. Chinese 1Q GDP surprised to the upside, with a reading of 5.3% y/y versus consensus expectation of 4.8% y/y.

Monetary Policy

The Federal Reserve tilted hawkish at the start of 2024 as inflation surprised to the upside and the strong economy gave US policymakers the option to be patient with the onset of the easing cycle. In May, the risk of renewed rate hikes was reduced due to moderation in US core services inflation and a downward revision of 1Q GDP, which came in at 1.2% q/q annualized versus 1.6% initially reported. In June, the Fed revised its median dot plot projection, which now suggests one 25bps rate cut this year, reduced from three projected in March. There's still a possibility that the Fed may implement two rate cuts in the second half of 2024. Fed Chair Jerome Powell noted during the June press conference that cuts totaling 25bps vs 50bps in 2024 was a close call for many participants.

The FOMC's dual mandate of inflation and labor market looks more two-sided now compared with a year ago when it was squarely focused on inflation. Going forward, the FOMC aims to stabilize the unemployment rate around the current level of 4% and bring inflation down to 2%. Therefore, the timing and magnitude of further policy rate calibration becomes crucial. Easing too soon could reignite inflationary pressures; waiting too long could break the labor market. The potential uncertainty from the upcoming US presidential election further complicates the overall economic outlook.

Elsewhere, the Swiss National Bank surprised markets in March and cut policy rates by 25bps, becoming the first G10 central bank to start its easing cycle. The European Central Bank and the Bank of Canada started their respective easing cycles in June, both cutting by 25bps. In terms of forward guidance, both central banks have suggested that further rate cuts are likely if the data evolves in line with expectations. In the UK, Bank of England leaned dovish, but did not ease policy in June. It noted that the decision to leave rates unchanged was finely balanced and recent strength in services inflation were largely driven by volatile components. The market interpretation was that the bank may be ready to begin easing in August.

On the geopolitical front, markets encountered increased uncertainty in Europe as French President Emmanuel Macron dissolved parliament and called snap parliamentary elections, scheduled for June 30 and July 7, after his party's defeat in the EU parliamentary elections. As a result, the market priced in a higher geopolitical risk premium in European assets leading to underperformance of European assets versus peers. In Asia, the Bank of Japan (BoJ) decided to end its negative interest rate policy at its March meeting.

Bond Markets

Bond yields went higher at the start of 2024 as recession fears continued to ease and the US inflation surprised to the upside. The US 10y yield went up by 35bps to 4.2% in 1Q 2024, following a decline of 70bps in 4Q 2023. Yields were modestly higher in 2Q 2024, with the 10y yield up by 15bps. However, the increase largely happened in April after strong labor market and inflation data leading to the 10y yield moving from 4.2% to 4.7%. Subsequently, as inflation and activity data moderated, the 10y yield declined 35bps in May and June.

In Germany and the UK, 10y yields were up 25bps each in 2Q 2024. Strong 1Q GDP releases along with somewhat stickier inflation and wage data in Europe led to higher yields. In France, the 10y yield was 55bps in 2Q as the market priced in a higher term premium given increased political uncertainty. As a result, the French-German 10y spread widened from 50bps to 80bps by the end of the quarter, the highest level since the European debt crisis in 2011-12. At the short end, the US 2y yield went up by 10bps, leaving the 2s10s curve inverted around -40bps. In Asia, May marked the first time since 2012 that the 10y Japanese government bond yield had been above 1%, a major milestone with the markets pricing in a more hawkish stance from the BoJ over the rest of the year.

Commodities generally delivered strong returns in 1H 2024 with oil (WTI) and copper up by 15% and 13%, respectively. Gold and silver rallied by 13% and 22%. Within currencies, the USD continued its strong performance and was up 2.6% in 2Q, following a gain 1.8% in 1Q. Moderating but still healthy growth, high carry, and political uncertainty in France and Mexico helped USD rally on a trade-weighted basis. JPY was one of the worst performing major currencies, down 6% versus the USD. Negative carry on JPY versus most currencies and a positive environment for pro-risk assets weighed on JPY. GBP was flat whereas EUR was down 0.8% versus the USD. A few notable outliers were AUD, which rallied 2.2% versus the USD, benefitting from relatively hawkish central bank policy given elevated inflation, risk on backdrop, and higher metal prices. MXN, on the others hand, was down 9% versus the USD. A landslide victory of the incumbent party in the Mexican presidential election in May sparked fears of higher fiscal spending with fewer checks and balances coupled with a tail risk of the new government's interference in monetary policy. Since then, attempts by newly elected President Claudia Sheinbaum to calm markets have led to some stabilization in MXN.

Equity Markets

Equities started 2024 on a strong footing with significant gains in 1Q 2024 following a strong end to 2023, with several equity indices reaching all-time highs. Continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, a resilient US economy, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported risk appetite. In 2Q global developed market equities (MSCI World) and emerging market equities (MSCI EM) were up by 3.2% and 6.4%, respectively, following gains of 10% and 4.5% in 1Q. Within developed market equities, US equities outperformed their peers with a gain of 4.5% in 2Q, whereas Japanese equities (TOPIX) were up by 1.7%. Euro area equities (EURO STOXX 50) were down by 1.3% following increased uncertainty in June due to the defeat of President Macron's party in the EU parliamentary election and subsequent call for a snap parliamentary election in France.

Among US sectors, the technology sector outperformed as it rallied 8.8%, followed by utilities, up 4.6%. Materials, industrials, and energy underperformed noticeably with a sell-off of 4.5%, 2.9%, and 2.7%, respectively. Ongoing divergence between mega-cap stocks and the rest remained visible over 2Q 2024. For example, the Magnificent 7 was up by another 16.9% in 2Q, which helped the S&P 500 post a third consecutive quarterly gain of 4.5%. There was weakness elsewhere, as the equal-weighted S&P 500 fell by -2.6%, and the small-cap Russell 2000 was down by 3.3%.

Elsewhere, China equities rallied at the start of 2024, outperforming most DM and EM equity markets, but retreated in June. Widely cited reasons for the pullback include profit-taking after a strong tail-risk compression rally, less-forceful-than-expected property policy announcements against an improved policy expectation backdrop post the April Politburo meeting, resurfacing geopolitical risks regarding cross-strait relations, and sluggish earnings revision trends.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

3. SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2024

(For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024)

3.1 Balance sheet

Before appropriation of the result

Investments Bonds and other fixed income securities Investment funds Investment funds Solution Solutio	42,144 177,951 210 361 220,666	42,787 176,002 237 797 219,823
Investment funds3.5.2Equity futures3.5.4Interest futures3.5.5Total investments3.5.8Receivables3.5.8Receivable for investment transactions3.5.8	177,951 210 361	176,002 237 797
Equity futures 3.5.4 Interest futures 3.5.5 Total investments	210 361	237 797
Interest futures 3.5.5 Total investments 3.5.8 Receivables 3.5.8 Receivable for investment transactions 3.5.8	361	797
Total investments Receivables 3.5.8 Receivable for investment transactions		-
Receivables 3.5.8 Receivable for investment transactions	220,666	219,823
Receivable for investment transactions		
Interest receivable	1,536	-
	356	443
Receivable from shareholders	26	-
Other receivables	553	345
Total receivables	2,471	788
Other assets 3.5.9		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,603	733
Total other assets	1,603	733
Total assets	224,740	221,344
Net asset value 3.5.10		
Issued capital	1,108	1,158
Share premium	73,230	82,969
Other reserves	133,974	112,605
Undistributed result	13,330	24,250
Net asset value	221,642	220,982
Investments with negative market value		
Equity futures 3.5.4	6	-
Interest futures 3.5.5	66	11
Total investments with negative market value	72	11
Short term liabilities 3.5.11		
Payable to shareholders	1	195
Other short term liabilities	3,025	156
Total short term liabilities	3,026	351
Total liabilities	224,740	221,344

3.2 Profit and loss statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
OPERATING INCOME			
Income of investments	3.6.1		
Dividend		1,408	1,907
Interest from investments		466	510
Revaluation of investments			
Realized revaluation of investments		4,281	1,933
Unrealized revaluation of investments		7,706	9,091
Other results	3.6.2		
Foreign currency translation		10	-61
Interest other		36	3
Subscription and redemption fee		5	4
Other income		138	133
Total operating income		14,050	13,520
OPERATING EXPENSES	3.6.3		
Operating costs		718	714
Interest other		2	-
Total operating expenses		720	714
Net result		13,330	12,806

3.3 Cashflow statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIE			
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIE	-5		
Purchases of investments		-25,201	-45,223
Sales of investments		34,870	52,085
Dividend received		1,408	1,907
Interest on investments received		553	674
Other results		-34	-154
Other interest paid		-2	-
Operating costs paid		-730	-707
Total cashflow from investments activities		10,864	8,582
CASHFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from subscriptions of shares		2,496	1,503
Payments for redemptions of shares		-12,505	-9,007
Subscription and redemption fee received		5	4
Total cashflow from financing activities		-10,004	-7,500
NET CASH FLOW		860	1,082
Foreign currency translation		10	-61
Change in cash and cash equivalents		870	1,021
Cash and cash equivalents opening balance		733	2,683
Cash and cash equivalents closing balance	3.5.9	1,603	3,704

3.4 Notes

3.4.1 General notes

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. GSAM BV, located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund. The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV.

The semi-annual financial statements are prepared under going concern principles and in accordance with the financial statement models for investment institutions as established by the legislator. The semi-annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with Title 9 Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Accounting Standard. Wording may be used that deviates from these models to better reflect the contents of the specific items. The 2024 semi-annual financial statement are prepared according to the same principles for the valuation of assets and liabilities, determination of results and cash flow statement as used for the 2023 annual financial statements.

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund III (NL) is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is a variable capital investment company. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has its head office in The Hague, has its registered office in Amsterdam and is listed in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is an open-end investment company structured as an umbrella fund, where the ordinary shares of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are divided into various series, known as "Sub-funds", in which investments can be made separately. For further details, please refer to the "Structure" section in the Board of directors' report.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets allocated to the individual Sub-funds. The semiannual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is available on the website of the manager.

When preparing the semi-annual financial statements, the manager uses estimates and judgments that can be essential to the amounts included in the semi-annual financial statements. If deemed necessary, the nature of these estimates and judgments, including the associated assumptions, are included in the notes to the semi-annual financial statements.

The semi-annual financial statements have not been audited by an independent auditor.

The functional currency of the Sub-fund is the euro. The semi-annual financial statements are presented in thousands of euros, unless stated otherwise. Amounts in whole euros are denoted with a euro symbol (\in). The table below provides the key exchange rates relative to the euro.

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Australian Dollar	AUD	1.60482	1.61886
Brazilian Real	BRL	5.95307	5.36584
British Pound	GBP	0.84785	0.86651
Canadian Dollar	CAD	1.46657	1.45657
Chilean Peso	CLP	1,011.67125	964.65820
Chinese Renminbi	CNY	7.82483	7.86560
Chinese Renminbi (offshore)	CNH	7.82483	7.86560
Colombian Peso	COP	4,441.57930	4,279.34266
Czech Koruna	CZK	25.04600	24.68810
Danish Krone	DKK	7.45763	7.45444
Egyptian Pound	EGP	51.47713	34.16074
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	8.36771	8.62558
Hungarian Forint	HUF	394.93268	382.20861
Indian Rupee	INR	89.37225	91.92054

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Indonesian Rupiah	IDR	17,550.24673	17,008.01178
Israeli Shekel	ILS	4.03760	3.97769
Japanese Yen	JPY	172.40506	155.73095
Kuwaiti Dinar	KWD	0.32875	0.33941
Malaysian Ringgit	MYR	5.05609	5.07578
Mexican Peso	MXN	19.59786	18.70638
New Zealand Dollar	NZD	1.75887	1.74464
Norwegian Krone	NOK	11.41172	11.21832
Peruvian Sol	PEN	4.10568	4.08999
Philippine Peso	PHP	62.81538	61.16901
Polish Zloty	PLN	4.30862	4.34366
Qatari Rial	QAR	3.90228	4.02197
Romanian Leu	RON	4.97728	4.97483
Russian Ruble	RUB	92.44029	98.75413
Saudi Riyal	SAR	4.02086	4.14237
Singapore Dollar	SGD	1.45254	1.45709
South African Rand	ZAR	19.57052	20.20094
South Korean Won	KRW	1,475.29247	1,422.65495
Swedish Krona	SEK	11.35021	11.13232
Swiss Franc	CHF	0.96312	0.92973
Taiwanese Dollar	TWD	34.76985	33.90169
Thai Baht	ТНВ	39.33130	37.70383
Turkish Lira	TRY	35.13638	32.62419
UAE Dirham	AED	3.93662	4.05702
US Dollar	USD	1.07177	1.10463

3.4.2 Securities lending

The Sub-fund is allowed to engage in securities lending techniques to generate additional income. During the reporting period, the Sub-fund did not engage in securities lending.

3.5 Notes to the balance sheet

The presented movement schedules cover the period from 1 January through 30 June

3.5.1 Bonds and other fixed income securities

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	42,787	47,452
Purchases	2,667	2,389
Sales or redemptions	-1,976	-8,357
Revaluation	-1,334	729
Closing balance	42,144	42,213

The Composition of investments section that is part of this disclosure, shows the individual bonds and other fixedincome securities included in the portfolio at the end of the reporting period.

3.5.2 Investment funds

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	176,002	164,782
Purchases	22,232	43,388
Sales	-33,887	-44,946
Revaluation	13,604	11,006
Closing balance	177,951	174,230

Overview of investment funds

The below table shows the investment funds in which the Sub-fund was invested at the end of the reporting period. The participation percentage included herein represents the interest in the respective Share Class of the investment fund in which the Sub-fund participates. The investment in Liquid Euro is held for cash management purposes.

At 30 June 2024

Name of the fund shares/part	Number of ticipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1,000
Balans Mix III (NL) - Z	1	18.93	0.7%	-
Enhanced Index Sustainable				
Paris Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,522	6,284.31	21.0%	9,564
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	11,109	1,043.70	2.6%	11,594
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	449,870	34.67	8.4%	15,598
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	322	4,187.46	1.0%	1,348
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	384,930	30.67	1.2%	11,806
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	5,391	196.18	0.7%	1,057
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	9,028	4,136.21	22.9%	37,343
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,617	5,075.89	7.0%	8,209
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	2,953	5,425.77	1.9%	16,022
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	1,196	7,632.77	5.0%	9,129
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	267	14,199.54	1.8%	3,791
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,952	4,750.79	0.9%	9,274
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap EUR	21,526	497.73	2.0%	10,714
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	17	962,641.86	2.0%	16,365
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,325	7,762.82	8.3%	10,286
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	5,594	1,045.81	0.3%	5,851
Mix Fonds (NL) - Z	1	14.45	0.6%	-
Opkomende Markten Fonds (NL) - Z	1	15.97	0.7%	-
Closing balance				177,951

At 31 December 2023

Name of the fund shares/pa	Number of rticipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1.000
Balans Mix III (NL) - Z	1	17.71	0.7%	-
Enhanced Index Sustainable				
Paris Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,508	5,586.83	21.0%	8,424
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	11,539	1,033.61	2.6%	11,927
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	444,783	30.70	6.1%	13,656
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i) 322	4,180.00	1.0%	1,346
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	408,810	27.86	1.3%	11,389
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	5,209	178.31	1.9%	929
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	11,586	3,625.17	24.2%	41,999
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,608	4,803.75	6.8%	7,726
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	2,953	5,387.30	1.9%	15,909
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	1,277	6,904.37	5.5%	8,817
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EU	R 310	12,631.33	2.3%	3,916
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,952	4,808.50	0.9%	9,386
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap EU	R 21,526	490.64	1.9%	10,562
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	20	830,418.40	2.4%	16,608
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,325	7,970.36	8.9%	10,561
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	2,778	1,024.97	0.1%	2,847
Mix Fonds (NL) - Z	1	13.95	0.6%	-
Opkomende Markten Fonds (NL) - Z	1	14.54	0.7%	-
Closing balance				176,002

3.5.3 Options purchased

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	-	-
Paid premium	-	65
Revaluation	-	-65
Closing balance	-	-

3.5.4 Equity futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	237	644
Expiration	-543	395
Revaluation	510	-991
Closing balance	204	48

3.5.5 Interest futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	786	703
Expiration	302	-1,281
Revaluation	-793	345
Closing balance	295	-233

3.5.6 Collateral

To mitigate counterparty risk for the Sub-fund, a collateral arrangement with the counterparty can be established for certain assets. The Sub-fund must determine the value of the received collateral on a daily basis and verify if additional collateral needs to be exchanged.

The collateral is typically provided in the form of:

- Cash and cash equivalents, usually referred to as cash collateral;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by highly rated countries;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by prominent issuers and for which there is a sufficiently liquid market. Bonds issued by financial sector issuers are excluded due to correlation risk; or
- Shares admitted to or traded on a regulated market, provided that these shares are included in a major index.

The Sub-fund must ensure that it is able to enforce its rights to the collateral if an event occurs that requires its exercise. Therefore, the collateral must be available at all times, either directly or through the mediation of a prominent financial institution or a wholly-owned subsidiary of that institution, so that the Sub-fund can immediately seize or liquidate the collateralized assets if the counterparty fails to meet its obligations.

The Sub-fund will ensure that the collateral received from transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions meets the following conditions:

- The collateralized assets received are valued at market prices. To mitigate the risk of the collateral's value held by a Sub-fund being lower than the claim on the counterparty, a conservative markdown policy is applied. This collateral haircut is applied to collateral received in relation to (i) OTC derivatives, (ii) securities lending, and (iii) repo transactions. A markdown is a reduction applied to the value of collateralized assets and aims to absorb the volatility in the value of the collateral between two margin calls or during the required time to liquidate the collateral. This process includes a liquidity element in terms of remaining maturity and a credit quality element in terms of the rating of the security. The markdown policy takes into account the characteristics of the asset class involved, including the creditworthiness of the collateral issuer, the volatility of collateral prices, and potential currency mismatches. Markdowns applied to cash, high-quality government bonds, and corporate bonds typically range between 0% to 15%, and markdowns on equities range from 10% to 15%. Regulation also requires an additional 8% markdown to be applied when the currency unit of the collateral, if the collateral is a bond, differs from the permitted currency units in the legal documentation for bilateral derivative transactions. In exceptional market conditions, a different markdown level may be applied. Under the agreement with the respective counterparty, which may or may not involve minimum booking amounts, it is intended that, for the purpose of the collateral haircut and if applicable, each received collateral is valued at an amount equal to or higher than the respective exposure of the counterparty:
- The received collateral for OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions must be sufficiently liquid so that they can be quickly sold at a price that deviates little from the pre-sale valuation;
- The collateralized assets are held by the Sub-fund's custodian or by a sub-custodian provided that the Subfund's custodian has transferred the custody of the collateral to such sub-custodian and that the custodian remains liable for the collateral if the sub-custodian loses it;
- Collateral received in the context of transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions cannot be sold or provided as security to a third party during the term of the agreement. However, received cash collateral can be reinvested.

3.5.7 Investments by marketability

Below is the breakdown of the investment portfolio by marketability:

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Exchange quoted	42,643	43,810
Other*	177,951	176,002
Closing balance	220,594	219,812

* This includes all investments that do not fall into the other categories. This may include, among others: units of participation in other investment institutions, commercial paper, deposits with credit institutions, and OTC derivatives.

3.5.8 Receivables

All receivables have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Receivable for investment transactions

These receivables arise due to the fact that there are a few days between the sale date and the receipt date of the payment for investment transactions.

Interest receivable

This concerns accrued, not yet received, interest on investments.

Receivable from shareholders

This concerns amounts receivable from shareholders for subscription to shares.

Other receivables

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Withholding tax*	523	313
Other receivables	30	32
Closing balance	553	345

* Withholding tax receivables have a maturity of less than one year, but it can take longer to receive the amounts causing them to stay on the balance sheet for a longer period.

3.5.9 Other assets

Cash and cash equivalents

This concerns freely available bank accounts, including a margin account related to future contracts. For the duration of the future contracts, the margin account is not fully available for use. The balance of the margin account varies depending on changes in the underlying value.

3.5.10 Net Asset Value

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	1,158	1,158
Subscriptions	5	5
Redemptions	-55	-55
Closing balance	1,108	1,108
Share premium		
Opening balance	82,969	82,969
Subscriptions	2,517	2,517
Redemptions	-12,256	-12,256
Closing balance	73,230	73,230
Other reserves		
Opening balance	112,605	112,605
Transfer from Undistributed result	24,250	24,250
Dividend	-2,881	-2,881
Closing balance	133,974	133,974
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	24,250	24,250
Transfer to Other reserves	-24,250	-24,250
Net result for the period	13,330	13,330
Closing balance	13,330	13,330
Total net asset value	221,642	221,642

The nominal value per share at the end of the reporting period for all Share Classes of the Sub-fund is \in 0.20.

The share premium reserve is not freely distributable to shareholders for the part that is considered as a legal reserve.

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2023

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	1,239	1,239
Subscriptions	8	8
Redemptions	-46	-46
Closing balance	1,201	1,201
Share premium		
Opening balance	97,497	97,497
Subscriptions	1,495	1,495
Redemptions	-8,127	-8,127
Closing balance	90,865	90,865
Other reserves		
Opening balance	158,771	158,771
Transfer from Undistributed result	-41,178	-41,178
Dividend	-4,988	-4,988
Closing balance	112,605	112,605
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	-41,178	-41,178
Transfer to Other reserves	41,178	41,178
Net result for the period	12,806	12,806
Closing balance	12,806	12,806
Total net asset value	217,477	217,477

3.5.11 Short term liabilities

All short term liabilities have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Payable to shareholders

The concerns the amount payable for redemptions of shares.

Other short term liabilities

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Accrued expenses	144	156
Dividends payable	2,881	-
Closing balance	3,025	156

3.5.12 Off-balance sheet rights and obligations

At the reporting date, there are no off-balance sheet rights and obligations.

3.6 Notes of the profit and loss statement

3.6.1 Income of investments

Dividend

Dividend includes gross cash dividends net of non-recoverable foreign withholding tax.

Additionally, this may include the offsetting via tax credits of Dutch and foreign withholding tax, which is possible under the status of the Sub-fund as a fiscal investment institution as recognized by the Dutch tax authorities.

Interest

This relates to interest income from investments.

3.6.2 Other result

Foreign currency translation

This concerns the foreign currency translation result on other balance sheet items.

Interest other

This relates to the interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and margin account during the reporting period.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fees charged to shareholders for the subscription or redemption of shares in a Sub-fund. This fee is calculated as a percentage-based entry or exit fee on the net asset value per share to protect existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficiary to the Sub-fund.

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Subscription and redemption fee	5	4

The applicable subscriptions and redemption fees during the reporting period are included in the schedule below.

Subscription and redemption fee	Percentage	Applicable from	Valid through
Subscription fee	0.05%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024
Redemption fee	0.04%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024

Other income

Other income includes all income items that are not generated from investments.

This also includes reimbursements of allocated costs related to investments in other investment funds. These allocated costs are included in the (un)realized revaluation of the underlying investment funds and are reimbursed for Share Classes with a Fixed Miscellaneous Fee, as these costs are already included in the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee of the respective Share Class.

3.6.3 Operating expenses

Operating costs

The operating costs consist of the management fee and the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee. These costs are further explained in the notes for each Share Class, included in this semi-annual report.

Interest other

This concerns the interest accrued during the reporting period on payables to credit institutions.

3.7 Other general notes

3.7.1 Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events.

3.8 Notes to Share Class P

3.8.1 Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	220,982	216,329
Subscriptions	2,522	1,503
Redemptions	-12,311	-8,173
Dividend	-2,881	-4,988
	-12,670	-11,658
Investment income	1,874	2,417
Other results	189	79
Management fee	-552	-549
Other expenses	-166	-165
Interest expenses	-2	-
	1,343	1,782
Revaluation of investments	11,987	11,024
Closing balance	221,642	217,477

3.8.2 Net asset value

	30-06-2024	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Net asset value (x € 1,000)	221,642	220,982	216,329
Shares outstanding (number)	5,540,155	5,789,626	6,192,721
Net asset value per share (in €)	40.01	38.17	34.93

3.8.3 Performance

For the period 1 January through 30 June

	2024	2023	2022
Net performance Share Class (%)	6.17	6.03	-13.59
Performance of the index (%)	6.54	6.79	-12.60
Relative performance (%)	-0.37	-0.76	-0.99

3.8.4 Expenses

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Management fee	552	549
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	166	165
Total operating costs Share Class P	718	714

The management fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.50% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The Fixed Miscellaneous Fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.15% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The fixed miscellaneous fee serves to compensate for regular and/or recurring expenses incurred by the Sub-fund, such as the costs of administration, reporting (also understood to include the costs of data provision and the processing and calculation of the financial data of the investment fund), the safe-keeping of the assets, the auditor, the supervision, any stock exchange listing, making payments, publications, shareholder meetings, legal proceedings including any class actions, fee sharing arrangements within the scope of securities lending, the costs of collateral management activities as well as external advisers and service providers, such as – where appropriate – the Fund Agent and Transfer Agent. Where applicable, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee also includes costs included in the value of investment funds.

3.9 Composition of investments

At 30 June 2024

The following breakdown of the investments provides a detailed overview of the bond and other fixed-income securities portfolio.

Currency	Nominal x 1,000	Percentage	Name	Value x € 1,000
EUR	91	4.000	BELGIUM (KINGDOM OF) 28/03/2032	97
EUR	150	0.800	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2025	146
EUR	280	0.900	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2029	255
EUR	187	1.000	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2031	165
EUR	100	3.000	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2033	100
EUR	100	3.000	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2034	99
EUR	80	3.750	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2045	83
EUR	76	1.600	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2047	53
EUR	60	1.700	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2050	41
EUR	150	2.250	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2057	112
EUR	85	2.150	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2066	61
EUR	180	0.000	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/10/2031	146
EUR	197	4.500	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2026	202
EUR	260	5.500	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2028	284
EUR	235	5.000	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2035	274
EUR	200	4.250	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2041	221
EUR	149	1.600	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2025	147
EUR	400	1.950	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2026	392
EUR	600	1.500	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2027	575
EUR	214	1.400	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2028	202
EUR	365	1.450	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2029	340
EUR	430	0.100	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2031	351
EUR	330	0.700	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2032	274
EUR	100	3.250	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2034	99
EUR	369	1.950	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2030	347
EUR	230	2.350	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2033	213
EUR	150	1.850	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2035	128
EUR	100	0.850	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2037	72
EUR	107	3.450	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2066	95
EUR	152	4.200	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/01/2037	162
EUR	700	2.150	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2025	690
EUR	269	1.450	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2027	256
EUR	346	5.150	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2028	376
EUR	287	0.500	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2031	238
EUR	202	1.200	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2040	140
EUR	120	5.150	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2044	142
EUR	120	2.900	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2046	103
EUR	100	2.700	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2048	82
EUR	145	1.000	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2050	77
EUR	130	1.900	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2052	85
EUR	50	4.000	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2054	50
EUR	240	0.250	BUNDERSREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2028	220
EUR	1,000	0.000	BUNDESOBLIGATION 10/10/2025	962
EUR	440	4.750	BUNDESREPUB DEUTSCHLAND 04/07/2040	556
EUR	525	4.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 04/01/2037	601
EUR	359	0.250	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2027	338

Currency	Nominal x 1,000	Percentage	Name	Value x € 1,000
EUR	700	0.500	BUNDESREPUB, DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2028	652
EUR	650	0.250	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2029	589
EUR	400	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2031	342
EUR	400	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2032	334
EUR	513	2.300	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2033	507
EUR	960	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2026	907
EUR	502	0.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2027	472
EUR	200	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2029	177
EUR	500	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2030	433
EUR	400	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2031	338
EUR	220	2.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2046	213
EUR	231	1.250	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2048	173
EUR	244	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2050	124
EUR	310	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2052	149
EUR	200	1.800	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2053	165
EUR	398	2.450	BUONI POLIENNAALI DEL TES 01/09/2033	354
EUR	418	2.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/02/2028	398
EUR	280	4.100	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/02/2029	287
EUR	557	1.650	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2032	480
EUR	148	3.350	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2035	139
EUR	121	3.100	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2040	100
EUR	260	1.800	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2041	182
EUR	180	2.700	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2047	136
EUR	60	2.800	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2067	42
EUR	40	2.150	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2072	23
EUR	466	1.350	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/04/2030	412
EUR	528	0.900	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/04/2031	440
EUR	160	3.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/08/2029	156
EUR	315	0.950	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/08/2030	269
EUR	472	4.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2028	495
EUR	147	2.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2036	121
EUR	210	2.950	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2038	181
EUR	60	4.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2043	60
EUR	170	4.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2044	177
EUR	180	3.850	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2049	163
EUR	120	2.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2050	83
EUR	80	2.150	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2052	51
EUR	80	4.500	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/10/2053	79
EUR	420	0.950	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/12/2031	345
EUR	350	0.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/03/2028	312
EUR	144	3.700	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/06/2030	144
EUR	199	5.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/02/2033	225
EUR	240	4.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/02/2037	237
EUR	210	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/08/2034	227
EUR	200	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/08/2039	214
EUR	210	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/09/2040	225
EUR	300	7.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2026	326
EUR	523	6.500	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2027	574
EUR	220	5.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2029	238
EUR	186	2.750	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2028	185
EUR	75	2.625	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042	69
EUR	50	1.125	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 15/04/2034	42
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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Currency	Nominal x 1,000	Percentage	Name	Value x € 1,000
EUR	66	0.125	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2052	30
EUR	170	0.500	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/09/2027	158
EUR	182	0.125	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/09/2031	149
EUR	190	2.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029	188
EUR	360	5.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029	399
EUR	196	4.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2055	206
EUR	780	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025	760
EUR	900	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026	857
EUR	620	1.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2027	585
EUR	650	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028	597
EUR	410	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2029	364
EUR	349	2.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030	339
EUR	632	1.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031	571
EUR	200	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032	157
EUR	370	3.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2002	364
EUR	330	1.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2004	275
EUR	262	1.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036	208
EUR	70	1.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2008	53
EUR	210	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040	134
EUR	400	2.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048	296
EUR	108	1.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050	70
EUR	155	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2000	78
EUR	250	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052	122
EUR	100	1.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066	61
EUR	70	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2000	25
EUR	260	1.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039	208
EUR	470	2.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027	466
EUR	350	5.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032	415
EUR	343	0.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026	321
EUR	340	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2028	309
EUR	412	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030	340
EUR	379	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031	303
EUR	370	2.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2032	339
EUR	200	4.750	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035	226
EUR	340	4.500	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041	381
EUR	170	4.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060	180
EUR	350	3.250	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045	332
EUR	250	4.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038	265
EUR	400	0.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/11/2029	341
EUR	81	2.500	GERMANY (FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2044	78
EUR	89	0.900	IRISH TSY 15/05/2028	83
EUR	150	1.100	IRISH TSY 15/05/2029	139
EUR	350	2.400	IRISH TSY 15/05/2030	343
EUR	100	1.700	IRISH TSY 15/05/2037	85
EUR	85	2.000	IRISH TSY 18/02/2045	70
EUR	1,000	4.500	ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 01/03/2026	1,017
EUR	165	3.250	ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 01/09/2046	138
EUR	250	2.500	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2033	246
EUR	114	4.000	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2007	127
EUR	119	3.750	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2042	132
EUR	150	5.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2028	164
EUR	210	2.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2020	208
	210	2.000		200

	Nominal			Value
Currency	x 1,000	Percentage	Name	x € 1,000
EUR	66	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2038	45
EUR	110	0.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2040	77
EUR	30	3.250	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2044	31
EUR	130	2.750	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2047	127
EUR	110	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2052	51
EUR	40	2.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2054	33
EUR	300	0.750	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2027	283
EUR	89	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2030	76
EUR	175	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2031	145
EUR	95	1.150	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 11/04/2042	65
EUR	104	1.000	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 12/04/2052	56
EUR	213	3.875	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 15/02/2030	224
EUR	92	4.100	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 15/04/2037	99
EUR	180	1.650	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 16/07/2032	163
EUR	251	4.850	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/03/2026	258
EUR	170	4.150	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/03/2037	187
EUR	200	6.250	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/07/2027	219
EUR	243	0.000	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2030	207
EUR	140	0.000	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2031	115
EUR	114	0.750	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/03/2051	64
EUR	35	0.700	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/04/2071	15
EUR	130	3.150	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/06/2044	127
EUR	60	2.100	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/09/2117	43
EUR	85	2.400	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 23/05/2034	80
EUR	20	3.800	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 26/01/2062	22
EUR	43	0.850	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 30/06/2120	18
EUR	154	5.750	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2032	182
EUR	180	4.900	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2040	205
EUR	182	4.700	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2041	203
Total			· · ·	42,144
Investment fur	nds			177,951
Equity futures				204
Interest futures	S			295

Total of investments

For the composition of investments at 31 December 2023, please refer to the 2023 annual report of the Sub-fund. This annual report is available on the website of the manager.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

220,594

4. OTHER INFORMATION

4.1 Statutory provisions regarding appropriation of results

According to Article 23 of the Articles of Association of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. the Executive Board decides for each type of shares what part of the balance will be allocated to the additional reserve maintained for the relevant type. After the aforementioned addition, a dividend, in so far as possible, is paid on the priority shares equal to six per cent (6%) of the nominal value of these shares. There is no further distribution of profit on the priority shares and to the holders of ordinary shares of the relevant type, unless the general meeting decides otherwise.

If the aforementioned balance of income and expenses is negative, the amount is deducted from the additional reserve that is maintained for the relevant type of shares.

4.2 Management interest

The total personal interest in (the investments of) the Sub-fund (if applicable, including investments in GSAM BV funds in which participation occurred) in number of shares and option rights, or nominal value in bonds, held by the Board members at 30 June 2024 and 1 January 2024, is specified as follows:

	Туре	30-06-2024	1-1-2024
Aegon	Shares	15,000	15,000
Akzo Nobel	Shares	60	60
ING Group	Shares	95	95
KPN	Shares	140	140
NN Group	Shares	1,491	100
NN Group*	Share plan account	4,064	3,571

* This is an online investment account where the deferred variable compensation of GSAM BV employees is administered. Under strict conditions, shares obtained from this online investment account can be traded.

GOLDMAN SACHS DYNAMIC MIX FUND IV (NL)

Semi-annual Report 2024

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1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

(Sub-fund of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.)

Manager / Executive Board

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. Prinses Beatrixlaan 35 2595 AK The Hague, The Netherlands Internet: https://am.gs.com

Members of Executive Board Goldman Sachs Asset management B.V.

P. den Besten M.C.M. Canisius G.E.M. Cartigny B.G.J. van Overbeek E.J. Siermann

Depositary

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

Fund Agent

ING Bank N.V. Bijlmerplein 888 1102 MG Amsterdam The Netherlands

Banker

The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV Boulevard Anspachlaan 1 1000 B-Brussels Belgium

Transfer Agent

The Bank of New York Mellon NV/SA, Amsterdam branch Claude Debussylaan 7 1082 MC Amsterdam The Netherlands

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

2.1 Key figures Share Class P

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net asset value (x 1,000)	€	306,705	296,659	271,742	343,015	305,450
Shares outstanding (number)		6,719,336	7,000,129	7,087,492	7,514,562	7,896,540
Net asset value per share	€	45.65	42.38	38.34	45.65	38.68
Transaction price	€	45.63	42.36	38.36	45.62	38.72
Dividend per share	€	0.65	0.95	0.37	0.69	0.61
Net performance Share Class	%	9.23	13.17	-15.20	19.94	6.43
Performance of the index	%	9.76	14.76	-14.16	17.71	6.31
Relative performance	%	-0.53	-1.59	-1.04	2.23	0.12

2.2 Notes to the key figures

2.2.1 Reporting period

The key figures for 2024 relate to the positions at 30 June and the period from 1 January through 30 June. The key figures for the other years relate to the positions at 31 December and the period from 1 January through 31 December, unless stated otherwise.

2.2.2 Net asset value per share

The net asset value of each Share Class of the Sub-fund will be determined by the manager. The manager calculates the net asset value per Share Class each business day. The net asset value per share of each Share Class is determined by dividing the net asset value of a Share Class by the number of outstanding shares of that Share Class at the calculation date.

2.2.3 Transaction price

The transaction price of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is determined by the manager on each business day and is based on the net asset value per share of each Share Class with an upcharge (subscription fee) or discount (redemption fee) to cover the costs of purchase and sale of 'physical' investments. The subscription and redemption fee is for the protection of existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund. When no transaction has taken place on a business day, the transaction price is equal to the net asset value per share.

2.2.4 Net performance

The net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is based on the net asset value per share, taking into account any dividend distributions. The relative performance is the difference between the net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund and the performance of the index.

2.3 General information

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL) ('the Sub-fund') is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (refer to paragraph 2.9 Structure for more information). The semi-annual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (hereinafter referred to as the 'Fund') is available on the website of the manager.

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. ('GSAM BV'), located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund and is licensed by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets ('Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten', also referred to as 'AFM') under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV. All shares in GSAM BV are held by Goldman Sachs Asset Management International Holdings B.V. Both entities are part of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as 'Goldman Sachs').

Goldman Sachs is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and qualifies as a bank holding company under US law. Goldman Sachs is a globally operating financial institution which – by means of a substantial variety of leading companies and subsidiaries – offers (integrated) financial services to private individuals, companies and institutions.

The AFM and the central bank of the Netherlands ('De Nederlandsche Bank N.V.', also referred to as 'DNB') act as supervisors. The AFM is charged with conduct supervision on the grounds of the Wft. Prudential supervision is performed by DNB.

2.4 Objective

The Sub-fund aims to achieve a better overall long-term return than the index through active management.

2.5 Investment policy

The composition of Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL) will, in principle, show a long-term allocation of 30% fixed-income securities and 70% equities. As a result of tactical asset allocation, the equity component of the Sub-fund will fluctuate within a 20% bandwidth. This bandwidth applies to both potential overweight and underweight positions.

The Sub-fund is actively managed with the aim of investing in financial instruments with an attractive risk-return profile according to a systematic investment process, adhering to deviation limits relative to the index. Consequently, the composition of the Sub-fund's investments may materially differ from that of the index. The index is a representative reflection of the investment universe. The Sub-fund may invest in financial instruments that are not part of the index.

The Sub-fund primarily invests 70% globally in equities, broadly defined to include claims, profit-sharing certificates, founder's shares, options, warrants to acquire or dispose of such securities, and other similar securities as well as other property rights and financial instruments with comparable risk and return characteristics. Investments are globally diversified across regions, countries, and sectors. The exact weighting of equities in the portfolio varies within the specified range depending on the manager's view and resulting tactical asset allocation and is therefore not constant.

Additionally, 30% will initially be invested in fixed-income securities. The Sub-fund will seek a combination within a broad range of interest-related instruments. The Sub-fund may invest in, among other things, government bonds, corporate bonds, convertible bonds, so-called asset-backed securities, and money market instruments. These instruments can be denominated in both developed and emerging market currencies.

The Sub-fund promotes ecological and/or social characteristics as described in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, which regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time).

The Sub-fund applies Stewardship, an ESG integration approach, and exclusion criteria regarding various activities. Further information can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund considers the principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors primarily through Stewardship. Information about the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund has the ability to hold investments both directly and indirectly – for example, by taking exposure to the relevant financial instruments through derivatives or investments in other investment funds.

The Sub-fund can use derivatives such as options, futures, warrants, swaps, and forward foreign exchange transactions. These can be applied for risk hedging and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leverage, increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements. When using derivatives, care is taken to ensure that the portfolio as a whole remains within the investment restrictions. The risk profile associated with the type of investor targeted by the Sub-fund does not change as a result of the use of these instruments.

In addition to the above, the following applies to the investment policy of the Fund:

- the assets can be invested in both euros and foreign currencies;
- the Sub-fund can invest more than 35% of the invested assets in securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by the Netherlands, Germany, Italy, Spain, and France, or by a public body with regulatory authority in these member states, and has obtained an exemption from the AFM in accordance with Article 136, paragraph 2 of the Decree on Conduct of Business Supervision of Financial Undertakings;
- if deemed necessary by the manager, risks such as currency risks can be hedged relative to the index;
- to the extent that the assets are not invested in the aforementioned financial instruments, the assets may be invested in certain money market instruments (e.g., certificates of deposit and commercial paper), money market investment funds, or held in the form of liquid assets;
- additional income can be generated by entering into "repurchase agreements" ("repos") and "lending transactions" (lending securities from the investment portfolio);
- in accordance with the provisions on leverage financing in the prospectus, the expected maximum level of gross leverage (sum of nominal values) of the Sub-fund is 100% and the expected maximum level of net leverage (commitment method) is 100%;
- the 'global exposure' of this Sub-fund is determined using the 'relative Value-at-Risk' method;
- the manager of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has the authority to enter into short-term loans on behalf of the Sub-fund as a debtor;
- transactions with affiliated parties will take place on market terms;
- the Sub-fund invests, in line with its investment policy, globally in financial instruments via stock exchanges with approved counterparties by the manager. The major equity markets are located worldwide. Possible examples include New York, London, and Tokyo.

2.6 Dividend policy

The Sub-fund pursues an active dividend policy aimed at distributing the profit for each financial year no later than 8 months after the end of the financial year. Management may consider paying interim dividends or distributing more than the annual profit. The amount and frequency of distributions may vary from year to year and may be zero. Distributions may vary per Share Class as well as the payment method of the distribution.

2.7 Index

Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Aggregate (30%) and the MSCI AC World (NR) (70%).

2.8 Outsourcing

Outsourcing of fund accounting

The manager of the Fund has outsourced the accounting function to The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV. This outsourcing relates to, among others, the calculation of the net asset value, maintaining accounting records and processing of and executing payments. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of these services.

Outsourcing of financial reporting

The manager of the Fund, has outsourced the preparation of multiple financial reports, including the (semi-)annual reports of the Dutch GSAM BV funds, to DM Financial Netherlands B.V. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of all financial reports.

2.9 Structure

The Fund is an open-end investment company with variable capital as described in Article 76a of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Except in special circumstances, the Fund may in principle issue or redeem shares on any business day.

The Fund is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ('UCITS') within the meaning of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). GSAM BV acts as manager of the Fund as defined in Section 1:1 of the Wft and in that capacity holds a license as defined in Section 2:69b(1), preamble and part (a) of the Wft from the AFM.

The Fund has an umbrella structure, which means that the ordinary shares are divided into various series of shares, with each series of shares corresponding to a separate Sub-fund. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets held by the individual Sub-funds.

A Sub-fund is a segregated part of the capital of the Fund for which a separate investment policy is pursued. The Wft states that all standards directed in whole or in part towards the Fund are also applicable to the Sub-funds. The part of the assets of the Sub-fund to be paid into, or allocated to, each Fund is invested separately in accordance with a specific investment policy. Both gains and losses in the investment portfolio of a Sub-fund are credited or charged to the relevant Sub-fund.

The capital of a Sub-fund is segregated and subject to a statutory priority arrangement. Consequently, the assets of a Sub-fund may only be used to pay liabilities connected to the management and safe-keeping of the Sub-fund and the shares in that Sub-fund.

A Sub-fund is divided into one or more Share Classes. The Share Classes within the Sub-fund may differ in terms of cost and fee structure, the minimum amount of initial investment, demands on the quality of the investors, the currency in which the net asset value is expressed, etc.

Summary of the main characteristics per Share Class at 30-06-2024

Share Class P	
Investor type	This is a listed Share Class intended for private (non-professional) investors.
Legal Name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL) - F
Commercial name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL)
Trading symbol	GSDM4
ISIN code	NL0000293173
Management fee	0.60%
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	0.15%
Subscription and redemption fee	
Subscription fee	0.05%
Redemption fee	0.04%
Maximum subscription fee	0.40%
Maximum redemption fee	0.40%

Fees

Management fee

An annual management fee is charged to the Share Class, which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis by using the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of every day.

Fixed Miscellaneous Fee

In addition to the management fee, other costs are charged to the Share Class. These costs are charged through a fixed annual fee, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee ('Vaste Overige Kostenvergoeding'), which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis on the total assets of the Share Class at the end of each day.

Other costs

Other costs may be charged to the Share Class. These costs, if applicable, are further explained in the notes to the respective Share Class as included in the financial statements.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fee charged to shareholders upon the purchase or sale of shares in the Sub-fund. The fee is calculated as a percentage markup or markdown on the net asset value per share, serves to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund.

The actual percentage of the subscription and redemption fee can fluctuate and is published on the manager's website. This percentage may be changed without prior notice if the manager deems it necessary to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund.

Maximum subscription and redemption fee

For transparency reasons, the manager has set a maximum percentage of the net asset value of the shares for the subscription and redemption fee. In exceptional market conditions, at the discretion of the manager, the manager may, in the interest of the existing investors of the Sub-fund, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time in the event of exceptionally large orders to buy and sell shares in the Sub-fund, to compensate for the related additional transaction costs.

2.10 Tax aspects

The Sub-fund is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V., which has the status of a fiscal investment institution (FBI) as defined in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. The Fund is established to meet the conditions of a fiscal investment institution as referred to in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. A fiscal investment institution is subject to the special corporate income tax rate of 0%. If the Fund does not meet the conditions, the status of fiscal investment institution will generally be revoked retroactively to the beginning of the year, and the Fund will become subject to normal corporate income tax. The manager ensures, to the extent possible, that the Fund continues to comply with the conditions set forth in the law and in the Investment Institution Decree.

One of the key conditions is that the Sub-fund must distribute the distributable profit to the shareholders within eight months after the end of the financial year (distribution obligation). A positive balance of capital gains on securities and a positive balance related to the disposal of other investments (both realized and unrealized), after deducting a proportional share of the costs associated with the management of the investments, is added to the so-called reinvestment reserve and does not fall under the distribution obligation. Additionally, under certain conditions, the Sub-fund can form a rounding reserve of up to 1% of the paid-up capital, which can partially suspend the distribution obligation.

The Fund generally withholds 15% dividend tax on profit distributions. Under certain circumstances, a distribution from the reinvestment reserve may take place without withholding dividend tax. It may also occur that the Fund needs to subject share repurchases to dividend tax. Additionally, under certain circumstances, the Fund may elect to withhold dividend tax on the repurchase of shares from its shareholders.

When the Fund is required to withhold dividend tax, it may, under certain circumstances, apply a reduction to the portion that actually needs to be remitted to the tax authorities (reduction of remittance). The amount of the reduction of remittance is determined by the Dutch dividend tax and foreign withholding tax withheld from the Fund (up to a maximum of 15%). Regarding the applicable reduction of remittance related to the withheld foreign withholding tax, there is a limitation for Dutch legal entities exempt from corporate income tax participating in the Fund, and for foreign entities participating in the Fund that are entitled to a refund of Dutch dividend tax under Dutch law or a treaty or agreement for the avoidance of double taxation.

2.11 Fund Agent

The Fund has agreed with ING Bank N.V. that the latter company will act as Fund Agent. The Fund Agent is responsible for the evaluation and the acceptance of the buy and sell orders as entered in the exchange order book with regard to Share Class P of each Sub-fund, subject to the conditions as stated in the prospectus.

The Fund Agent will only accept orders which fulfil the following conditions:

- 1) Orders must be entered on the basis of a standard market settlement deadline.
- 2) Orders must be entered by another party affiliated with Euroclear Nederland.

Once the order book has been closed, the Fund Agent will transmit all buy and sell orders relating to Share Class P of each Sub-fund to the Fund via the Transfer Agent. The transaction price at which these buy and sell orders are executed on the following business day is supplied to Euronext Amsterdam by NYSE Euronext by the manager, via the Fund Agent.

2.12 Depositary of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.

The assets of the Fund are in the safe-keeping of The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch, as the depositary of the Fund (the 'depositary').

The shareholders' equity of the depositary amounts to at least EUR 730,000.

The manager and depositary of the Fund have entered into a written agreement relating to management and depositary services. The main elements of this agreement are the following:

- The depositary ensures that the cash flows of the Fund are properly controlled and in particular that all payments by or on behalf of investors during the subscription for shares have been received and that all cash of the Fund has been recorded in cash accounts in the name of the Fund or in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the Fund, opened with (in principle) an entity as described in Article 18(1)(a), (b) and (c) of European Directive 2006/73/EC (a credit institution or a bank authorized in a third country).
- The assets of the Fund consisting of financial instruments are entrusted to the depositary. The depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be registered on a financial instruments account in the books of the depositary, on separate accounts in the name of the Fund. In addition, the depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the depositary.
- For the other assets of the Fund, the depositary determines whether the Fund is the owner of these assets based on information or documents provided by the manager or based on other external evidence. The depositary keeps a register for these other assets.
- The depositary ensures that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares in the Fund take place in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary ensures that the value of the shares in the Fund is calculated in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary carries out the instructions of the manager, unless they conflict with Dutch law or the Articles of Association of the Fund.
- The depositary ensures that the equivalent value of the transactions involving the assets of the Fund is transferred to the Fund by the usual deadlines.
- The depositary ensures that the income of the Fund is allocated in accordance with Dutch law and the Articles of Association of the Fund.

In the context of depositary services, the depositary acts in the interests of the Fund as well as the investors in the Fund.

2.13 Principal risks and uncertainties

Investing in the Sub-fund entails financial opportunities as well as financial risks. The value of investments can both rise and fall, and shareholders of the Sub-fund may receive less than they invested. Diversification of investments is expected to have a mitigating effect on these risks.

A comprehensive overview of the risks, categorized as 'high, medium, and low' risks, associated with the Sub-fund is provided in the prospectus. In the event of new regulations regarding risk management, additional information will be included. The main risks faced by the Sub-fund are:

Market risk

The Sub-fund is sensitive to changes in the value of investments due to fluctuations in prices in financial markets such as equities or fixed-income markets (market risk). Additionally, prices of individual instruments in which the Sub-fund invests may also fluctuate. If the Sub-fund utilizes derivatives as described under "Investment Policy," these may be employed for both hedging risks and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leveraging, thereby increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements.

To mitigate market risks, investments are diversified across various countries, sectors, and/or companies. An overview of the portfolio composition as of each balance sheet date is provided in the Composition of Investments.

Interest rate risk

When investing in fixed-income securities, interest rate risk is incurred. This risk occurs when the interest rate of a security fluctuates. When interest rates decrease, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities increases. Conversely, when interest rates rise, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities decreases.

Currency risk

If investments can be made in securities denominated in currencies other than the currency in which the Sub-fund is denominated, currency fluctuations can have both positive and negative effects on the investment result.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks may arise when a particular underlying investment is difficult to sell. Since the Sub-fund may invest in illiquid securities, there is a risk that the Sub-fund may not have the ability to release financial resources that may be needed to meet certain obligations.

During the reporting period, there were no issues regarding liquidity. The available cash of the Sub-fund was sufficient to manage the inflow and outflow of capital during the reporting period. It is expected that this will also be the case in the upcoming reporting period.

Credit risk

Investors should be fully aware that every investment carries credit risks. Bonds and debt instruments entail actual credit risk on the issuer. This risk can be measured based on the issuer's credit rating. Bonds and debt instruments issued by lower-rated issuers typically carry higher credit risk and a greater chance of default than those issued by higher-rated issuers. If the issuer of bonds or debt instruments encounters financial or economic difficulties, leading to an increase in credit risk and likely downgrade of the rating, it can affect the value of the bonds or debt instruments (which may lose their value entirely).

Fraud risks and corruption

Fraud is any intentional act or omission to mislead others, causing loss to the victim and/or profit to the perpetrator. Corruption is the misuse of entrusted power for personal gain, including bribery. The lack of controls in the payment process increases the likelihood and therefore creates the opportunity for fraud.

The asset management industry is characterized by the management of third party assets, which is quite extensive in its entirety. Having access to these assets increases GSAM BV's inherent fraud and corruption risk profile. To manage this risk, GSAM BV conducts an annual fraud and corruption risk assessment to determine the identification, exposure to and management of these risks. GSAM BV concludes in its annual risk assessment that there are no high residual risks in the context of fraud and corruption. The main inherent risks identified by GSAM BV in the annual risk assessment are the following:

- Cyber risks;
- Unauthorized withdrawal of funds;
- Fraudulent invoices;
- Insider trading risk;
- Bribery.

The following measures have been taken to mitigate these inherent risks:

<u>Cyber risks</u>, cyber risk is recognized as a collective term which, knowingly (e.g. ransomware) or unknowingly (e.g. hack), can lead to a withdrawal of assets. The range of techniques that a malicious person can use is extensive. That is why it is important for GSAM BV to be aware of these techniques and to test its own environment accordingly. The measures taken are inspired by the NIST cyber security framework of protect, detect, respond, recover and identify and are evaluated annually on the basis of the Cyber Security Risk Assessment.

<u>Unauthorized withdrawal of funds</u>, is prevented by having authorization limits and a four (or more) eyes principles, whereby modern techniques such as 2 factor authentication are required.

<u>Fraudulent invoices</u>, the payment of invoices at the expense of an investment fund is only permitted if this corresponds with the prospectus. The beneficiary as well as the correctness of the amounts charged are often verifiable, through a link with the assets. Invoices must be assessed and approved in advance by budget holders, in accordance with the procuration policy. Within this process, a separation of functions has been made between ordering, entering and approval.

<u>Insider trading risk</u>, involves misusing information for personal gain, or having orders executed in such a way that self-enrichment can be achieved at the expense of the fund. The measures taken to prevent this are diverse, including best execution review, mandatory periodic reporting on personal investment portfolios, education in the form of mandatory training and pre-employment screening.

<u>Bribery</u> involves having a tender being influenced by, for example, bribes, dinners, travel and gifts. To mitigate this, GSAM BV has a strict policy, whereby anything with a value of more than fifty euros may not be accepted. Furthermore, in the context of broker execution, price and quality assessments are carried out periodically, the outcome of which is indicative of the extent to which orders are allocated to these brokers.

The residual risk, following from the risks described above, are determined by GSAM BV as 'medium' and are accepted through a formal risk acceptance, or at the level of the foreign GSAM BV entities.

Furthermore, there is a clear legal and operational separation between the asset manager, the external administrator, the fund and the custodian. This segregation of duties has an important preventive effect on the risk of fraud and corruption.

The beforementioned control measures are part of a larger control framework, of which various parts are periodically assessed by an external auditor via the GSAM BV ISAE 3402 report. Furthermore, GSAM BV applies the 3-lines of defense mechanism, in which risk management and internal audit continuously test and monitor the effectiveness of the administrative organization and internal control. GSAM BV also applies various soft controls, such as tone at the top, e-learnings, code of ethics and a whistleblower policy.

Sustainability risks

Sustainability risks can represent their own risk or influence other risks and contribute to general risks, such as market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks or operational risks. Sustainability risks may have a negative impact on the Sub-fund's return.

The sustainability risks to which the Sub-fund may be exposed include, for example:

- Climate change
- Health & safety
- Business conduct

The assessment of sustainability risks, as defined in Article 2(22) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability disclosures in the financial services sector, which Regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time), is integrated into the investment decision process by application of Sub-fund-specific criteria for responsible investing and, where applicable, integration of relevant environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors.

The Sub-fund primarily invests in liquid assets, which means that the mentioned sustainability risks are incorporated into the valuation of the investments.

Issuer default risk

In addition to general trends in the financial markets, specific developments related to the issuer can also impact the value of an investment. Even careful security selection, for example, cannot eliminate the risk of loss due to a decline in value of the issuer's assets. The use of credit derivatives, if mentioned in the investment policy of the Fund, may entail credit risk.

2.14 Developments during the reporting period

2.14.1 General financial and economic developments in 2024

Economic Context

Recession fears continued to moderate at the start of 2024, as the US economy showed resilience despite significant rate hikes in 2022 and 1H 2023. A tight labor market, positive real wage growth, and strong equity markets supported consumer cash flows and balance sheets in the first quarter of 2024, leading to strong consumption. While US inflation prints were higher than expected in January and February, the US Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) signaled confidence in March that disinflation would restart and recent elevated releases would prove temporary. In 2Q 2024, continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, strong earnings growth, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported positive momentum in risk assets. The disinflationary process also restarted, following higher than expected prints in 1Q 2024. US Core PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditures Price Index, Excluding Food and Energy) averaged 0.17% in April and May versus average reading of 0.37% in 1Q 2024.

While a slowdown in private consumption was notable in 2Q 2024, some moderation was arguably welcomed to achieve the US Federal Reserve's 2% inflation target. Any further moderation in consumption, however, could be a concern for policymakers and market participants, and renew fears of a recession. The rebalancing of the US labor market is somewhat similar. After strong data at the start of the year, the number of non-farm jobs added in April moderated to 175k versus an average of 235k in 1Q 2024. This was the lowest print in six months, and slower job growth helped allay fears that the economy was overheating, boosting expectations that interest rate cuts would still occur this year. The job openings rate for May rose to 4.9% from 4.8% in April. At its post pandemic peak, the job openings rate was at 7.4%. Like the consumption slowdown, further moderation in the US jobs opening rate could be reaching an inflection point where further rebalancing may not be encouraging news.

Outside of the US, growth momentum continued to improve albeit from weak levels, especially in Europe. Euro area 1Q 2024 GDP came in at 1.3% q/q annualized following 0.25% q/q annualized in 4Q 2023. Similarly, the UK economy expanded at a pace of 2.9% q/q annualized in 1Q 2024 after contracting at -0.9% annualized pace in 2H 2023. Chinese 1Q GDP surprised to the upside, with a reading of 5.3% y/y versus consensus expectation of 4.8% y/y.

Monetary Policy

The Federal Reserve tilted hawkish at the start of 2024 as inflation surprised to the upside and the strong economy gave US policymakers the option to be patient with the onset of the easing cycle. In May, the risk of renewed rate hikes was reduced due to moderation in US core services inflation and a downward revision of 1Q GDP, which came in at 1.2% q/q annualized versus 1.6% initially reported. In June, the Fed revised its median dot plot projection, which now suggests one 25bps rate cut this year, reduced from three projected in March. There's still a possibility that the Fed may implement two rate cuts in the second half of 2024. Fed Chair Jerome Powell noted during the June press conference that cuts totaling 25bps vs 50bps in 2024 was a close call for many participants.

The FOMC's dual mandate of inflation and labor market looks more two-sided now compared with a year ago when it was squarely focused on inflation. Going forward, the FOMC aims to stabilize the unemployment rate around the current level of 4% and bring inflation down to 2%. Therefore, the timing and magnitude of further policy rate calibration becomes crucial. Easing too soon could reignite inflationary pressures; waiting too long could break the labor market. The potential uncertainty from the upcoming US presidential election further complicates the overall economic outlook.

Elsewhere, the Swiss National Bank surprised markets in March and cut policy rates by 25bps, becoming the first G10 central bank to start its easing cycle. The European Central Bank and the Bank of Canada started their respective easing cycles in June, both cutting by 25bps. In terms of forward guidance, both central banks have suggested that further rate cuts are likely if the data evolves in line with expectations. In the UK, Bank of England leaned dovish, but did not ease policy in June. It noted that the decision to leave rates unchanged was finely balanced and recent strength in services inflation were largely driven by volatile components. The market interpretation was that the bank may be ready to begin easing in August.

On the geopolitical front, markets encountered increased uncertainty in Europe as French President Emmanuel Macron dissolved parliament and called snap parliamentary elections, scheduled for June 30 and July 7, after his party's defeat in the EU parliamentary elections. As a result, the market priced in a higher geopolitical risk premium in European assets leading to underperformance of European assets versus peers. In Asia, the Bank of Japan (BoJ) decided to end its negative interest rate policy at its March meeting.

Bond Markets

Bond yields went higher at the start of 2024 as recession fears continued to ease and the US inflation surprised to the upside. The US 10y yield went up by 35bps to 4.2% in 1Q 2024, following a decline of 70bps in 4Q 2023. Yields were modestly higher in 2Q 2024, with the 10y yield up by 15bps. However, the increase largely happened in April after strong labor market and inflation data leading to the 10y yield moving from 4.2% to 4.7%. Subsequently, as inflation and activity data moderated, the 10y yield declined 35bps in May and June.

In Germany and the UK, 10y yields were up 25bps each in 2Q 2024. Strong 1Q GDP releases along with somewhat stickier inflation and wage data in Europe led to higher yields. In France, the 10y yield was 55bps in 2Q as the market priced in a higher term premium given increased political uncertainty. As a result, the French-German 10y spread widened from 50bps to 80bps by the end of the quarter, the highest level since the European debt crisis in 2011-12. At the short end, the US 2y yield went up by 10bps, leaving the 2s10s curve inverted around -40bps. In Asia, May marked the first time since 2012 that the 10y Japanese government bond yield had been above 1%, a major milestone with the markets pricing in a more hawkish stance from the BoJ over the rest of the year.

Commodities generally delivered strong returns in 1H 2024 with oil (WTI) and copper up by 15% and 13%, respectively. Gold and silver rallied by 13% and 22%. Within currencies, the USD continued its strong performance and was up 2.6% in 2Q, following a gain 1.8% in 1Q. Moderating but still healthy growth, high carry, and political uncertainty in France and Mexico helped USD rally on a trade-weighted basis. JPY was one of the worst performing major currencies, down 6% versus the USD. Negative carry on JPY versus most currencies and a positive environment for pro-risk assets weighed on JPY. GBP was flat whereas EUR was down 0.8% versus the USD. A few notable outliers were AUD, which rallied 2.2% versus the USD, benefitting from relatively hawkish central bank policy given elevated inflation, risk on backdrop, and higher metal prices. MXN, on the others hand, was down 9% versus the USD. A landslide victory of the incumbent party in the Mexican presidential election in May sparked fears of higher fiscal spending with fewer checks and balances coupled with a tail risk of the new government's interference in monetary policy. Since then, attempts by newly elected President Claudia Sheinbaum to calm markets have led to some stabilization in MXN.

Equity Markets

Equities started 2024 on a strong footing with significant gains in 1Q 2024 following a strong end to 2023, with several equity indices reaching all-time highs. Continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, a resilient US economy, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported risk appetite. In 2Q global developed market equities (MSCI World) and emerging market equities (MSCI EM) were up by 3.2% and 6.4%, respectively, following gains of 10% and 4.5% in 1Q. Within developed market equities, US equities outperformed their peers with a gain of 4.5% in 2Q, whereas Japanese equities (TOPIX) were up by 1.7%. Euro area equities (EURO STOXX 50) were down by 1.3% following increased uncertainty in June due to the defeat of President Macron's party in the EU parliamentary election and subsequent call for a snap parliamentary election in France.

Among US sectors, the technology sector outperformed as it rallied 8.8%, followed by utilities, up 4.6%. Materials, industrials, and energy underperformed noticeably with a sell-off of 4.5%, 2.9%, and 2.7%, respectively. Ongoing divergence between mega-cap stocks and the rest remained visible over 2Q 2024. For example, the Magnificent 7 was up by another 16.9% in 2Q, which helped the S&P 500 post a third consecutive quarterly gain of 4.5%. There was weakness elsewhere, as the equal-weighted S&P 500 fell by -2.6%, and the small-cap Russell 2000 was down by 3.3%.

Elsewhere, China equities rallied at the start of 2024, outperforming most DM and EM equity markets, but retreated in June. Widely cited reasons for the pullback include profit-taking after a strong tail-risk compression rally, less-forcefulthan-expected property policy announcements against an improved policy expectation backdrop post the April Politburo meeting, resurfacing geopolitical risks regarding cross-strait relations, and sluggish earnings revision trends.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

3. SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2024

(For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024)

3.1 Balance sheet

Before appropriation of the result

Investment funds 3.5.2 276,017 264,604 Equity futures 3.5.4 340 330 Interest futures 3.5.5 583 1,117 Total investments 305,766 295,471 Receivables 3.5.8 - Receivable for investment transactions 1,878 - Interest receivable 271 305 Receivable form shareholders 8 - Other receivables 957 598 Total receivables 3,114 903 Other assets 3.5.9 - Cash and cash equivalents 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 3.5.10 - Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value - - Investments with negative market value <th>Amounts x € 1,000</th> <th>Reference</th> <th>30-06-2024</th> <th>31-12-2023</th>	Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Investment funds 3.5.2 276,017 264,604 Equity futures 3.5.4 340 330 Interest futures 3.5.5 583 1,117 Total investments 305,766 295,471 Receivables 3.5.8	Investments			
Equity futures 3.5.4 340 330 Interest futures 3.5.5 583 1.117 Total investments 305,766 295,471 Receivables 3.5.8	Bonds and other fixed income securities	3.5.1	28,826	29,420
Interest futures 3.5.5 583 1,117 Total investments 305,766 295,471 Receivables 3.5.8 Receivable for investment transactions 1,878 - Receivable for investment transactions 1,878 - - Interest receivable 271 305 - Receivable from shareholders 8 - - Other assets 957 588 - Total receivables 957 588 - Other assets 3.5.9 - - Cash and cash equivalents 2.605 1,210 - Total other assets 2.605 1,210 - Total assets 3.5.10 - - Issued capital 1,344 1,400 - - Share premium 78,203 90,566 - - Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 - - Interest futures 3.5.4 11 - Interest futures <td< td=""><td>Investment funds</td><td>3.5.2</td><td>276,017</td><td>264,604</td></td<>	Investment funds	3.5.2	276,017	264,604
Total investments 305,766 295,471 Receivables 3.5.8	Equity futures	3.5.4	340	330
Receivables 3.5.8 Receivable for investment transactions 1,878 - Interest receivable 271 305 Receivable from shareholders 8 - Other receivables 957 598 Total receivables 957 598 Total receivables 3,114 903 Other assets 3,5.9 - Cash and cash equivalents 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3.5.10 - Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value	Interest futures	3.5.5	583	1,117
Receivable for investment transactions 1,878 - Interest receivable 271 305 Receivable from shareholders 8 - Other receivables 957 598 Total receivables 957 598 Total receivables 3,114 903 Other assets 3,114 903 Cash and cash equivalents 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3.5.10 1 Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 124 18 Total investments with negative market value 124 18 Short term liabilities 3.5.11 70 Payable to shareholders 70 687 <	Total investments		305,766	295,471
Interest receivable 271 305 Receivable from shareholders 8 - Other receivables 957 598 Total receivables 3,114 903 Other assets 3,114 903 Other assets 3,114 903 Other assets 3,114 903 Cash and cash equivalents 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3.5.10 1.344 Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 24 18 Equity futures 3.5.4 11 - Interest futures 3.5.5 113 18 Total investments with negative market value 124 18	Receivables	3.5.8		
Receivable from shareholders 8 - Other receivables 957 598 Total receivables 3,114 903 Other assets 3,114 903 Other assets 3,114 903 Cash and cash equivalents 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3,5.10 1,344 Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 11 - Investments with negative market value 124 18 Short term liabilities 3,5.11 18 Total investments with negative market value 124 18 Short term liabilities 3,5.11 70	Receivable for investment transactions		1,878	-
Other receivables 957 598 Total receivables 3,114 903 Other assets 3.5.9	Interest receivable		271	305
Total receivables 3,114 903 Other assets 3.5.9	Receivable from shareholders		8	-
Other assets 3.5.9 Cash and cash equivalents 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3.5.10 Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 26,839 35,5.5 113 18 Total investments with negative market value 124 18 Short term liabilities 3.5.11 70 687 Other short term liabilities 4,586 220 Total shor	Other receivables		957	598
Cash and cash equivalents 2,605 1,210 Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3.5.10 1.344 1,400 Issued capital 1,344 1,400 1.344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 00,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 299,659 Investments with negative market value Equity futures 3.5.4 11 - Interest futures 3.5.5 113 18 70 687 Short term liabilities 3.5.11 70 687 70 687 Other short term liabilities 4,586 220 70 687	Total receivables		3,114	903
Total other assets 2,605 1,210 Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3.5.10 1,344 1,400 Issued capital 1,344 1,400 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 00,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 26,639 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 11 - Investments with negative market value Equity futures 3.5.4 11 - Interest futures 3.5.5 113 18 124 18 Short term liabilities 3.5.11 70 687 0ther short term liabilities 4,586 220 Total short term liabilities 4,586 220 907 0ther short term liabilities 4,656 907	Other assets	3.5.9		
Total assets 311,485 297,584 Net asset value 3.5.10	Cash and cash equivalents		2,605	1,210
Net asset value 3.5.10 Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 11 - Equity futures 3.5.4 11 - Interest futures 3.5.5 113 18 Total investments with negative market value 124 18 Short term liabilities 3.5.11 70 687 Other short term liabilities 4,586 220 Total short term liabilities 4,656 907	Total other assets		2,605	1,210
Issued capital 1,344 1,400 Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 2 2 Equity futures 3.5.4 11 - Interest futures 3.5.5 113 18 Total investments with negative market value 124 18 Short term liabilities 3.5.11 200 Payable to shareholders 70 687 Other short term liabilities 4,586 220 Total short term liabilities 4,656 907	Total assets		311,485	297,584
Share premium 78,203 90,566 Other reserves 200,319 169,510 Undistributed result 26,839 35,183 Net asset value 306,705 296,659 Investments with negative market value 2 200,319 11 Equity futures 3.5.4 11 - Interest futures 3.5.5 113 18 Total investments with negative market value 124 18 Short term liabilities 3.5.11 - Payable to shareholders 70 687 Other short term liabilities 4,586 220 Total short term liabilities 4,656 907	Net asset value	3.5.10		
Other reserves200,319169,510Undistributed result26,83935,183Net asset value306,705296,659Investments with negative market value26,83911Equity futures3.5.411-Interest futures3.5.511318Total investments with negative market value12418Short term liabilities3.5.11-Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Issued capital		1,344	1,400
Undistributed result26,83935,183Net asset value306,705296,659Investments with negative market valueEquity futures3.5.411Interest futures3.5.5113Interest futures3.5.5113Total investments with negative market value12418Short term liabilities3.5.1170Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Share premium		78,203	90,566
Net asset value306,705296,659Investments with negative market valueEquity futures3.5.411Equity futures3.5.511318Total investments with negative market value12418Short term liabilities3.5.1170687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Other reserves		200,319	169,510
Investments with negative market valueEquity futures3.5.411Interest futures3.5.511318Total investments with negative market value12418Short term liabilitiesShort term liabilities3.5.11Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Undistributed result		26,839	35,183
Equity futures3.5.411-Interest futures3.5.511318Total investments with negative market value12418Short term liabilities3.5.11-Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Net asset value		306,705	296,659
Interest futures3.5.511318Total investments with negative market value12418Short term liabilities3.5.1170687Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Investments with negative market value			
Total investments with negative market value12418Short term liabilities3.5.11Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Equity futures	3.5.4	11	-
Short term liabilities3.5.11Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Interest futures	3.5.5	113	18
Payable to shareholders70687Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Total investments with negative market	value	124	18
Other short term liabilities4,586220Total short term liabilities4,656907	Short term liabilities	3.5.11		
Total short term liabilities 4,656 907	Payable to shareholders		70	687
	Other short term liabilities		4,586	220
Total liabilities 311,485 297,584	Total short term liabilities		4,656	907
	Total liabilities		311,485	297,584

3.2 Profit and loss statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000 Reference		2024	2023
OPERATING INCOME			
Income of investments	3.6.1		
Dividend		2,414	3,408
Interest from investments		327	343
Revaluation of investments			
Realized revaluation of investments		6,124	3,699
Unrealized revaluation of investments		18,861	13,388
Other results	3.6.2		
Foreign currency translation		13	-91
Interest other		60	6
Subscription and redemption fee		6	9
Other income		166	154
Total operating income		27,971	20,916
OPERATING EXPENSES	3.6.3		
Operating costs		1,132	1,069
Total operating expenses		1,132	1,069
Net result		26,839	19,847

3.3 Cashflow statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTI	VITIES		
	VIIILO		
Purchases of investments		-30,133	-69,413
Sales of investments		43,051	66,438
Dividend received		2,414	3,408
Interest on investments received		361	424
Other results		-133	-355
Operating costs paid		-1,140	-1,056
Total cashflow from investments activ	ities	14,420	-554
CASHFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVI	TIES		
Proceeds from subscriptions of shares		3,241	10,733
Payments for redemptions of shares		-16,285	-8,126
Subscription and redemption fee received	t	6	9
Total cashflow from financing activitie	S	-13,038	2,616
NET CASH FLOW		1,382	2,062
Foreign currency translation		13	-91
Change in cash and cash equivalents		1,395	1,971
Cash and cash equivalents opening bala	nce	1,210	3,678
Cash and cash equivalents closing ba	lance 3.5.9	2,605	5,649

3.4 Notes

3.4.1 General notes

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. GSAM BV, located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund. The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV.

The semi-annual financial statements are prepared under going concern principles and in accordance with the financial statement models for investment institutions as established by the legislator. The semi-annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with Title 9 Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Accounting Standard. Wording may be used that deviates from these models to better reflect the contents of the specific items. The 2024 semi-annual financial statement are prepared according to the same principles for the valuation of assets and liabilities, determination of results and cash flow statement as used for the 2023 annual financial statements.

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL) is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is a variable capital investment company. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has its head office in The Hague, has its registered office in Amsterdam and is listed in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is an open-end investment company structured as an umbrella fund, where the ordinary shares of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are divided into various series, known as "Sub-funds", in which investments can be made separately. For further details, please refer to the "Structure" section in the Board of directors' report.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets allocated to the individual Sub-funds. The semiannual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is available on the website of the manager.

When preparing the semi-annual financial statements, the manager uses estimates and judgments that can be essential to the amounts included in the semi-annual financial statements. If deemed necessary, the nature of these estimates and judgments, including the associated assumptions, are included in the notes to the semi-annual financial statements.

The semi-annual financial statements have not been audited by an independent auditor.

The functional currency of the Sub-fund is the euro. The semi-annual financial statements are presented in thousands of euros, unless stated otherwise. Amounts in whole euros are denoted with a euro symbol (\in). The table below provides the key exchange rates relative to the euro.

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Australian Dollar	AUD	1.60482	1.61886
Brazilian Real	BRL	5.95307	5.36584
British Pound	GBP	0.84785	0.86651
Canadian Dollar	CAD	1.46657	1.45657
Chilean Peso	CLP	1,011.67125	964.65820
Chinese Renminbi (offshore)	CNH	7.82483	7.86560
Colombian Peso	COP	4,441.57930	4,279.34266
Czech Koruna	CZK	25.04600	24.68810
Danish Krone	DKK	7.45763	7.45444
Egyptian Pound	EGP	51.47713	34.16074
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	8.36771	8.62558
Hungarian Forint	HUF	394.93268	382.20861
Indian Rupee	INR	89.37225	91.92054
Indonesian Rupiah	IDR	17,550.24673	17,008.01178
Israeli Shekel	ILS	4.03760	3.97769

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Japanese Yen	JPY	172.40506	155.73095
Kuwaiti Dinar	KWD	0.32875	0.33941
Malaysian Ringgit	MYR	5.05609	5.07578
Mexican Peso	MXN	19.59786	18.70638
New Zealand Dollar	NZD	1.75887	1.74464
Norwegian Krone	NOK	11.41172	11.21832
Philippine Peso	PHP	62.81538	61.16901
Polish Zloty	PLN	4.30862	4.34366
Qatari Rial	QAR	3.90228	4.02197
Russian Ruble	RUB	92.44029	98.75413
Saudi Riyal	SAR	4.02086	4.14237
Singapore Dollar	SGD	1.45254	1.45709
Taiwanese Dollar	TWD	34.76985	33.90169
Thai Baht	THB	39.33130	37.70383
Turkish Lira	TRY	35.13638	32.62419
South African Rand	ZAR	19.57052	20.20094
South Korean Won	KRW	1,475.29247	1,422.65495
Swedish Krona	SEK	11.35021	11.13232
Swiss Franc	CHF	0.96312	0.92973
UAE Dirham	AED	3.93662	4.05702
US Dollar	USD	1.07177	1.10463

3.4.2 Securities lending

The Sub-fund is allowed to engage in securities lending techniques to generate additional income. During the reporting period, the Sub-fund did not engage in securities lending.

3.5 Notes to the balance sheet

The presented movement schedules cover the period from 1 January through 30 June

3.5.1 Bonds and other fixed income securities

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	29,420	30,312
Purchases	1,827	1,260
Sales or redemptions	-1,505	-3,939
Revaluation	-916	525
Closing balance	28,826	28,158

The Composition of investments section that is part of this disclosure, shows the individual bonds and other fixedincome securities included in the portfolio at the end of the reporting period.

3.5.2 Investment funds

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	264,604	234,826
Purchases	27,832	69,242
Sales	-42,562	-65,588
Revaluation	26,143	17,804
Closing balance	276,017	256,284

Overview of investment funds

The below table shows the investment funds in which the Sub-fund was invested at the end of the reporting period. The participation percentage included herein represents the interest in the respective Share Class of the investment fund in which the Sub-fund participates The investment in Liquid Euro is held for cash management purposes.

At 30 June 2024

Name of the fund shares/part	Number of icipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1,000
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris Aligned Equity				
Fund (NL) - Z	2,790	6,284.31	38.5%	17,534
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	9,710	1,043.70	2.3%	10,134
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	932,433	34.67	17.5%	32,329
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	404	4,187.46	1.3%	1,692
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	740,548	30.67	2.2%	22,714
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	12,729	196.18	1.8%	2,497
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	13,509	4,136.21	34.2%	55,876
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	3,009	5,075.89	13.0%	15,272
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	2,435	5,425.77	1.6%	13,212
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	2,099	7,632.77	8.8%	16,021
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	595	14,199.54	4.1%	8,449
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,448	4,750.79	0.6%	6,879
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap EUR	16,018	497.73	1.5%	7,973
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	50	962,641.86	6.0%	48,132
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	989	7,762.82	6.2%	7,677
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	9,205	1,045.81	0.5%	9,626
Closing balance				276,017

At 31 December 2023

Name of the fund shares	Number of participations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1.000
Enhanced Index Sustainable Paris Aligned Equity				
Fund (NL) - Z	2,764	5,586.83	38.4%	15,444
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	9,710	1,033.61	2.2%	10,036
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	921,887	30.70	12.6%	28,304
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedg	ed i) 404	4,180.00	1.3%	1,689
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	777,163	27.86	2.4%	21,651
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	12,300	178.31	4.6%	2,193
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	15,842	3,625.17	33.1%	57,432
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index				
Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	2,982	4,803.75	12.5%	14,323
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUF	R 2,435	5,387.30	1.6%	13,118
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	2,092	6,904.37	9.1%	14,444
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap I	EUR 582	12,631.33	4.3%	7,351
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	1,448	4,808.50	0.7%	6,963
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap I	EUR 16,018	490.64	1.4%	7,859
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index				
Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	61	830,418.40	7.2%	50,656
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	989	7,970.36	6.6%	7,883
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	5,130	1,024.97	0.2%	5,258
Closing balance				264,604

3.5.3 Options purchased

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	-	-
Paid premium	-	110
Revaluation	-	-110
Closing balance	-	-

3.5.4 Equity futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	330	918
Expiration	-862	544
Revaluation	861	-1,390
Closing balance	329	72

3.5.5 Interest futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	1,099	1,161
Expiration	474	-1,763
Revaluation	-1,103	258
Closing balance	470	-344

3.5.6 Collateral

To mitigate counterparty risk for the Sub-fund, a collateral arrangement with the counterparty can be established for certain assets. The Sub-fund must determine the value of the received collateral on a daily basis and verify if additional collateral needs to be exchanged.

The collateral is typically provided in the form of:

- Cash and cash equivalents, usually referred to as cash collateral;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by highly rated countries;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by prominent issuers and for which there is a sufficiently liquid market. Bonds issued by financial sector issuers are excluded due to correlation risk; or
- Shares admitted to or traded on a regulated market, provided that these shares are included in a major index.

The Sub-fund must ensure that it is able to enforce its rights to the collateral if an event occurs that requires its exercise. Therefore, the collateral must be available at all times, either directly or through the mediation of a prominent financial institution or a wholly-owned subsidiary of that institution, so that the Sub-fund can immediately seize or liquidate the collateralized assets if the counterparty fails to meet its obligations.

The Sub-fund will ensure that the collateral received from transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions meets the following conditions:

- The collateralized assets received are valued at market prices. To mitigate the risk of the collateral's value held by a Sub-fund being lower than the claim on the counterparty, a conservative markdown policy is applied. This collateral haircut is applied to collateral received in relation to (i) OTC derivatives, (ii) securities lending, and (iii) repo transactions. A markdown is a reduction applied to the value of collateralized assets and aims to absorb the volatility in the value of the collateral between two margin calls or during the required time to liquidate the collateral. This process includes a liquidity element in terms of remaining maturity and a credit quality element in terms of the rating of the security. The markdown policy takes into account the characteristics of the asset class involved, including the creditworthiness of the collateral issuer, the volatility of collateral prices, and potential currency mismatches. Markdowns applied to cash, high-quality government bonds, and corporate bonds typically range between 0% to 15%, and markdowns on equities range from 10% to 15%. Regulation also requires an additional 8% markdown to be applied when the currency unit of the collateral, if the collateral is a bond, differs from the permitted currency units in the legal documentation for bilateral derivative transactions. In exceptional market conditions, a different markdown level may be applied. Under the agreement with the respective counterparty, which may or may not involve minimum booking amounts, it is intended that, for the purpose of the collateral haircut and if applicable, each received collateral is valued at an amount equal to or higher than the respective exposure of the counterparty:
- The received collateral for OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions must be sufficiently liquid so that they can be quickly sold at a price that deviates little from the pre-sale valuation;
- The collateralized assets are held by the Sub-fund's custodian or by a sub-custodian provided that the Subfund's custodian has transferred the custody of the collateral to such sub-custodian and that the custodian remains liable for the collateral if the sub-custodian loses it;
- Collateral received in the context of transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions cannot be sold or provided as security to a third party during the term of the agreement. However, received cash collateral can be reinvested.

3.5.7 Investments by marketability

Below is the breakdown of the investment portfolio by marketability:

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Exchange quoted	29,625	30,849
Other*	276,017	264,604
Closing balance	305,642	295,453

* This includes all investments that do not fall into the other categories. This may include, among others: units of participation in other investment institutions, commercial paper, deposits with credit institutions, and OTC derivatives.

3.5.8 Receivables

All receivables have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Receivable for investment transactions

These receivables arise due to the fact that there are a few days between the sale date and the receipt date of the payment for investment transactions.

Interest receivable

This concerns accrued, not yet received, interest on investments.

Receivable from shareholders

This concerns amounts receivable from shareholders for subscription to shares.

Other receivables

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Withholding tax*	923	561
Other receivables	34	37
Closing balance	957	598

* Withholding tax receivables have a maturity of less than one year, but it can take longer to receive the amounts causing them to stay on the balance sheet for a longer period.

3.5.9 Other assets

Cash and cash equivalents

This concerns freely available bank accounts, including a margin account related to future contracts. For the duration of the future contracts, the margin account is not fully available for use. The balance of the margin account varies depending on changes in the underlying value.

3.5.10 Net Asset Value

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	1,400	1,400
Subscriptions	5	5
Redemptions	-61	-61
Closing balance	1,344	1,344
Share premium		
Opening balance	90,566	90,566
Subscriptions	3,244	3,244
Redemptions	-15,607	-15,607
Closing balance	78,203	78,203
Other reserves		
Opening balance	169,510	169,510
Transfer from Undistributed result	35,183	35,183
Dividend	-4,374	-4,374
Closing balance	200,319	200,319
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	35,183	35,183
Transfer to Other reserves	-35,183	-35,183
Net result for the period	26,839	26,839
Closing balance	26,839	26,839
Total net asset value	306,705	306,705

The nominal value per share at the end of the reporting period for all Share Classes of the Sub-fund is \in 0.20.

The share premium reserve is not freely distributable to shareholders for the part that is considered as a legal reserve.

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2023

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	1,417	1,417
Subscriptions	54	54
Redemptions	-41	-41
Closing balance	1,430	1,430
Share premium		
Opening balance	94,016	94,016
Subscriptions	10,718	10,718
Redemptions	-8,058	-8,058
Closing balance	96,676	96,676
Other reserves		
Opening balance	227,340	227,340
Transfer from Undistributed result	-51,031	-51,031
Dividend	-6,799	-6,799
Closing balance	169,510	169,510
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	-51,031	-51,031
Transfer to Other reserves	51,031	51,031
Net result for the period	19,847	19,847
Closing balance	19,847	19,847
Total net asset value	287,463	287,463

3.5.11 Short term liabilities

All short term liabilities have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Payable to shareholders

The concerns the amount payable for redemptions of shares.

Other short term liabilities

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Accrued expenses	212	220
Dividends payable	4,374	-
Closing balance	4,586	220

3.5.12 Off-balance sheet rights and obligations

At the reporting date, there are no off-balance sheet rights and obligations.

3.6 Notes of the profit and loss statement

3.6.1 Income of investments

Dividend

Dividend includes gross cash dividends net of non-recoverable foreign withholding tax.

Additionally, this may include the offsetting via tax credits of Dutch and foreign withholding tax, which is possible under the status of the Sub-fund as a fiscal investment institution as recognized by the Dutch tax authorities.

Interest

This relates to interest income from investments.

3.6.2 Other result

Foreign currency translation

This concerns the foreign currency translation result on other balance sheet items.

Interest other

This relates to the interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and margin account during the reporting period.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fees charged to shareholders for the subscription or redemption of shares in a Sub-fund. This fee is calculated as a percentage-based entry or exit fee on the net asset value per share to protect existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficiary to the Sub-fund.

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Subscription and redemption fee	6	9

The applicable subscriptions and redemption fees during the reporting period are included in the schedule below.

Subscription and redemption fee	Percentage	Applicable from	Valid through
Subscription fee	0.05%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024
Redemption fee	0.04%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024

Other income

Other income includes all income items that are not generated from investments. This also includes reimbursements of allocated costs related to investments in other investment funds. These allocated costs are included in the (un)realized revaluation of the underlying investment funds and are reimbursed for Share Classes with a Fixed Miscellaneous Fee, as these costs are already included in the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee of the respective Share Class.

3.6.3 Operating expenses

Operating costs

The operating costs consist of the management fee and the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee. These costs are further explained in the notes for each Share Class, included in this semi-annual report.

3.7 Other general notes

3.7.1 Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events.

3.8 Notes to Share Class P

3.8.1 Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	296,659	271,742
Subscriptions	3,249	10,772
Redemptions	-15,668	-8,099
Dividend	-4,374	-6,799
	-16,793	-4,126
Investment income	2,741	3,751
Other results	245	78
Management fee	-906	-855
Other expenses	-226	-214
	1,854	2,760
Revaluation of investments	24,985	17,087
Closing balance	306,705	287,463

3.8.2 Net asset value

	30-06-2024	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Net asset value (x € 1,000)	306,705	296,659	271,742
Shares outstanding (number)	6,719,336	7,000,129	7,087,492
Net asset value per share (in €)	45.65	42.38	38.34

3.8.3 Performance

For the period 1 January through 30 June

	2024	2023	2022
Net performance Share Class (%)	9.23	7.33	-14.19
Performance of the index (%)	9.76	8.64	-12.82
Relative performance (%)	-0.53	-1.31	-1.37

3.8.4 Expenses

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Management fee	906	855
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	226	214
Total operating costs Share Class P	1,132	1,069

The management fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.60% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The Fixed Miscellaneous Fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.15% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The fixed miscellaneous fee serves to compensate for regular and/or recurring expenses incurred by the Sub-fund, such as the costs of administration, reporting (also understood to include the costs of data provision and the processing and calculation of the financial data of the investment fund), the safe-keeping of the assets, the auditor, the supervision, any stock exchange listing, making payments, publications, shareholder meetings, legal proceedings including any class actions, fee sharing arrangements within the scope of securities lending, the costs of collateral management activities as well as external advisers and service providers, such as – where appropriate – the Fund Agent and Transfer Agent. Where applicable, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee also includes costs included in the value of investment funds.

3.9 Composition of investments

At 30 June 2024

The following breakdown of the investments provides a detailed overview of the bond and other fixed-income securities portfolio.

Currency	Nominal x 1,000	Percentage	Name	Value x € 1,000
EUR	18	0.800	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2027	17
EUR	78	0.900	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2029	71
EUR	360	0.100	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2030	306
EUR	100	0.350	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2032	81
EUR	100	3.000	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2033	100
EUR	51	1.900	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2038	43
EUR	45	3.750	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2045	47
EUR	45	1.600	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2047	32
EUR	67	1.700	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2050	46
EUR	100	2.250	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2057	75
EUR	80	0.650	BELGIUM KINGDOM 22/06/2071	32
EUR	119	4.500	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2026	122
EUR	130	5.500	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2028	142
EUR	118	5.000	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2035	137
EUR	180	4.250	BELGIUM KINGDOM 28/03/2041	199
EUR	150	1.600	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2025	148
EUR	155	1.950	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2026	152
EUR	200	1.500	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2027	192
EUR	130	1.400	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2028	123
EUR	284	1.450	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2029	264
EUR	109	0.500	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2030	94
EUR	101	0.100	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2031	83
EUR	180	0.700	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2032	149
EUR	180	3.150	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/04/2033	178
EUR	206	4.650	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2025	209
EUR	161	0.800	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2027	150
EUR	158	1.850	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2035	135
EUR	40	3.450	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2043	38
EUR	100	3.450	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 30/07/2066	89
EUR	113	6.000	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/01/2029	128
EUR	90	4.200	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/01/2037	96
EUR	170	2.150	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2025	168
EUR	264	1.300	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2026	254
EUR	124	1.450	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2027	118
EUR	112	5.150	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2028	122
EUR	68	0.600	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2029	60
EUR	221	1.250	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2030	198
EUR	90	0.500	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2031	75
EUR	150	1.200	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2040	104
EUR	62	5.150	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2044	73
EUR	102	2.900	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2046	88
EUR	63	2.700	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2048	51
EUR	117	1.000	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2050	62
EUR	100	1.900	BONOS Y OBLIG DEL ESTADO 31/10/2052	66
EUR	350	0.250	BUNDERSREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2028	320
EUR	495	0.000	BUNDESOBLIGATION 10/10/2025	477
EUR	227	2.200	BUNDESOBLIGATION 13/04/2028	224
LOIN	221	2.200		

Currency	Nominal x 1,000	Percentage	Name	Value x € 1,000
EUR	259	1.300	BUNDESOBLIGATION 15/10/2027	249
EUR	200	0.000	BUNDESOBLIGATION 16/04/2027	186
EUR	280	4.750	BUNDESREPUB DEUTSCHLAND 04/07/2040	355
EUR	344	4.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 04/01/2037	395
EUR	38	4.750	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 04/07/2034	46
EUR	280	0.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2028	261
EUR	220	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2030	193
EUR	183	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2031	157
EUR	250	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2032	209
EUR	392	2.300	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/02/2033	388
EUR	401	0.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2027	377
EUR	300	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2029	266
EUR	243	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2030	210
EUR	250	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2031	211
EUR	417	2.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2046	402
EUR	178	1.250	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2048	133
EUR	100	0.000	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2052	48
EUR	150	1.800	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2053	124
EUR	60	2.500	BUNDESREPUB. DEUTSCHLAND 15/08/2054	58
EUR	250	2.450	BUONI POLIENNAALI DEL TES 01/09/2033	222
EUR	190	4.100	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/02/2029	195
EUR	174	3.500	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2030	173
EUR	239	1.650	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2032	206
EUR	102	3.350	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2035	96
EUR	115	2.700	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2007	87
EUR	64	2.800	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2067	45
EUR	60	2.150	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/03/2072	35
EUR	301	1.350	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/04/2030	266
EUR	178	0.900	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/04/2031	149
EUR	270	1.600	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/06/2026	261
EUR	235	2.200	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/06/2027	228
EUR	165	0.950	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/06/2032	133
EUR	250	3.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/08/2029	244
EUR	177	0.600	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/08/2023	143
EUR	296	4.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2028	311
EUR	155	2.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2026	127
EUR	109	2.950	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2038	94
EUR	90	4.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2044	94
EUR	153	2.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2050	106
EUR	133	1.700	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2051	70
EUR	90	2.150	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/09/2052	57
EUR	60	4.500	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/10/2053	59
EUR	180	1.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 01/12/2026	171
EUR	186	0.850	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/01/2027	175
EUR	639	1.450	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/05/2025	627
EUR	127	0.950	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES 15/09/2027	118
EUR	200	5.750	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/02/2033	227
EUR	238	4.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/02/2037	235
EUR	170	6.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/02/2031 BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/05/2031	194
EUR	207	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/08/2034	224
EUR	207	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/08/2039	289
EUR	140	5.000	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/09/2040	150
EUR	140	7.250	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/03/2040 BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2026	185
2011	170	1.200		105

	Nominal			Value
Currency	x 1,000	Percentage	Name	x € 1,000
EUR	140	6.500	BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TESORO 01/11/2027	154
EUR	88	4.000	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2025	89
EUR	100	2.750	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2028	100
EUR	60	2.625	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 04/07/2042	55
EUR	60	1.125	FINLAND (REPUBLIC OF) 15/04/2034	50
EUR	29	1.375	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/04/2047	20
EUR	156	0.500	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/09/2027	145
EUR	68	3.000	FINNISH GOVERNMENT 15/09/2033	68
EUR	130	2.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/02/2029	128
EUR	170	5.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2029	188
EUR	139	4.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/04/2055	146
EUR	255	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2025	249
EUR	350	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2026	333
EUR	212	1.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2027	200
EUR	650	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2028	597
EUR	530	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2029	469
EUR	369	2.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2030	357
EUR	330	1.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2031	298
EUR	350	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2032	275
EUR	250	3.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2033	246
EUR	300	1.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2034	250
EUR	300	1.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2036	238
EUR	120	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2040	76
EUR	182	2.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2048	135
EUR	198	1.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2050	127
EUR	152	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2052	76
EUR	160	0.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2053	78
EUR	82	1.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2066	50
EUR	75	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/05/2072	26
EUR	239	1.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2039	192
EUR	90	0.500	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/06/2044	51
EUR	300	2.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2027	297
EUR	220	5.750	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/10/2032	261
EUR	185	1.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2025	179
EUR	154	0.250	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2026	144
EUR	301	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2030	248
EUR	278	0.000	FRANCE (GOVT OF) 25/11/2031	222
EUR	300	3.500	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2026	302
EUR	120	4.750	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2035	135
EUR	200	4.500	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2041	224
EUR	120	4.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/04/2060	127
EUR	130	3.250	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/05/2045	123
EUR	237	6.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2025	245
EUR	150	4.000	FRANCE (REPUBLIC OF) 25/10/2038	159
EUR	113	1.100	IRISH TSY 15/05/2029	105
EUR	90	2.400	IRISH TSY 15/05/2030	88
EUR	51	1.300	IRISH TSY 15/05/2033	45
EUR	40	1.700	IRISH TSY 15/05/2037	34
EUR	100	2.000	IRISH TSY 18/02/2045	82
EUR	115	0.200	IRISH TSY 18/10/2030	98
EUR	379	4.500	ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 01/03/2026	386
EUR	105	3.250	ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 01/09/2046	88
EUR	117	2.500	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2033	115
2011	117	2.000		110

Currency	Nominal x 1,000	Percentage	Name	Value x € 1,000
EUR	75	4.000	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2037	84
EUR	78	3.750	NETHERLANDS (KINGDOM OF) 15/01/2042	87
EUR	230	5.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2028	251
EUR	90	2.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2030	89
EUR	43	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2038	29
EUR	65	0.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2040	46
EUR	60	3.250	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2044	63
EUR	100	2.750	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2047	97
EUR	60	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/01/2052	28
EUR	140	0.250	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2025	136
EUR	80	0.500	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2026	76
EUR	80	0.750	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2027	75
EUR	48	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2030	41
EUR	188	0.000	NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT 15/07/2031	156
EUR	63	1.150	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 11/04/2042	43
EUR	68	1.000	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 12/04/2052	36
EUR	139	3.875	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 15/02/2030	146
EUR	60	4.100	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 15/04/2037	64
EUR	118	1.650	OBRIGACOES DO TESOURO 16/07/2032	107
EUR	22	1.500	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 02/11/2086	13
EUR	163	4.850	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/03/2026	168
EUR	89	4.150	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/03/2037	98
EUR	80	6.250	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 15/07/2027	87
EUR	70	0.750	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2028	65
EUR	70	0.500	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2029	63
EUR	136	0.000	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2030	116
EUR	40	0.000	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2031	33
EUR	120	0.900	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2032	103
EUR	61	1.500	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/02/2047	44
EUR	93	0.750	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/03/2051	52
EUR	31	3.150	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/06/2044	30
EUR	30	2.100	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 20/09/2117	22
EUR	60	2.400	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 23/05/2034	57
EUR	22	3.800	REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA 26/01/2062	24
EUR	300	5.750	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2032	354
EUR	149	4.900	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2040	169
EUR	89	4.700	SPAIN (KINGDOM OF) 30/07/2041	99
Total				28,826
Investment fu	unds			276,017
Equity futures	S			329
Interest future	es			470
Total of inve	stments			305,642

For the composition of investments at 31 December 2023, please refer to the 2023 annual report of the Sub-fund. This annual report is available on the website of the manager.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.
4. OTHER INFORMATION

4.1 Statutory provisions regarding appropriation of results

According to Article 23 of the Articles of Association of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. the Executive Board decides for each type of shares what part of the balance will be allocated to the additional reserve maintained for the relevant type. After the aforementioned addition, a dividend, in so far as possible, is paid on the priority shares equal to six per cent (6%) of the nominal value of these shares. There is no further distribution of profit on the priority shares the general meeting decides otherwise.

If the aforementioned balance of income and expenses is negative, the amount is deducted from the additional reserve that is maintained for the relevant type of shares.

4.2 Management interest

The total personal interest in (the investments of) the Sub-fund (if applicable, including investments in GSAM BV funds in which participation occurred) in number of shares and option rights, or nominal value in bonds, held by the Board members at 30 June 2024 and 1 January 2024, is specified as follows:

	Туре	30-06-2024	1-1-2024
Aegon	Shares	15,000	15,000
Akzo Nobel	Shares	60	60
Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund IV (NL) - P	Shares	585	585
ING Group	Shares	95	95
KPN	Shares	140	140
NN Group	Shares	1,491	100
NN Group*	Share plan account	4,064	3,571

* This is an online investment account where the deferred variable compensation of GSAM BV employees is administered. Under strict conditions, shares obtained from this online investment account can be traded.

GOLDMAN SACHS DYNAMIC MIX FUND V (NL)

Semi-annual Report 2024

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1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

(Sub-fund of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.)

Manager / Executive Board

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Depositary

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2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

2.1 Key figures Share Class P

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net asset value (x 1,000)	€	140,141	130,059	118,346	145,826	116,578
Shares outstanding (number)		2,781,515	2,868,986	2,931,013	3,041,516	3,030,892
Net asset value per share	€	50.38	45.33	40.38	47.95	38.46
Transaction price	€	50.41	45.31	40.36	47.98	38.44
Dividend per share	€	0.64	0.94	0.67	0.70	0.51
Net performance Share Class	%	12.55	14.77	-14.38	26.67	6.59
Performance of the index	%	13.05	16.96	-13.39	24.19	6.58
Relative performance	%	-0.50	-2.19	-0.99	2.48	0.01

2.2 Notes to the key figures

2.2.1 Reporting period

The key figures for 2024 relate to the positions at 30 June and the period from 1 January through 30 June. The key figures for the other years relate to the positions at 31 December and the period from 1 January through 31 December, unless stated otherwise.

2.2.2 Net asset value per share

The net asset value of each Share Class of the Sub-fund will be determined by the manager. The manager calculates the net asset value per Share Class each business day. The net asset value per share of each Share Class is determined by dividing the net asset value of a Share Class by the number of outstanding shares of that Share Class at the calculation date.

2.2.3 Transaction price

The transaction price of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is determined by the manager on each business day and is based on the net asset value per share of each Share Class with an upcharge (subscription fee) or discount (redemption fee) to cover the costs of purchase and sale of 'physical' investments. The subscription and redemption fee is for the protection of existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund. When no transaction has taken place on a business day, the transaction price is equal to the net asset value per share.

2.2.4 Net performance

The net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund is based on the net asset value per share, taking into account any dividend distributions. The relative performance is the difference between the net performance of each Share Class of the Sub-fund and the performance of the index.

2.3 General information

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL) ('the Sub-fund') is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (refer to paragraph 2.9 Structure for more information). The semi-annual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. (hereinafter referred to as the 'Fund') is available on the website of the manager.

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V. ('GSAM BV'), located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund and is licensed by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets ('Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten', also referred to as 'AFM') under the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV. All shares in GSAM BV are held by Goldman Sachs Asset Management International Holdings B.V. Both entities are part of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as 'Goldman Sachs').

Goldman Sachs is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and qualifies as a bank holding company under US law. Goldman Sachs is a globally operating financial institution which – by means of a substantial variety of leading companies and subsidiaries – offers (integrated) financial services to private individuals, companies and institutions.

The AFM and the central bank of the Netherlands ('De Nederlandsche Bank N.V.', also referred to as 'DNB') act as supervisors. The AFM is charged with conduct supervision on the grounds of the Wft. Prudential supervision is performed by DNB.

2.4 Objective

The Sub-fund aims to achieve a better overall long-term return than the index through active management.

2.5 Investment policy

The composition of Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL) will, in principle, show a long-term allocation of 10% fixed-income securities and 90% equities. As a result of tactical asset allocation, the equity component of the Sub-fund will fluctuate within a 20% bandwidth. This bandwidth applies to both potential overweight and underweight positions.

The Sub-fund is actively managed to invest in financial instruments with an attractive risk and return profile according to a systematic investment process, while maintaining deviation limits relative to the index. Therefore, the composition of the Sub-fund's investments can materially deviate from that of the index. The index represents the investment universe. The Sub-fund may invest in financial instruments that are not part of the index.

The Sub-fund will primarily invest 90% globally in equities, broadly defined to include claims, profit and founder's shares, as well as options, warrants for the acquisition or disposal of such securities, and other similar securities, along with other equity-like values and financial instruments with comparable risk and return characteristics. The investments are globally diversified across regions, countries, and sectors. The exact weighting of equities in the portfolio within the specified range depends on the manager's view and the resulting tactical asset allocation, and is therefore not constant.

Additionally, the Sub-fund will primarily invest 10% in fixed-income securities. The Sub-fund will pursue a combination within a broad spectrum of interest-related instruments. The Sub-fund may invest in, among other things, government bonds, corporate bonds, convertible bonds, so-called asset-backed securities, and money market instruments. These instruments can be denominated in both developed and emerging market currencies.

The Sub-fund promotes ecological and/or social characteristics as described in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, which may be amended or supplemented from time to time).

The Sub-fund applies stewardship as well as an ESG integration approach and exclusion criteria concerning various activities. Additional information can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund takes into account the principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors primarily through stewardship. Information regarding the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors can be found in the prospectus.

The Sub-fund has the ability to hold investments both directly and indirectly—by gaining exposure to the relevant financial instruments via derivatives or investments in other investment funds.

The Sub-fund can use derivatives such as options, futures, warrants, swaps, and currency forward transactions. These can be applied for hedging risks and efficient portfolio management. The use of derivatives may result in leverage, increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements. When using derivatives, it is ensured that the portfolio as a whole remains within the investment restrictions. The risk profile associated with the type of investor targeted by the Sub-fund does not change due to the use of these instruments.

In addition to the above, the following applies to the investment policy of the Fund:

- the assets can be invested in both euros and foreign currencies;
- if deemed necessary by the manager, risks such as currency risks can be hedged against the index;
- insofar as the assets are not invested in the aforementioned financial instruments, there is the possibility to invest the assets in certain money market instruments (for example, certificates of deposit and commercial paper), money market funds, or to hold them in the form of liquid assets;
- additional income can be generated through repurchase agreements ("repos") and lending transactions (lending securities from the investment portfolio);
- in accordance with the leverage provisions in the prospectus, the maximum expected level of gross leverage (sum of the nominal values) of the Sub-fund is 100%, and the maximum expected level of net leverage (commitment method) is 100%;
- the global exposure of this Sub-fund is determined according to the relative Value-at-Risk method;
- the manager of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is authorized to enter into short-term loans on behalf of the Sub-fund as a debtor;
- transactions with affiliated parties will take place on market terms;
- the Sub-fund invests, in line with its investment policy, globally in financial instruments via stock exchanges with approved counterparties by the manager. The major stock markets are located worldwide. Examples include New York, London, and Tokyo.

2.6 Dividend policy

The Sub-fund pursues an active dividend policy aimed at distributing the profit for each financial year no later than 8 months after the end of the financial year. Management may consider paying interim dividends or distributing more than the annual profit. The amount and frequency of distributions may vary from year to year and may be zero. Distributions may vary per Share Class as well as the payment method of the distribution.

2.7 Index

Bloomberg Barclays Euro-Aggregate (10%) and the MSCI AC World (NR) (90%).

2.8 Outsourcing

Outsourcing of fund accounting

The manager of the Fund has outsourced the accounting function to The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV. This outsourcing relates to, among others, the calculation of the net asset value, maintaining accounting records and processing of and executing payments. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of these services.

Outsourcing of financial reporting

The manager of the Fund, has outsourced the preparation of multiple financial reports, including the (semi-)annual reports of the Dutch GSAM BV funds, to DM Financial Netherlands B.V. The manager remains ultimately responsible for the quality and continuity of all financial reports.

2.9 Structure

The Fund is an open-end investment company with variable capital as described in Article 76a of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Except in special circumstances, the Fund may in principle issue or redeem shares on any business day.

The Fund is an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ('UCITS') within the meaning of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ('Wet op het financieel toezicht', also referred to as 'Wft'). GSAM BV acts as manager of the Fund as defined in Section 1:1 of the Wft and in that capacity holds a license as defined in Section 2:69b(1), preamble and part (a) of the Wft from the AFM.

The Fund has an umbrella structure, which means that the ordinary shares are divided into various series of shares, with each series of shares corresponding to a separate Sub-fund. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets held by the individual Sub-funds.

A Sub-fund is a segregated part of the capital of the Fund for which a separate investment policy is pursued. The Wft states that all standards directed in whole or in part towards the Fund are also applicable to the Sub-funds. The part of the assets of the Sub-fund to be paid into, or allocated to, each Fund is invested separately in accordance with a specific investment policy. Both gains and losses in the investment portfolio of a Sub-fund are credited or charged to the relevant Sub-fund.

The capital of a Sub-fund is segregated and subject to a statutory priority arrangement. Consequently, the assets of a Sub-fund may only be used to pay liabilities connected to the management and safe-keeping of the Sub-fund and the shares in that Sub-fund.

A Sub-fund is divided into one or more Share Classes. The Share Classes within the Sub-fund may differ in terms of cost and fee structure, the minimum amount of initial investment, demands on the quality of the investors, the currency in which the net asset value is expressed, etc.

Summary of the main characteristics per Share Class at 30-06-2024

Share Class P	
Investor type	This is a listed Share Class intended for private (non-professional) investors.
Legal Name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL) - P
Commercial name	Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL)
Trading symbol	GSDM5
ISIN code	NL0000293181
Management fee	0.60%
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	0.15%
Subscription and redemption fee	
Subscription fee	0.06%
Redemption fee	0.05%
Maximum subscription fee	0.40%
Maximum redemption fee	0.40%

Fees

Management fee

An annual management fee is charged to the Share Class, which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis by using the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of every day.

Fixed Miscellaneous Fee

In addition to the management fee, other costs are charged to the Share Class. These costs are charged through a fixed annual fee, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee ('Vaste Overige Kostenvergoeding'), which is calculated pro-rata on a daily basis on the total assets of the Share Class at the end of each day.

Other costs

Other costs may be charged to the Share Class. These costs, if applicable, are further explained in the notes to the respective Share Class as included in the financial statements.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fee charged to shareholders upon the purchase or sale of shares in the Sub-fund. The fee is calculated as a percentage markup or markdown on the net asset value per share, serves to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficial to the Sub-fund.

The actual percentage of the subscription and redemption fee can fluctuate and is published on the manager's website. This percentage may be changed without prior notice if the manager deems it necessary to protect the existing shareholders of the Sub-fund.

Maximum subscription and redemption fee

For transparency reasons, the manager has set a maximum percentage of the net asset value of the shares for the subscription and redemption fee. In exceptional market conditions, at the discretion of the manager, the manager may, in the interest of the existing investors of the Sub-fund, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the manager may, in the interest of the existing shareholders, apply a higher percentage than the maximum percentage applicable to the Sub-fund at that time. In addition, the sub-fund at that time in the event of exceptionally large orders to buy and sell shares in the Sub-fund, to compensate for the related additional transaction costs.

2.10 Tax aspects

The Sub-fund is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V., which has the status of a fiscal investment institution (FBI) as defined in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. The Fund is established to meet the conditions of a fiscal investment institution as referred to in Article 28 of the Corporate Income Tax Act 1969. A fiscal investment institution is subject to the special corporate income tax rate of 0%. If the Fund does not meet the conditions, the status of fiscal investment institution will generally be revoked retroactively to the beginning of the year, and the Fund will become subject to normal corporate income tax. The manager ensures, to the extent possible, that the Fund continues to comply with the conditions set forth in the law and in the Investment Institution Decree.

One of the key conditions is that the Sub-fund must distribute the distributable profit to the shareholders within eight months after the end of the financial year (distribution obligation). A positive balance of capital gains on securities and a positive balance related to the disposal of other investments (both realized and unrealized), after deducting a proportional share of the costs associated with the management of the investments, is added to the so-called reinvestment reserve and does not fall under the distribution obligation. Additionally, under certain conditions, the Sub-fund can form a rounding reserve of up to 1% of the paid-up capital, which can partially suspend the distribution obligation.

The Fund generally withholds 15% dividend tax on profit distributions. Under certain circumstances, a distribution from the reinvestment reserve may take place without withholding dividend tax. It may also occur that the Fund needs to subject share repurchases to dividend tax. Additionally, under certain circumstances, the Fund may elect to withhold dividend tax on the repurchase of shares from its shareholders.

When the Fund is required to withhold dividend tax, it may, under certain circumstances, apply a reduction to the portion that actually needs to be remitted to the tax authorities (reduction of remittance). The amount of the reduction of remittance is determined by the Dutch dividend tax and foreign withholding tax withheld from the Fund (up to a maximum of 15%). Regarding the applicable reduction of remittance related to the withheld foreign withholding tax, there is a limitation for Dutch legal entities exempt from corporate income tax participating in the Fund, and for foreign entities participating in the Fund that are entitled to a refund of Dutch dividend tax under Dutch law or a treaty or agreement for the avoidance of double taxation.

2.11 Fund Agent

The Fund has agreed with ING Bank N.V. that the latter company will act as Fund Agent. The Fund Agent is responsible for the evaluation and the acceptance of the buy and sell orders as entered in the exchange order book with regard to Share Class P of each Sub-fund, subject to the conditions as stated in the prospectus.

The Fund Agent will only accept orders which fulfil the following conditions:

- 1) Orders must be entered on the basis of a standard market settlement deadline.
- 2) Orders must be entered by another party affiliated with Euroclear Nederland.

Once the order book has been closed, the Fund Agent will transmit all buy and sell orders relating to Share Class P of each Sub-fund to the Fund via the Transfer Agent. The transaction price at which these buy and sell orders are executed on the following business day is supplied to Euronext Amsterdam by NYSE Euronext by the manager, via the Fund Agent.

2.12 Depositary of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V.

The assets of the Fund are in the safe-keeping of The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Amsterdam branch, as the depositary of the Fund (the 'depositary').

The shareholders' equity of the depositary amounts to at least EUR 730,000.

The manager and depositary of the Fund have entered into a written agreement relating to management and depositary services. The main elements of this agreement are the following:

- The depositary ensures that the cash flows of the Fund are properly controlled and in particular that all payments by or on behalf of investors during the subscription for shares have been received and that all cash of the Fund has been recorded in cash accounts in the name of the Fund or in the name of the depositary acting on behalf of the Fund, opened with (in principle) an entity as described in Article 18(1)(a), (b) and (c) of European Directive 2006/73/EC (a credit institution or a bank authorized in a third country).
- The assets of the Fund consisting of financial instruments are entrusted to the depositary. The depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be registered on a financial instruments account in the books of the depositary, on separate accounts in the name of the Fund. In addition, the depositary holds in safe-keeping all financial instruments that can be physically delivered to the depositary.
- For the other assets of the Fund, the depositary determines whether the Fund is the owner of these assets based on information or documents provided by the manager or based on other external evidence. The depositary keeps a register for these other assets.
- The depositary ensures that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares in the Fund take place in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary ensures that the value of the shares in the Fund is calculated in accordance with Dutch law, the Articles of Association of the Fund and the relevant procedures.
- The depositary carries out the instructions of the manager, unless they conflict with Dutch law or the Articles of Association of the Fund.
- The depositary ensures that the equivalent value of the transactions involving the assets of the Fund is transferred to the Fund by the usual deadlines.
- The depositary ensures that the income of the Fund is allocated in accordance with Dutch law and the Articles of Association of the Fund.

In the context of depositary services, the depositary acts in the interests of the Fund as well as the investors in the Fund.

2.13 Principal risks and uncertainties

Investing in the Sub-fund entails financial opportunities as well as financial risks. The value of investments can both rise and fall, and shareholders of the Sub-fund may receive less than they invested. Diversification of investments is expected to have a mitigating effect on these risks.

A comprehensive overview of the risks, categorized as 'high, medium, and low' risks, associated with the Sub-fund is provided in the prospectus. In the event of new regulations regarding risk management, additional information will be included. The main risks faced by the Sub-fund are:

Market risk

The Sub-fund is sensitive to changes in the value of investments due to fluctuations in prices in financial markets such as equities or fixed-income markets (market risk). Additionally, prices of individual instruments in which the Sub-fund invests may also fluctuate. If the Sub-fund utilizes derivatives as described under "Investment Policy," these may be employed for both hedging risks and efficient portfolio management. This may involve leveraging, thereby increasing the Sub-fund's sensitivity to market movements.

To mitigate market risks, investments are diversified across various countries, sectors, and/or companies. An overview of the portfolio composition as of each balance sheet date is provided in the Composition of Investments.

Interest rate risk

When investing in fixed-income securities, interest rate risk is incurred. This risk occurs when the interest rate of a security fluctuates. When interest rates decrease, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities increases. Conversely, when interest rates rise, the general expectation is that the value of fixed-income securities decreases.

Currency risk

If investments can be made in securities denominated in currencies other than the currency in which the Sub-fund is denominated, currency fluctuations can have both positive and negative effects on the investment result.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks may arise when a particular underlying investment is difficult to sell. Since the Sub-fund may invest in illiquid securities, there is a risk that the Sub-fund may not have the ability to release financial resources that may be needed to meet certain obligations.

During the reporting period, there were no issues regarding liquidity. The available cash of the Sub-fund was sufficient to manage the inflow and outflow of capital during the reporting period. It is expected that this will also be the case in the upcoming reporting period.

Credit risk

Investors should be fully aware that every investment carries credit risks. Bonds and debt instruments entail actual credit risk on the issuer. This risk can be measured based on the issuer's credit rating. Bonds and debt instruments issued by lower-rated issuers typically carry higher credit risk and a greater chance of default than those issued by higher-rated issuers. If the issuer of bonds or debt instruments encounters financial or economic difficulties, leading to an increase in credit risk and likely downgrade of the rating, it can affect the value of the bonds or debt instruments (which may lose their value entirely).

Fraud risks and corruption

Fraud is any intentional act or omission to mislead others, causing loss to the victim and/or profit to the perpetrator. Corruption is the misuse of entrusted power for personal gain, including bribery. The lack of controls in the payment process increases the likelihood and therefore creates the opportunity for fraud.

The asset management industry is characterized by the management of third party assets, which is quite extensive in its entirety. Having access to these assets increases GSAM BV's inherent fraud and corruption risk profile. To manage this risk, GSAM BV conducts an annual fraud and corruption risk assessment to determine the identification, exposure to and management of these risks. GSAM BV concludes in its annual risk assessment that there are no high residual risks in the context of fraud and corruption. The main inherent risks identified by GSAM BV in the annual risk assessment are the following:

- Cyber risks;
- Unauthorized withdrawal of funds;
- Fraudulent invoices;
- Insider trading risk;
- Bribery.

The following measures have been taken to mitigate these inherent risks:

<u>Cyber risks</u>, cyber risk is recognized as a collective term which, knowingly (e.g. ransomware) or unknowingly (e.g. hack), can lead to a withdrawal of assets. The range of techniques that a malicious person can use is extensive. That is why it is important for GSAM BV to be aware of these techniques and to test its own environment accordingly. The measures taken are inspired by the NIST cyber security framework of protect, detect, respond, recover and identify and are evaluated annually on the basis of the Cyber Security Risk Assessment.

<u>Unauthorized withdrawal of funds</u>, is prevented by having authorization limits and a four (or more) eyes principles, whereby modern techniques such as 2 factor authentication are required.

<u>Fraudulent invoices</u>, the payment of invoices at the expense of an investment fund is only permitted if this corresponds with the prospectus. The beneficiary as well as the correctness of the amounts charged are often verifiable, through a link with the assets. Invoices must be assessed and approved in advance by budget holders, in accordance with the procuration policy. Within this process, a separation of functions has been made between ordering, entering and approval.

<u>Insider trading risk</u>, involves misusing information for personal gain, or having orders executed in such a way that self-enrichment can be achieved at the expense of the fund. The measures taken to prevent this are diverse, including best execution review, mandatory periodic reporting on personal investment portfolios, education in the form of mandatory training and pre-employment screening.

<u>Bribery</u> involves having a tender being influenced by, for example, bribes, dinners, travel and gifts. To mitigate this, GSAM BV has a strict policy, whereby anything with a value of more than fifty euros may not be accepted. Furthermore, in the context of broker execution, price and quality assessments are carried out periodically, the outcome of which is indicative of the extent to which orders are allocated to these brokers.

The residual risk, following from the risks described above, are determined by GSAM BV as 'medium' and are accepted through a formal risk acceptance, or at the level of the foreign GSAM BV entities.

Furthermore, there is a clear legal and operational separation between the asset manager, the external administrator, the fund and the custodian. This segregation of duties has an important preventive effect on the risk of fraud and corruption.

The beforementioned control measures are part of a larger control framework, of which various parts are periodically assessed by an external auditor via the GSAM BV ISAE 3402 report. Furthermore, GSAM BV applies the 3-lines of defense mechanism, in which risk management and internal audit continuously test and monitor the effectiveness of the administrative organization and internal control. GSAM BV also applies various soft controls, such as tone at the top, e-learnings, code of ethics and a whistleblower policy.

Sustainability risks

Sustainability risks can represent their own risk or influence other risks and contribute to general risks, such as market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks or operational risks. Sustainability risks may have a negative impact on the Sub-fund's return.

The sustainability risks to which the Sub-fund may be exposed include, for example:

- Climate change
- Health & safety
- Business conduct

The assessment of sustainability risks, as defined in Article 2(22) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (on sustainability disclosures in the financial services sector, which Regulation may be amended or supplemented from time to time), is integrated into the investment decision process by application of Sub-fund-specific criteria for responsible investing and, where applicable, integration of relevant environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors.

The Sub-fund primarily invests in liquid assets, which means that the mentioned sustainability risks are incorporated into the valuation of the investments.

Issuer default risk

In addition to general trends in the financial markets, specific developments related to the issuer can also impact the value of an investment. Even careful security selection, for example, cannot eliminate the risk of loss due to a decline in value of the issuer's assets. The use of credit derivatives, if mentioned in the investment policy of the Fund, may entail credit risk.

2.14 Developments during the reporting period

2.14.1 General financial and economic developments in 2024

Economic Context

Recession fears continued to moderate at the start of 2024, as the US economy showed resilience despite significant rate hikes in 2022 and 1H 2023. A tight labor market, positive real wage growth, and strong equity markets supported consumer cash flows and balance sheets in the first quarter of 2024, leading to strong consumption. While US inflation prints were higher than expected in January and February, the US Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) signaled confidence in March that disinflation would restart and recent elevated releases would prove temporary. In 2Q 2024, continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, strong earnings growth, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported positive momentum in risk assets. The disinflationary process also restarted, following higher than expected prints in 1Q 2024. US Core PCE (Personal Consumption Expenditures Price Index, Excluding Food and Energy) averaged 0.17% in April and May versus average reading of 0.37% in 1Q 2024.

While a slowdown in private consumption was notable in 2Q 2024, some moderation was arguably welcomed to achieve the US Federal Reserve's 2% inflation target. Any further moderation in consumption, however, could be a concern for policymakers and market participants, and renew fears of a recession. The rebalancing of the US labor market is somewhat similar. After strong data at the start of the year, the number of non-farm jobs added in April moderated to 175k versus an average of 235k in 1Q 2024. This was the lowest print in six months, and slower job growth helped allay fears that the economy was overheating, boosting expectations that interest rate cuts would still occur this year. The job openings rate for May rose to 4.9% from 4.8% in April. At its post pandemic peak, the job openings rate was at 7.4%. Like the consumption slowdown, further moderation in the US jobs opening rate could be reaching an inflection point where further rebalancing may not be encouraging news.

Outside of the US, growth momentum continued to improve albeit from weak levels, especially in Europe. Euro area 1Q 2024 GDP came in at 1.3% q/q annualized following 0.25% q/q annualized in 4Q 2023. Similarly, the UK economy expanded at a pace of 2.9% q/q annualized in 1Q 2024 after contracting at -0.9% annualized pace in 2H 2023. Chinese 1Q GDP surprised to the upside, with a reading of 5.3% y/y versus consensus expectation of 4.8% y/y.

Monetary Policy

The Federal Reserve tilted hawkish at the start of 2024 as inflation surprised to the upside and the strong economy gave US policymakers the option to be patient with the onset of the easing cycle. In May, the risk of renewed rate hikes was reduced due to moderation in US core services inflation and a downward revision of 1Q GDP, which came in at 1.2% q/q annualized versus 1.6% initially reported. In June, the Fed revised its median dot plot projection, which now suggests one 25bps rate cut this year, reduced from three projected in March. There's still a possibility that the Fed may implement two rate cuts in the second half of 2024. Fed Chair Jerome Powell noted during the June press conference that cuts totaling 25bps vs 50bps in 2024 was a close call for many participants.

The FOMC's dual mandate of inflation and labor market looks more two-sided now compared with a year ago when it was squarely focused on inflation. Going forward, the FOMC aims to stabilize the unemployment rate around the current level of 4% and bring inflation down to 2%. Therefore, the timing and magnitude of further policy rate calibration becomes crucial. Easing too soon could reignite inflationary pressures; waiting too long could break the labor market. The potential uncertainty from the upcoming US presidential election further complicates the overall economic outlook.

Elsewhere, the Swiss National Bank surprised markets in March and cut policy rates by 25bps, becoming the first G10 central bank to start its easing cycle. The European Central Bank and the Bank of Canada started their respective easing cycles in June, both cutting by 25bps. In terms of forward guidance, both central banks have suggested that further rate cuts are likely if the data evolves in line with expectations. In the UK, Bank of England leaned dovish, but did not ease policy in June. It noted that the decision to leave rates unchanged was finely balanced and recent strength in services inflation were largely driven by volatile components. The market interpretation was that the bank may be ready to begin easing in August.

On the geopolitical front, markets encountered increased uncertainty in Europe as French President Emmanuel Macron dissolved parliament and called snap parliamentary elections, scheduled for June 30 and July 7, after his party's defeat in the EU parliamentary elections. As a result, the market priced in a higher geopolitical risk premium in European assets leading to underperformance of European assets versus peers. In Asia, the Bank of Japan (BoJ) decided to end its negative interest rate policy at its March meeting.

Bond Markets

Bond yields went higher at the start of 2024 as recession fears continued to ease and the US inflation surprised to the upside. The US 10y yield went up by 35bps to 4.2% in 1Q 2024, following a decline of 70bps in 4Q 2023. Yields were modestly higher in 2Q 2024, with the 10y yield up by 15bps. However, the increase largely happened in April after strong labor market and inflation data leading to the 10y yield moving from 4.2% to 4.7%. Subsequently, as inflation and activity data moderated, the 10y yield declined 35bps in May and June.

In Germany and the UK, 10y yields were up 25bps each in 2Q 2024. Strong 1Q GDP releases along with somewhat stickier inflation and wage data in Europe led to higher yields. In France, the 10y yield was 55bps in 2Q as the market priced in a higher term premium given increased political uncertainty. As a result, the French-German 10y spread widened from 50bps to 80bps by the end of the quarter, the highest level since the European debt crisis in 2011-12. At the short end, the US 2y yield went up by 10bps, leaving the 2s10s curve inverted around -40bps. In Asia, May marked the first time since 2012 that the 10y Japanese government bond yield had been above 1%, a major milestone with the markets pricing in a more hawkish stance from the BoJ over the rest of the year.

Commodities generally delivered strong returns in 1H 2024 with oil (WTI) and copper up by 15% and 13%, respectively. Gold and silver rallied by 13% and 22%. Within currencies, the USD continued its strong performance and was up 2.6% in 2Q, following a gain 1.8% in 1Q. Moderating but still healthy growth, high carry, and political uncertainty in France and Mexico helped USD rally on a trade-weighted basis. JPY was one of the worst performing major currencies, down 6% versus the USD. Negative carry on JPY versus most currencies and a positive environment for pro-risk assets weighed on JPY. GBP was flat whereas EUR was down 0.8% versus the USD. A few notable outliers were AUD, which rallied 2.2% versus the USD, benefitting from relatively hawkish central bank policy given elevated inflation, risk on backdrop, and higher metal prices. MXN, on the others hand, was down 9% versus the USD. A landslide victory of the incumbent party in the Mexican presidential election in May sparked fears of higher fiscal spending with fewer checks and balances coupled with a tail risk of the new government's interference in monetary policy. Since then, attempts by newly elected President Claudia Sheinbaum to calm markets have led to some stabilization in MXN.

Equity Markets

Equities started 2024 on a strong footing with significant gains in 1Q 2024 following a strong end to 2023, with several equity indices reaching all-time highs. Continued signs of improvement in global manufacturing indicators, a resilient US economy, and expectations of policy easing by major central banks supported risk appetite. In 2Q global developed market equities (MSCI World) and emerging market equities (MSCI EM) were up by 3.2% and 6.4%, respectively, following gains of 10% and 4.5% in 1Q. Within developed market equities, US equities outperformed their peers with a gain of 4.5% in 2Q, whereas Japanese equities (TOPIX) were up by 1.7%. Euro area equities (EURO STOXX 50) were down by 1.3% following increased uncertainty in June due to the defeat of President Macron's party in the EU parliamentary election and subsequent call for a snap parliamentary election in France.

Among US sectors, the technology sector outperformed as it rallied 8.8%, followed by utilities, up 4.6%. Materials, industrials, and energy underperformed noticeably with a sell-off of 4.5%, 2.9%, and 2.7%, respectively. Ongoing divergence between mega-cap stocks and the rest remained visible over 2Q 2024. For example, the Magnificent 7 was up by another 16.9% in 2Q, which helped the S&P 500 post a third consecutive quarterly gain of 4.5%. There was weakness elsewhere, as the equal-weighted S&P 500 fell by -2.6%, and the small-cap Russell 2000 was down by 3.3%.

Elsewhere, China equities rallied at the start of 2024, outperforming most DM and EM equity markets, but retreated in June. Widely cited reasons for the pullback include profit-taking after a strong tail-risk compression rally, less-forcefulthan-expected property policy announcements against an improved policy expectation backdrop post the April Politburo meeting, resurfacing geopolitical risks regarding cross-strait relations, and sluggish earnings revision trends.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

3. SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2024

(For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024)

3.1 Balance sheet

Before appropriation of the result

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Investments			
Investment funds	3.5.1	139,096	128,824
Equity futures	3.5.3	173	218
Interest futures	3.5.4	259	494
Total investments		139,528	129,536
Receivables	3.5.7		
Receivable for investment transactio	ns	359	-
Receivable from shareholders		83	-
Other receivables		777	319
Total receivables		1,219	319
Other assets	3.5.8		
Cash and cash equivalents		1,346	684
Total other assets		1,346	684
Total assets		142,093	130,539
Net asset value	3.5.9		
Issued capital		556	574
Share premium		41,880	46,031
Other reserves		81,675	66,266
Undistributed result		16,030	17,188
Net asset value		140,141	130,059
Investments with negative market	value		
Equity futures	3.5.3	6	-
Interest futures	3.5.4	61	8
Total investments with negative m	arket value	67	8
Short term liabilities	3.5.10		
Payable to shareholders		-	363
Other short term liabilities		1,885	109
Total short term liabilities		1,885	472
Total liabilities		142,093	130,539

3.2 Profit and loss statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
OPERATING INCOME			
Income of investments	3.6.1		
Dividend		1,843	1,825
Interest from investments		-	14
Revaluation of investments			
Realized revaluation of investments		2,266	1,298
Unrealized revaluation of investments		12,323	7,686
Other results	3.6.2		
Foreign currency translation		7	-48
Interest other		31	2
Subscription and redemption fee		4	4
Other income		61	59
Total operating income		16,535	10,840
OPERATING EXPENSES	3.6.3		
Operating costs		505	469
Total operating expenses		505	469
Net result		16,030	10,371

3.3 Cashflow statement

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	Reference	2024	2023
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTI	VITIES		
Purchases of investments		-11,925	-24,298
Sales of investments		16,222	22,784
Dividend received		1,843	1,825
Interest on investments received		-	14
Other results		-366	-137
Operating costs paid		-508	-465
Total cashflow from investments activ	ities	5,266	-277
CASHFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVI	TIES		
Proceeds from subscriptions of shares		3,392	5,220
Payments for redemptions of shares		-8,007	-3,835
Subscription and redemption fee received	b	4	4
Total cashflow from financing activitie	S	-4,611	1,389
NET CASH FLOW		655	1,112
Foreign currency translation		7	-48
Change in cash and cash equivalents		662	1,064
Cash and cash equivalents opening bala	nce	684	1,744
Cash and cash equivalents closing ba	lance 3.5.8	1,346	2,808

3.4 Notes

3.4.1 General notes

The Sub-fund does not have any employees. GSAM BV, located in The Hague, is the manager of the Sub-fund. The Executive Board of the Fund is formed by GSAM BV.

The semi-annual financial statements are prepared under going concern principles and in accordance with the financial statement models for investment institutions as established by the legislator. The semi-annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with Title 9 Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Accounting Standard. Wording may be used that deviates from these models to better reflect the contents of the specific items. The 2024 semi-annual financial statement are prepared according to the same principles for the valuation of assets and liabilities, determination of results and cash flow statement as used for the 2023 annual financial statements.

Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL) is part of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is a variable capital investment company. Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. has its head office in The Hague, has its registered office in Amsterdam and is listed in the trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of The Hague.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is an open-end investment company structured as an umbrella fund, where the ordinary shares of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. are divided into various series, known as "Sub-funds", in which investments can be made separately. For further details, please refer to the "Structure" section in the Board of directors' report.

Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is the legal owner of the assets allocated to the individual Sub-funds. The semiannual report of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. is available on the website of the manager.

When preparing the semi-annual financial statements, the manager uses estimates and judgments that can be essential to the amounts included in the semi-annual financial statements. If deemed necessary, the nature of these estimates and judgments, including the associated assumptions, are included in the notes to the semi-annual financial statements.

The semi-annual financial statements have not been audited by an independent auditor.

The functional currency of the Sub-fund is the euro. The semi-annual financial statements are presented in thousands of euros, unless stated otherwise. Amounts in whole euros are denoted with a euro symbol (\in). The table below provides the key exchange rates relative to the euro.

Currency	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Australian Dollar	AUD	1.60482	1.61886
Brazilian Real	BRL	5.95307	5.36584
British Pound	GBP	0.84785	0.86651
Canadian Dollar	CAD	1.46657	1.45657
Chilean Peso	CLP	1,011.67125	964.65820
Chinese Renminbi (offshore)	CNH	7.82483	7.86560
Colombian Peso	COP	4,441.57930	4,279.34266
Czech Koruna	CZK	25.04600	24.68810
Danish Krone	DKK	7.45763	7.45444
Egyptian Pound	EGP	51.47713	34.16074
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	8.36771	8.62558
Hungarian Forint	HUF	394.93268	382.20861
Indian Rupee	INR	89.37225	91.92054

	Abbreviation	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Currency			
Indonesian Rupiah	IDR	17,550.24673	17,008.01178
Israeli Shekel	ILS	4.03760	3.97769
Japanese Yen	JPY	172.40506	155.73095
Kuwaiti Dinar	KWD	0.32875	0.33941
Malaysian Ringgit	MYR	5.05609	5.07578
Mexican Peso	MXN	19.59786	18.70638
New Zealand Dollar	NZD	1.75887	1.74464
Norwegian Krone	NOK	11.41172	11.21832
Philippine Peso	PHP	62.81538	61.16901
Polish Zloty	PLN	4.30862	4.34366
Qatari Rial	QAR	3.90228	4.02197
Russian Ruble	RUB	92.44029	98.75413
Saudi Riyal	SAR	4.02086	4.14237
Singapore Dollar	SGD	1.45254	1.45709
South African Rand	ZAR	19.57052	20.20094
South Korean Won	KRW	1,475.29247	1,422.65495
Swedish Krona	SEK	11.35021	11.13232
Swiss Franc	CHF	0.96312	0.92973
Taiwanese Dollar	TWD	34.76985	33.90169
Thai Baht	THB	39.33130	37.70383
Turkish Lira	TRY	35.13638	32.62419
UAE Dirham	AED	3.93662	4.05702
US Dollar	USD	1.07177	1.10463

3.4.2 Securities lending

The Sub-fund is allowed to engage in securities lending techniques to generate additional income. During the reporting period, the Sub-fund did not engage in securities lending.

3.5 Notes to the balance sheet

The presented movement schedules cover the period from 1 January through 30 June

3.5.1 Investment funds

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	128,824	115,259
Purchases	11,709	23,983
Sales	-16,044	-23,317
Revaluation	14,607	9,582
Closing balance	139,096	125,507

Overview of investment funds

The below table shows the investment funds in which the Sub-fund was invested at the end of the reporting period. The participation percentage included herein represents the interest in the respective Share Class of the investment fund in which the Sub-fund participates. The investment in Liquid Euro is held for cash management purposes.

At 30 June 2024

Name of the fund shares/pa	Number of articipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1,000
Enhanced Index Sustainable	4 000	0.004.04	00.4%	10.005
Paris Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,606	6,284.31	22.1%	10,095
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	2,296	1,043.70	0.5%	2,397
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	612,576	34.67	11.5%	21,239
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged	i) 177	4,187.46	0.5%	741
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	428,148	30.67	1.3%	13,132
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	51,065	196.18	7.0%	10,018
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	6,444	4,136.21	16.3%	26,654
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,492	5,075.89	6.4%	7,574
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	273	5,425.77	0.2%	1,481
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	910	7,632.77	3.8%	6,946
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EU	IR 340	14,199.54	2.3%	4,828
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	210	4,750.79	0.1%	998
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap EL	JR 2,333	497.73	0.2%	1,161
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	28	962,641.86	3.4%	26,954
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	163	7,762.82	1.0%	1,265
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	3,326	1,045.81	0.2%	3,478
Sovereign Bond Fund (NL) - Z	8,035	16.75	0.7%	135
Closing balance				139,096

At 31 December 2023

Name of the fund shares/part	lumber of icipations	Net asset value in €	Ownership- percentage	Value x € 1.000
Enhanced Index Sustainable				
Paris Aligned Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,592	5,586.83	22.1%	8,892
Euro Credit Fund (NL) - D	2,296	1,033.61	0.5%	2,373
Goldman Sachs Duurzaam Aandelen Fonds (NL) - Z	646,186	30.70	8.8%	19,840
Goldman Sachs Emerging Markets Hard Currency Sovereign Debt Optimised Index - I Cap EUR (hedged i)	177	4,180.00	0.6%	740
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund (NL) - Z	440,562	27.86	1.4%	12,273
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund A (NL) - Z	49,345	178.31	18.4%	8,799
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable North America Equity Fund (NL) - Z	7,011	3,625.17	14.6%	25,414
Goldman Sachs Enhanced Index Sustainable Pacific Equity Fund (NL) - Z	1,508	4,803.75	6.3%	7,246
Goldman Sachs Euro Sustainable Credit - I Cap EUR	273	5,387.30	0.2%	1,471
Goldman Sachs Europe Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - I Cap EUR	943	6,904.37	4.1%	6,511
Goldman Sachs Europe Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	358	12,631.33	2.6%	4,522
Goldman Sachs Green Bond - I Cap EUR	210	4,808.50	0.1%	1,010
Goldman Sachs Green Bond Short Duration - I Cap EUR	2,333	490.64	0.2%	1,145
Goldman Sachs North America Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity - Z Cap EUR	30	830,418.40	3.6%	24,913
Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond - I Cap EUR	163	7,970.36	1.1%	1,299
Liquid Euro - Zz Cap EUR	2,184	1,024.97	0.1%	2,239
Sovereign Bond Fund (NL) - Z	8,035	17.05	0.9%	137
Closing balance				128,824

3.5.2 Options purchased

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Paid premium	-	48
Revaluation	-	-48
Closing balance	-	-

3.5.3 Equity futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	218	454
Expiration	-537	267
Revaluation	486	-686
Closing balance	167	35

3.5.4 Interest futures

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	486	449
Expiration	216	-745
Revaluation	-504	136
Closing balance	198	-160

3.5.5 Collateral

To mitigate counterparty risk for the Sub-fund, a collateral arrangement with the counterparty can be established for certain assets. The Sub-fund must determine the value of the received collateral on a daily basis and verify if additional collateral needs to be exchanged.

The collateral is typically provided in the form of:

- Cash and cash equivalents, usually referred to as cash collateral;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by highly rated countries;
- Bonds issued or guaranteed by prominent issuers and for which there is a sufficiently liquid market. Bonds issued by financial sector issuers are excluded due to correlation risk; or
- Shares admitted to or traded on a regulated market, provided that these shares are included in a major index.

The Sub-fund must ensure that it is able to enforce its rights to the collateral if an event occurs that requires its exercise. Therefore, the collateral must be available at all times, either directly or through the mediation of a prominent financial institution or a wholly-owned subsidiary of that institution, so that the Sub-fund can immediately seize or liquidate the collateralized assets if the counterparty fails to meet its obligations.

The Sub-fund will ensure that the collateral received from transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions meets the following conditions:

- The collateralized assets received are valued at market prices. To mitigate the risk of the collateral's value held by a Sub-fund being lower than the claim on the counterparty, a conservative markdown policy is applied. This collateral haircut is applied to collateral received in relation to (i) OTC derivatives, (ii) securities lending, and (iii) repo transactions. A markdown is a reduction applied to the value of collateralized assets and aims to absorb the volatility in the value of the collateral between two margin calls or during the required time to liquidate the collateral. This process includes a liquidity element in terms of remaining maturity and a credit quality element in terms of the rating of the security. The markdown policy takes into account the characteristics of the asset class involved, including the creditworthiness of the collateral issuer, the volatility of collateral prices, and potential currency mismatches. Markdowns applied to cash, high-quality government bonds, and corporate bonds typically range between 0% to 15%, and markdowns on equities range from 10% to 15%. Regulation also requires an additional 8% markdown to be applied when the currency unit of the collateral, if the collateral is a bond, differs from the permitted currency units in the legal documentation for bilateral derivative transactions. In exceptional market conditions, a different markdown level may be applied. Under the agreement with the respective counterparty, which may or may not involve minimum booking amounts, it is intended that, for the purpose of the collateral haircut and if applicable, each received collateral is valued at an amount equal to or higher than the respective exposure of the counterparty:
- The received collateral for OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions must be sufficiently liquid so that they can be quickly sold at a price that deviates little from the pre-sale valuation;
- The collateralized assets are held by the Sub-fund's custodian or by a sub-custodian provided that the Subfund's custodian has transferred the custody of the collateral to such sub-custodian and that the custodian remains liable for the collateral if the sub-custodian loses it;
- Collateral received in the context of transactions in OTC derivatives, securities lending, and repo transactions cannot be sold or provided as security to a third party during the term of the agreement. However, received cash collateral can be reinvested.

3.5.6 Investments by marketability

Below is the breakdown of the investment portfolio by marketability:

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Exchange quoted	365	704
Other*	139,096	128,824
Closing balance	139,461	129,528

* This includes all investments that do not fall into the other categories. This may include, among others: units of participation in other investment institutions, commercial paper, deposits with credit institutions, and OTC derivatives.

3.5.7 Receivables

All receivables have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Receivable for investment transactions

These receivables arise due to the fact that there are a few days between the sale date and the receipt date of the payment for investment transactions.

Receivable from shareholders

This concerns amounts receivable from shareholders for subscription to shares.

Other receivables

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Withholding tax*	760	303
Other receivables	17	16
Closing balance	777	319

* Withholding tax receivables have a maturity of less than one year, but it can take longer to receive the amounts causing them to stay on the balance sheet for a longer period.

3.5.8 Other assets

Cash and cash equivalents

This concerns freely available bank accounts, including a margin account related to future contracts. For the duration of the future contracts, the margin account is not fully available for use. The balance of the margin account varies depending on changes in the underlying value.

3.5.9 Net Asset Value

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2024

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	574	574
Subscriptions	10	10
Redemptions	-28	-28
Closing balance	556	556
Share premium		
Opening balance	46,031	46,031
Subscriptions	3,465	3,465
Redemptions	-7,616	-7,616
Closing balance	41,880	41,880
Other reserves		
Opening balance	66,266	66,266
Transfer from Undistributed result	17,188	17,188
Dividend	-1,779	-1,779
Closing balance	81,675	81,675
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	17,188	17,188
Transfer to Other reserves	-17,188	-17,188
Net result for the period	16,030	16,030
Closing balance	16,030	16,030
Total net asset value	140,141	140,141

The nominal value per share at the end of the reporting period for all Share Classes of the Sub-fund is \in 0.20.

The share premium reserve is not freely distributable to shareholders for the part that is considered as a legal reserve.

For the period 1 January through 30 June 2023

Amounts x € 1,000	Class P	Total
Issued capital		
Opening balance	586	586
Subscriptions	24	24
Redemptions	-18	-18
Closing balance	592	592
Share premium		
Opening balance	48,711	48,711
Subscriptions	5,168	5,168
Redemptions	-3,861	-3,861
Closing balance	50,018	50,018
Other reserves		
Opening balance	89,745	89,745
Transfer from Undistributed result	-20,696	-20,696
Dividend	-2,783	-2,783
Closing balance	66,266	66,266
Undistributed result		
Opening balance	-20,696	-20,696
Transfer to Other reserves	20,696	20,696
Net result for the period	10,371	10,371
Closing balance	10,371	10,371
Total net asset value	127,247	127,247

3.5.10 Short term liabilities

All short term liabilities have a remaining maturity of less than one year.

Payable to shareholders

The concerns the amount payable for redemptions of shares.

Other short term liabilities

Amounts x € 1,000	30-06-2024	31-12-2023
Accrued expenses	106	109
Dividends payable	1,779	-
Closing balance	1,885	109

3.5.11 Off-balance sheet rights and obligations

At the reporting date, there are no off-balance sheet rights and obligations.

3.6 Notes of the profit and loss statement

3.6.1 Income of investments

Dividend

Dividend includes gross cash dividends net of non-recoverable foreign withholding.

Additionally, this may include the offsetting via tax credits of Dutch and foreign withholding tax, which is possible under the status of the Sub-fund as a fiscal investment institution as recognized by the Dutch tax authorities.

Interest

This relates to interest income from investments.

3.6.2 Other result

Foreign currency translation

This concerns the foreign currency translation result on other balance sheet items.

Interest other

This relates to the interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and margin account during the reporting period.

Subscription and redemption fee

This concerns the fees charged to shareholders for the subscription or redemption of shares in a Sub-fund. This fee is calculated as a percentage-based entry or exit fee on the net asset value per share to protect existing shareholders of the Sub-fund and is beneficiary to the Sub-fund.

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Subscription and redemption fee	4	4

The applicable subscriptions and redemption fees during the reporting period are included in the schedule below.

Subscription and redemption fee	Percentage	Applicable from	Valid through
Subscription fee	0.05%	1 January 2024	24 June 2024
	0.06%	24 June 2024	30 June 2024
Redemption fee	0.05%	1 January 2024	30 June 2024

Other income

Other income includes all income items that are not generated from investments. This also includes reimbursements of allocated costs related to investments in other investment funds. These allocated costs are included in the (un)realized revaluation of the underlying investment funds and are reimbursed for Share Classes with a Fixed Miscellaneous Fee, as these costs are already included in the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee of the respective Share Class.

3.6.3 Operating expenses

Operating costs

The operating costs consist of the management fee and the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee. These costs are further explained in the notes for each Share Class, included in this semi-annual report.

3.7 Other general notes

3.7.1 Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events.

3.8 Notes to Share Class P

3.8.1 Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Opening balance	130,059	118,346
Subscriptions	3,475	5,192
Redemptions	-7,644	-3,879
Dividend	-1,779	-2,783
	-5,948	-1,470
Investment income	1,843	1,839
Other results	103	17
Management fee	-404	-375
Other expenses	-101	-94
	1,441	1,387
Revaluation of investments	14,589	8,984
Closing balance	140,141	127,247

3.8.2 Net asset value

	30-06-2024	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Net asset value (x € 1,000)	140,141	130,059	118,346
Shares outstanding (number)	2,781,515	2,868,986	2,931,013
Net asset value per share (in €)	50.38	45.33	40.38

3.8.3 Performance

For the period 1 January through 30 June

	2024	2023	2022
Net performance Share Class (%)	12.55	8.78	-14.43
Performance of the index (%)	13.05	10.51	-13.05
Relative performance (%)	-0.50	-1.73	-1.38

3.8.4 Expenses

For the period 1 January through 30 June

Amounts x € 1,000	2024	2023
Management fee	404	375
Fixed Miscellaneous Fee	101	94
Total operating costs Share Class P	505	469

The management fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.60% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The Fixed Miscellaneous Fee for Share Class P of the Sub-fund is 0.15% per year, calculated on a daily basis over the total net asset value of the Share Class at the end of each day.

The fixed miscellaneous fee serves to compensate for regular and/or recurring expenses incurred by the Sub-fund, such as the costs of administration, reporting (also understood to include the costs of data provision and the processing and calculation of the financial data of the investment fund), the safe-keeping of the assets, the auditor, the supervision, any stock exchange listing, making payments, publications, shareholder meetings, legal proceedings including any class actions, fee sharing arrangements within the scope of securities lending, the costs of collateral management activities as well as external advisers and service providers, such as – where appropriate – the Fund Agent and Transfer Agent. Where applicable, the Fixed Miscellaneous Fee also includes costs included in the value of investment funds.

The Hague, 23 August 2024

Goldman Sachs Asset Management B.V.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

4.1 Statutory provisions regarding appropriation of results

According to Article 23 of the Articles of Association of Goldman Sachs Paraplufonds 2 N.V. the Executive Board decides for each type of shares what part of the balance will be allocated to the additional reserve maintained for the relevant type. After the aforementioned addition, a dividend, in so far as possible, is paid on the priority shares equal to six per cent (6%) of the nominal value of these shares. There is no further distribution of profit on the priority shares are shares. The remainder is distributed to the holders of ordinary shares of the relevant type, unless the general meeting decides otherwise.

If the aforementioned balance of income and expenses is negative, the amount is deducted from the additional reserve that is maintained for the relevant type of shares.

4.2 Management interest

The total personal interest in (the investments of) the Sub-fund (if applicable, including investments in GSAM BV funds in which participation occurred) in number of shares and option rights, or nominal value in bonds, held by the Board members at 30 June 2024 and 1 January 2024, is specified as follows:

	Туре	30-06-2024	1-1-2024
Aegon	Shares	15,000	15,000
Akzo Nobel	Shares	60	60
Goldman Sachs Dynamic Mix Fund V (NL) – P	Shares	2,636	2,636
ING Group	Shares	95	95
KPN	Shares	140	140
NN Group	Shares	1,491	100
NN Group*	Share plan account	4,064	3,571

* This is an online investment account where the deferred variable compensation of GSAM BV employees is administered. Under strict conditions, shares obtained from this online investment account can be traded.